ORDINANCE NO. 086-086

AN ORDINANCE OF THE TOWN OF ADDISON, TEXAS, AMENDING THE CODE OF ORDINANCES, TOWN OF ADDISON, TEXAS TO ADOPT THE UNIFORM FIRE CODE AND STANDARDS: TO PROVIDE DEFINITIONS: TO PROVIDE FOR ENFORCEMENT; TO ESTABLISH LIMITS OF DISTRICTS FOR STORAGE OF FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS. FOR STORAGE OF LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM GASES, AND FOR STORAGE OF EXPLOSIVES; TO PROVIDE FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF; TO PROVIDE FOR DELETIONS. AMENDMENTS AND ADDITIONS TO THE UNIFORM FIRE CODE AND STANDARDS; TO PROVIDE A BOARD OF APPEALS; TO MAKE UNLAWFUL THE CONTINUANCE OF A FIRE HAZARD; TO REQUIRE A PERMIT FOR AIRCRAFT LANDINGS OR TAKE-OFFS OR FOR DEMOLITION; TO PROVIDE FOR WIDTH AND MARKING OF FIRE LANES; TO PROVIDE TURNAROUNDS; TO PROVIDE AUTOMATIC FIRE EXTINGUISHING SYSTEMS; TO PROVIDE FOR STANDPIPES; TO PROVIDE FOR STANDPIPE REQUIREMENTS; TO PROVIDE FOR SPECIAL EGRESS CONTROL DEVICES; TO PROVIDE EXIT SIGNS; TO PROVIDE FOR LIQUID OR GAS FUELED EQUIPMENT; TO PROVIDE FOR FUEL OIL; TO PROHIBIT FIREWORKS; TO PROHIBIT ADULTS FROM AIDING MINORS IN SALE OF FIREWORKS; TO PROVIDE FOR MONITORING WELLS; TO PROVIDE FOR HAZARDOUS MATERIALS ROUTES; TO PROVIDE FOR AIRCRAFT LANDINGS AND TAKE-OFFS OTHER THAN AT APPROVED AIRPORTS OR AREAS; TO ADOPT APPENDICES; TO PROVIDE FOR DELETION FROM APPENDIX VI-B; TO PROVIDE FOR APPEALS; TO PROVIDE FOR NEW MATERIALS, PROCESSES OR OCCUPANCIES REQUIRING PERMITS; TO PROVIDE FOR PENALTIES; TO PROVIDE FOR REPEAL; TO PROVIDE FOR SEVERABILITY; AND TO PROVIDE AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF ADDISON,

TEXAS:

Section 1. That the code of ordinances, Town of Addison, Texas, is hereby amended to read as follows:

ARTICLE II. FIRE CODE

Sec. 6-16. Adoption of Uniform Fire Code and Standards. There is hereby adopted by the Town of Addison for the purpose of prescribing regulations governing conditions hazardous to life and property from fire or explosion, that certain Code and Standards known as the Uniform Fire Code, including Appendix Chapters (I-A: Life Safety Requirements for Existing Buildings; I-C: Stairway Identification; II-A: Suppression and Control of Hazardous Fire II-B: Protection of Flammable or Combustible Liquids in Tanks in Locations That May Be Flooded; II-D: Rifle Ranges; III-A: Test Procedures For Fire-Extinguishing Systems; III-B: Basement Pipe Inlets; III-C: Fire Alarm Systems; IV-A: Interior Floor Finish; V-A: Nationally Recognized Standards of Good Practice; VI-B: Model Citation Program; VI-C: Reference Tables From the Uniform Building Code; VI-D: Unit Conversion Tables, and the Uniform Fire Code Standards) published by the Western Fire Chiefs Association and the International Conference of Building Officials, being particularly the 1985 editions thereof and the whole thereof, save and except such portions as are hereinafter deleted, modified or amended by this ordinance, and the same are hereby adopted and incorporated as fully as if set out at length herein. From the date on which this ordinance shall take effect, the provisions thereof Publishing of the second

shall be controlling within the limits of the Town of Addison. A copy of the 1985 Uniform Fire Code and Standards have been and are now filed in the office of the City Secretary.

