DESTON	FED. RD.		X	A
рув	DIV.NO.	. + 25.		N
GRAPHICS				
DMR ,	STATE	STATE DIST.		COUNTY
CHECKED	TEXAS	DAL	Đ	ALLAS
BS	CONT.	SEC1.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
KPH				

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T	N			V
ı	11	1)	Г.	А

SHEET NO.

DESCRIPTION

1 TITLE SHEET
2 GENERAL NOTES

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN STANDARDS

3-6 *TCP(1-1 thru 1-4)-98

BARRICADE & CONSTRUCTION
/WORK ZONE STANDARDS

7-18 *BC(1-12)-03 19-20 *WZ(BTS-1 & BTS-2)-03 21 *EC1-93

SIGNAL LAYOUTS

22-23 SIGNAL LAYOUT PLAN SHEETS

ELECTRICAL DETAILS

24-29 *ED(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, & 7)-03

TRAFFIC SIGNAL POLE STANDARDS

30*LMA(1)-01
31*LMA(2)-01
32*LMA(3)-01
33*LMA(4)-01

TRAFFIC SIGNAL - DALLAS STANDARDS

34 *SIGNS

35 *TRAFFIC SIGNAL AND PEDESTRIAN HEAD IDENTIFICATION



PLANS PREPARED BY:

Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc.

12700 Park Central Drive Suite 1800 Dallas, Teyas 75251

nd Associates, Inc.

THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED

BY
KEVIN P. HOPPERS, P.E. 93669 ON JUNE 1, 2005
ALTERATION OF A SEALED DOCUMENT WITHOUT PROPER
NOTIFICATION TO THE RESPONSIBLE ENGINEER IS AN
OFFENSE UNDER THE TEXAS ENGINEERING PRACTICE ACT.

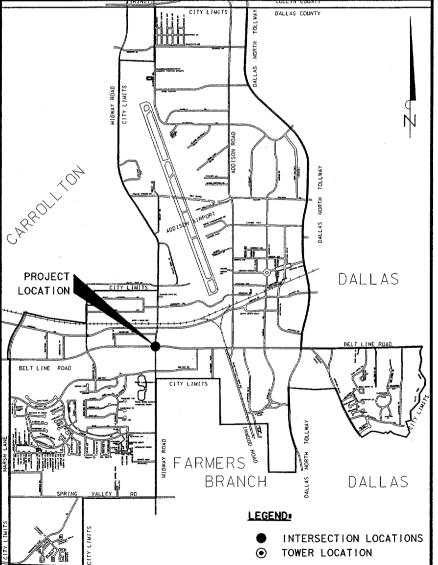
6/01/05 MANAGER

6/01/05

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE (WITH AN *) HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

KEVIN P. HOPPERS, P.E.

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, June 1, 2004, AND SPECIFICATIONS ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID ONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, December, 1993).



NO EQUATIONS
NO EXCEPTIONS
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD

JUNE 2005

TOWN OF ADDISON

TRAFFIC SIGNAL POLE INSTALLATION

AT

MIDWAY ROAD AT BELT LINE ROAD

Owner:

Town of Addison, Texas

Addison Service Center 16801 Westgrove Drive Addison, Texas 75001-5190 Tel No: (972) 450-2871 Tel No: (972) 450-2837

TOWN OF ADDISON

MAYOR:

JOE CHOW

MAYOR PRO TEMPORE:

JIMMY NIEMANN

DEPUTY MAYOR PRO TEMPORE: GREGORY S. HIRSCH

COUNCILMEMBER:

TOM BRAUN

COUNCILMEMBER:

ROGER S. MELLOW

COUNCILMEMBER:

DENNIS KRAFT

COUNCILMEMBER:
CITY MANAGER:

DIANE MALLORY
RON WHITEHEAD

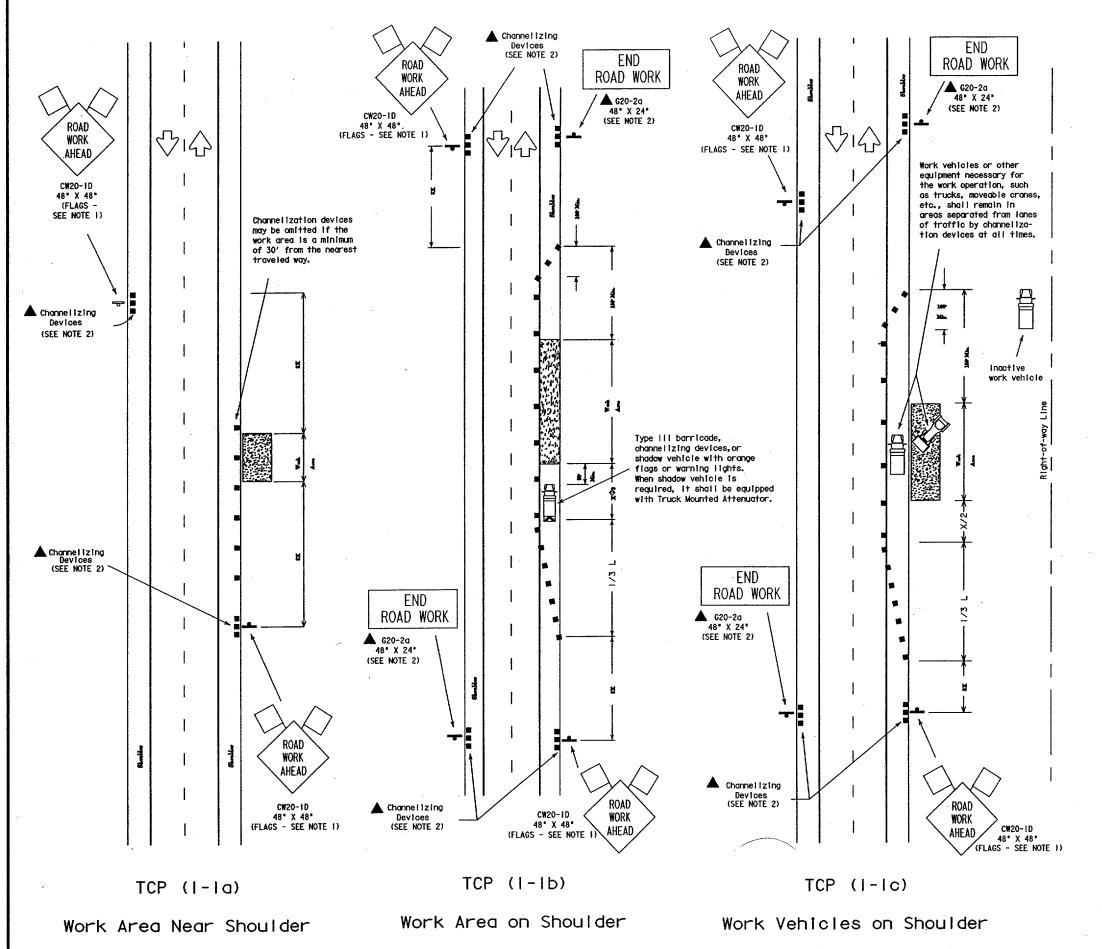
APPROVED	DATE:
FOR LETTING:	
DIDECTOR OF BUILDING	HODICO (OLT)
DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC	WORKS/CITY ENGINEER

52-4

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LEGEND _ Type III Barricade

Channelizing Devices 7777 Heavy Work Vehicle Truck Mounted Attenuator Portable Chang
Message Sign Trailer Mounted Portable Changeable Flashing Arrow Panel σ^{O} Flagger ■ Sign Post Minimum Destrable
Taper Lengths **
10' | 11' | 12' Suggested Maximum Spacing of Device Minimum Ign Spacia On a Tangent Formula Offset Offset Distance 30 150' 165' 180' 30' 60'-75' 1204 35 2051 2251 2451 351 70'-90' 160' 40 265' 295' 320' 40' 80'-100' 240' 45 450' 495' 540' 45' 90'-110' 3201

* Conventional Roads Only

L=WS

XXTaper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

500' 550' 600' 50' 100' -125'

550' 605' 660' 55' 110'-140'

650' 715' 780' 65' 130' -165'

700' 770' 840' 70' 140' -175' * 800'

120'-150'

600' 660' 720' 60'

400'

5001

* 600'

* 700'

		TYPICAL USAGE		
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	* *	4		

GENERAL NOTES:

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- 1. Unless otherwise stated in the plans, flags attached to signs are
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are <u>REQUIRED</u>, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 3. On high speed facilities advance warning signs should be installed approximately 3X from the work area or from the beginning of a lane or shoulder taper. On low speed facilities the advance warning signs should be placed based on the "X" minimum distance.
- 4. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.