Sec. 6-17. Definitions

- (1) Administrator shall mean the city manager of the Town of Addison, or his designee.
- (2) Clerk shall mean the city secretary of the Town of Addison.
- (3) Code or "Uniform Fire Code" shall mean the 1985 edition of the Uniform Fire Code and Standards as described herein above at Sec. 6-16.
- (4) Executive body shall mean the city council of Addison, Texas.
- (5) Jurisdiction shall mean the Town of Addison.
- (6) City or Town shall mean the Town of Addison.
- (7) Aircraft means any aeroplane, airplane, gas bag, flying machine, balloon, any contrivance now known or hereafter invented, used or designed for navigation of or flight in the air, except a parachute or other contrivance used primarily as safety equipment.

Sec. 6-18. Enforcement

- (1) The Uniform Fire Code shall be enforced by the bureau of fire prevention in the fire department of the Town of Addison, which bureau is hereby established and which shall be operated under the supervision of the chief of the fire department.
- (2) The person in charge of the bureau of fire prevention, known as the fire marshal, shall be appointed by the fire chief on the basis of examination to determine his qualifications.
- (3) The chief of the fire department may detail such members of the fire department as inspectors as shall from time to time be necessary. The chief of the fire department shall recommend to the fire marshal the employment of technical inspectors, who, when such authorization is made shall be selected through an examination and shall be for an indefinite term with removal only for cause.

Sec. 6-19. Establishment of limits of districts in which storage of flammable or combustible liquids in outside aboveground tanks is prohibited.

The limits referred to in Section 79.501 of the Uniform Fire Code in which the storage of flammable or combustible liquids is restricted are hereby established as follows: Local Retail District, Commercial District, Residential District and Apartment District as defined by the Planning and Zoning Ordinance of the Town of Addison.

Sec. 6-20. Establishment of limits in which storage of liquefied petroleum gases is to be restricted.

The limits referred to in Section 82.105(a) of the Uniform Fire Code, in which storage of liquefied petroleum gas is restricted, are hereby established as follows: Residential District, Apartment District, Local Retail District and Commercial District as defined by Planning and Zoning Ordinance of the Town of Addison.

Sec. 6-21. Establishment of limits of districts in which storage of explosives and blasting agents is to be prohibited.

The limits referred to in Section 77.106(b) of the Uniform Fire Code, in which storage of explosives and blasting agents is prohibited, are hereby established as follows: Residential District, Apartment District, Local Retail District, Commercial District, Industrial I and Industrial II Districts as defined by the Planning and Zoning Ordinance of the Town of Addison.

Sec. 6-22. <u>Injunctive relief</u>.

In addition to and cumulative to all other penalties, the city shall have the right to seek injunctive relief for any and all violations of this article or the fire code.

Sec. 6-23. Deletions, amendments and additions.

The Uniform Fire Code, as adopted in this article, is hereby modified by the deletions, amendments and additions provided herein.

Sec. 6-24. Board of Appeals.

Section 2.302 of the Code is amended to read:

In order to determine the suitability of alternate materials and type of construction and to provide for reasonable interpretations of the provisions of this code, there shall be and hereby is created a Board of Appeals consisting of three (3) members of the City Council. The Fire Chief shall be an ex officio member and shall act as Secretary of the Board. The Board shall adopt reasonable rules and regulations for conducting its investigations and shall render all decisions and findings in writing to the Fire Chief with a duplicate copy to the appellant, and may recommend to the executive body such new legislation as is consistent therewith.

Sec. 6-25. Unlawful Continuance of a Fire Hazard.

Section 3.101 of the Code is amended to read:

Any person operating or maintaining any occupancy, premises or vehicle subject to this code who shall permit any fire hazard to exist on premises under his control or who shall fail to take immediate action to abate a fire hazard when ordered or notified in writing to do so by the chief or his duly authorized representative shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

The owner or owners of any building, vehicle or structure failing to comply with any provisions of this code, and the owner or owners of any premises wherein a violation of the provisions of this code occurs, and any occupant, tenant, agent, employee, person, firm or corporation associated therewith and who has assisted in the commission of any such violation, shall be guilty of a separate offense.

Sec. 6-26. Permit Required for Aircraft Landings or Take-Offs Other Than at Approved Airport or Area and for Demolition.

Article 4 of the Code is amended to add Section 4.101 to read:

A permit shall be obtained from the bureau of fire prevention prior to engaging in the following activities, operations, practices or functions:

2A. Aircraft landings or take offs other than at approved airport or area.

To land or take off any aircraft at any location other than at an approved airport or area. See Section 88.102 as amended.

12A. Demolition. The work of demolishing any building or structure shall be in accordance with Section 4409 of the Building Code. A permit from the fire department is required prior to commencement of any demolition work. Security for the demolition site may be required by the Fire Chief to prevent unauthorized entry to the job site.

Sec. 6-27. Width and Marking of Fire Lanes.

Section 10.207(e) of the Code is amended to read:

The minimum unobstructed width of a fire apparatus access road or Fire Lane shall be not less than 24 feet.

- (1) Fire Lanes shall be marked with a six (6) inch continuous red stripe. Striping shall be on the curb face where curb is available.
- (2) White, four(4) inch high lettering shall read:
 "NO PARKING-FIRE LANE"

This lettering shall be painted every fifteen (15) feet centered on the red stripe.

- (3) Color Specification: Bright Red Stripe White Letters.
- (4) Fire Lane markings are subject to the field inspection of the Addison Fire Department.

Sec. 6-28. Turnarounds

Section 10.207(h) of the Code is amended to read:

All dead-end fire apparatus access roads in excess of 100 feet in length shall be provided with approved provisions for the turning around of fire apparatus.

Sec. 6-29. Automatic Fire Extinguishing Systems.

Article 10 of the Code is amended to add Section 10.308(b)(5) to read:

In all buildings three (3) or more stories in height.

EXCEPTIONS - 1. When a building housing a Group R, Division l apartment house occupancy is designed in such a manner that all required exits open either directly to the outside or to exterior exit balconies, the automatic extinguishing system may be omitted. 2. The automatic extinguishing system may be omitted from an open parking garage which is not apart of a building containing other occupancies and when such a system is not required elsewhere in this code. 3. When one or more private garages or carports are located under a dwelling or apartment, the garages or carports are not to be considered a story when separated from the living area as required by Section 503 of the Building Code.

In all such buildings, the automatic extinguishing system must comply with the following:

- (a) Buildings less than 65 feet in height shall have hydraulically designed systems conforming to U.B.C. Standard No. 38-1. The system shall be equipped with monitored shut-off valves and flow switches on each floor. Such valves and switches shall be supervised by a continuously manned control station either in the building or at a remote location approved by the Fire Chief. Required standpipe systems shall be combined with the automatic extinguishing system as required by section 3805(f) of the Building Code.
- (b) Buildings 65 feet or more in height shall have a system that meets all requirements of Section 1807(c) of the Building Code as amended. Required standpipes shall be combined with the automatic extinguishing system as required by Section 3805(f) of the Building Code.

Sec. 6-30. Standpipes.

Article 10 of the Code is amended to add Section 10.311 to read:

- (1) General. A combined standpipe system is a system in which vertical riser piping supplies both the 2 1/2 inch outlets for the Fire Department use and, in addition, supplies an automatic fire extinguishing system. Design and installation shall be in accordance with U.B.C. Standard No. 38-2, unless otherwise stated in this section. Where a combined standpipe system is installed in accordance with this section, a separate dry standpipe system need not be installed.
- (2) When required. A combined standpipe system shall be required in all buildings when standpipe systems and sprinkler systems are both required by other sections of the code.

- (3) Location of Combined Standpipes. There shall be a combined standpipe riser within all required enclosed stairways or smokeproof enclosures and combined standpipe outlet connections at every floor level landing. This system shall have connections located as required for Class III standpipes in Section 10.311(e).
- (4) Detailed requirements for buildings 65 feet or more in height. Combined standpipe systems shall meet all requirements listed in this section, including those in (e), and U.B.C. Standard No. 38-2.
 - (5) Detailed requirements for buildings less than 65 feet in height.
- (a) Combined standpipe systems shall be installed and tested as required for dry standpipe systems in accordance with U.B.C. Standard No. 38-2.
- (b) Size. Combined standpipe systems shall be hydraulically designed in accordance with the criteria contained in U.B.C. Standard No. 38-1 to deliver the prescribed fire flow rates based on available or augmented supplies from approved sources, but in no case shall the risers be less than 4 inches in size.
- (c) Outlets. Combined standpipes shall be equipped with a 2 1/2 inch to 1 1/2 inch (N.S.T.) reducer and a cap with attachment chain. The outlet shall not be less than 2 feet nor more than 4 feet above the floor level of each story and shall also be installed in basements. All outlets shall be installed so that a 12 inch long wrench may be used in connecting hose with wrench clearance on all sides of the outlets. Outlets in stairway enclosures or smokeproof enclosures shall be so located that the exit doors do not interfere with the use of the outlet. A two-way 2 1/2 inch outlet shall be required above the roof line when the roof has a pitch of less than 4 inches in 12 inches. Roof outlets need not be provided with hose. In areas subject to freezing, roof outlets shall be protected from freezing.
- (d) Fire Department Inlet Connections. The system shall be equipped with Fire Department Inlet Connections sized to accept no less than the minimum requirements of the automatic fire pump demand rated at 250 GPM per inlet connection. The Fire Department Inlet Connection shall be located on a street front not less than 18 inches nor more than 4 feet above grade and shall be equipped with an approved straightway check valve and substantial plug or cap.
- (e) Water Supply. The water supply shall be sufficient to satisfy the required demand of the fire extinguishing system.
- (f) Fire Pumps. Fire pumps shall be approved and shall deliver not less than the required fire flow and pressure. Such pumps shall be supplied with adequate power source and shall be automatic in operation.
- (g) Signs. Inlet hose connections shall be designated by a sign having raised letters at least 1 inch high, cast on a plate or fitting, reading "COMBINATION STANDPIPE AND AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER."

TABLE NO. 10.311 - STANDPIPE REQUIREMENTS

Table No. 10.311 of the Uniform Fire Code is amended by revising the column titled "Sprinklered Buildings" in two places. For Occupancy No. 2 the wording in the "Standpipe Class" sub-column shall be changed to read "Combined". For Occupancy No. 4 the "Hose Requirement" sub-column shall be changed to read "No requirement".

Sec. 6-31. Special Egress Control Devices

Article 12 of the Code is amended by adding Section 12.104 (b) (3) to read:

When approved by the building official, and the Fire Chief, exit doors in Group B, Division 2 Occupancies may be equipped with approved listed special egress control devices of the time-delay type, provided the building is protected throughout by an approved automatic sprinkler system and an approved automatic smoke detection system. Such devices shall conform to all of the following:

- 1. Automatically deactivate the egress control device upon activation of the sprinkler system detection system, or other alarm devices.
- 2. Automatically deactivate the egress control device upon loss of electrical power to any one of the following:
 - A. The egress control device.
 - B. The smoke detection system or other alarm device.
 - C. Exit illumination as required by Section 3313 of the Uniform Building Code.
 - D. The Automatic Fire Sprinkler System.
- 3. Be capable of being deactivated by a signal from a switch in a location approved by the Fire Chief.
- 4. Initiate an irreversible process which will deactivate the egress control device whenever a manual force of not more than 15 pounds is applied for two seconds to the panic bar or other approved door latching hardware. The egress control device shall deactivate within an approved time period not to exceed a total of 15 seconds. The time-delay established for each egress control device shall not be field adjustable.
- 5. Actuation of the panic bar or other door latching hardware shall immediately activate an audible signal at the door.
 - 6. The unlatching shall not require more than one operation.

A sign shall be provided on the door located above and within 12 inches of the panic bar or other approved door latching hardware reading:

KEEP PUSHING. THIS DOOR WILL OPEN IN______SECONDS. ALARM WILL SOUND.

Sign letters shall be at least 1 inch in height and shall have a stroke of not less than 1/8 inch.

Regardless of the means of deactivation, relocking of the egress control device shall be by manual means only at the door.

Sec. 6-32. Exit Signs for Group R, Division 1 Occupancies.

Article 12 of the Code is amended to add Section 12.114(e) to read:

Contrasting reflective, or contrasting luminous (but not necessarily illuminated) exit signs are required at the bottom of the hallway side of exit enclosure doors in Group R, Division 1 occupancies. The lettering of the sign shall be of the size specified in Section 12.114(b), and the sign must be located so that the bottom of the sign is no more than 6 inches from the bottom of the door. The design and construction of such signs must be approved by the Fire Chief.

Sec. 6-33. Liquid or Gas Fueled Equipment.

Article 25 of the Code is amended to add Sec. 25.118 to read:

Liquid or Gas fueled equipment or vehicle on display in any place of assembly shall comply with Article 35, Covered Mall Buildings Section 35.103(d)

Sec. 6-34. Fuel 0il.

Section 61.105 of the Code is amended to read:

- (1) The fuel oil used in a burner shall be that for which the burner is approved and as stipulated by the manufacturer.
- (2) Crankcase oil or any oil containing gasoline or any blended highly flammable, combustible or toxic substance which when burned may create a fire or health hazard is prohibited.
- (3) All records of fuel oil delivery shall be maintained on the premises and be made readily available for inspection at all normal hours of operation.

Sec. 6-35. Manufacturing, Sale and Discharge of Fireworks Prohibited.

Section 78.102(a) of the Code is amended to read:

(a) The manufacture, sale, and discharge of fireworks within the Town of Addison is prohibited.

Sec. 6-36. Adult Aiding a Minor in Sale, Possession or Use of Fireworks Prohibited.

Article 78 of the Code is amended by adding Section 78.107 to read:

It shall be unlawful for any parent, guardian or other adult to encourage, act in conjuction with or in any manner instigate or aid a minor in the act of selling or offering for sale, possessing or discharging fireworks within the Town of Addison. Such encouragement, act or instigation shall be deemed a separate offense, regardless of whether or not the minor has been found guilty of the offense. The commission of the offense by the minor on the property under the control or owned by any relation in ascending line of the minor or guardian of the minor shall be prima facie evidence that the relation or guardian was instigating or aiding the minor.

Sec. 6-37. Monitoring Wells.

Article 79 of the Code is amended by adding Section 79.601(f) to read:

Approved monitoring wells shall be provided in designated locations for all new underground tank installations and for existing locations when required by the Fire Chief. The number of wells required shall depend upon the number and size of underground tanks and the soil conditions.

Sec. 6-38. <u>Hazardous Materials Route</u>.

Article 80 of the Code is amended by adding Section 80.112 to read:

A Hazardous Materials Route shall be designated by the Fire Chief and Traffic Engineer to minimize public exposure to the transportation of hazardous materials. The designated route shall be conspicuously marked at strategic points along designated roadways. Copies of the route shall be on file with the Fire Chief. Vehicles carrying hazardous materials shall follow the designated route.

EXCEPTION: The transportation of hazardous materials to locations other than those served by the designated route may be granted upon written notification to the Fire Chief at least 24 hours in advance.

Sec. 6-39. Aircraft Landings and Take Offs Other Than At Approved Airport or Area.

The Code is amended by adding Article 88, Sections 88.101 through 88.111 to read as follows:

Article 88 Aircraft Landings and Take Offs Other Than at Approved Airport or Area.

Scope

Section 88.101. Any aircraft landing or take off other than those occurring on an approved airport or area shall comply with the provisions of this article.

Permits

Section 88.102. For a permit to land or take off an aircraft at a location other than an approved airport or area, see Section 4.101 of the Code. Permission granted by a property owner does <u>not</u> constitute approval of an aircraft landing area.

Permit Limitations

Section 88.103. A permit issued under Section 88.102 shall be limited to single events only and does <u>not</u> constitute permission to continue such operations beyond the date indicated on the permit.

Aircraft Landings and Take Offs

Section 88.104. No person shall land or take off in any aircraft of any type, whether fixed wing, helicopter or lighter-than-air, such as a balloon or dirigible, except at an airport or area in the city approved for such operations by the Federal Aviation Administration and by the Fire Chief, unless a permit has been obtained in accordance with Section 4.101 of the Code or unless such action is necessary in an emergency.

Aircraft Landing or Take Off Site Inspection

Section 88.105. Prior to the issuance of a permit to land or take off any aircraft at a location other than an approved airport or landing area, the proposed landing or take off site must be inspected by the bureau of fire prevention and any other persons or agencies as may be deemed necessary by the Fire Chief.

Fire Protection at Landing or Take Off Site

Section 88.106. Based upon the findings of the bureau of fire prevention and any other persons or agencies involved in the inspection of a proposed landing or take off site, the Fire Chief may require that specific fire protection measures be provided at such proposed landing or take off site. The provision of such fire protection may include the stand-by positioning of Fire Department crash fire rescue vehicles and crews at the landing or take off sites.

Aircraft Operations in Addison Air Space

Section 88.107. No person shall operate an aircraft of any type within the air space of the city without observing the regulations applicable to flights in such air space. This section is applicable to flights of all such aircraft without regard to whether the airport or landing area at which a person takes off or lands is inside or outside the city.

Release of Advertising Pamphlets or Other Materials From Aircraft

Section 88.108. It shall be unlawful for any person to release or throw any object, advertising pamphlet or any solid or liquid material from any aircraft flying over the city, of any type capable of carrying a person, either fixed wing, helicopter or lighter-than-air, such as a balloon or dirigible, or to release or throw such object, advertising pamphlet or solid or liquid material from any flying aircraft in such a manner that such object, advertising pamphlet or material will fall within the city, except when such actions be necessary in emergencies.

Use of Loud-Speakers, Etc. for Advertising

Section 88.109. No person shall use a loud-speaker or other sound or noise-making device in an aircraft of any type, either fixed wing, helicopter, or lighter-than-air, such as a balloon, captive balloon, or dirigible, flying or floating over the city for advertising or other purposes.

Exemption of Emergency Medical, Fire or Police Aircraft

Section 88.110. The requirements of this Article shall not apply to aircraft owned and/or operated by emergency medical, fire or police agencies or aircraft specifically requested by the Fire or Police Departments where the operation involving any of the activities prohibited or restricted by this Article is incident to and in aid of emergency medical, fire or police operations occurring in the city.

Exemption of Aircraft Owned by Federal or State Government

Section 88.111. The requirements of this Article shall not apply to aircraft owned by the federal or state government where the operation involving any of the activities prohibited or restricted by this Article is incident to and in aid of national defense and security.

Sec. 6-40. Appendices Adopted

The following appendices to the Code are hereby adopted and made a part of said code:

APPENDIX IA. Life Safety Requirements for Existing Buildings.

APPENDIX IC. Stairway Identification.

APPENDIX II-A. Suppression and Control of Hazardous Fire Areas.

APPENDIX II-B. Protection of Flammable or Combustible Liquids in Tanks in Locations That May Be Flooded.

APPENDIX II-D. Rifle Ranges.

APPENDIX III-A. Test Procedures For Fire-Extinguishing Systems.

APPENDIX III-B. Basement Pipe Inlets.

APPENDIX III-C. Fire Alarm Systems.

APPENDIX IV-A. Interior Floor Finish.

APPENDIX V-A. Nationally recognized Standards of Good Practice.

APPENDIX VI-B. Model Citation Program.

APPENDIX VI-C. Reference Tables From the Uniform Building Code.

APPENDIX VI-D. Unit Conversion Tables.

UNIFORM FIRE CODE STANDARDS.

Sec. 6-41. Appendix VI-B.

Appendix VI-B of the Code is amended to delete the following: Sample No. 3 Bail Schedule

Sec. 6-42. Appeals.

Whenever the fire chief disapproves an application or refuses to grant a permit applied for, or when it is claimed that the provisions of the Code do not apply or that the true intent and meaning of the Code have been misconstrued or wrongly interpreted, the applicant may appeal from the decision of the fire chief to the City Manager within 30 days from the date of the decision appealed.

Sec. 6-43. New Materials, Processes or Occupancies Which May Require Permits.

Section 1. The City Manager, the fire chief and the fire marshal appointed pursuant to Sec. 6-18 shall act as a committee to determine and specify, after giving affected persons an opportunity to be heard, any new materials, processes or occupancies for which permits are required in addition to those now enumerated in the Code. The fire marshal shall post such list in conspicuous place in his office, and distribute copies thereof to interested persons.

Section 2. Any person, firm or corporation violating any of the provisions of this Ordinance, shall upon commission be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be subject to a fine not to exceed the sum of One Thousand and no/100 Dollars (\$1000.00) for each offense, and each day such violation continues shall constitute a separate offense.

Section 3. That all ordinances of the City in conflict with the provisions of this ordinance be, and the same are hereby repealed and all other ordinances of the City not in conflict with the provisions of this ordinance shall remain in full force and effect.

Section 4. That should any paragraph, sentence, subdivision, clause, phrase or section of this ordinance be adjudged or be held to be unconstitutional, illegal or invalid, the same shall not affect the validity of this ordinance as a whole or any part or provision thereof other than the part so decided to be invalid, illegal, or unconstitutional.

Section 5. This ordinance shall take effect on the thirtieth (30) day from and after its passage and publication of the caption as the law in such cases provides.

DULY PASSED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF ADDISON, TEXAS, this the 14th day of October, 1986.

MAYOR

ATTEST:

CITY SECRETARY

CITY ATTORNEY