Only pre-audified products shall be used. A list of compliant products and their sources may be obtained by writing or faxing:

Standards Engineer Traffic Operations Division - TE Texas Department of Transportation 125 East 11th Street Austin, Texas 78701-2483 Phone (512) 416-3335 Fax (512) 416-3161 E-mail TRF-STANDARDemailgw.dot.state.tx.us

> The requirement for shadow vehicles will be listed in the project GENERAL NOTES, Item 502, Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling.

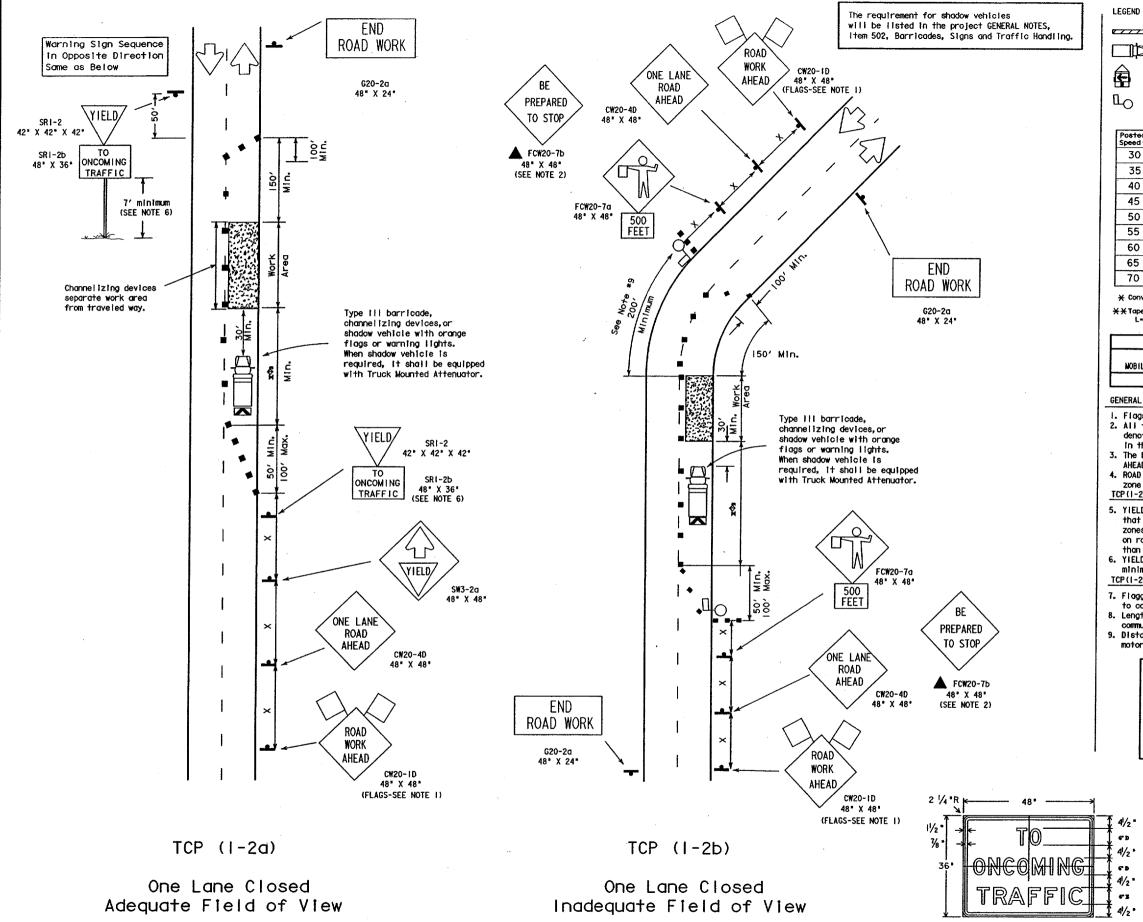


TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

© TxD0T	Decemb	er 198	5 DN≥-LR	cx: MT	DW: - DN	CK: - MT	NEG NO.:
REVISIONS	STATE DISTRICT	FEDERAL REGION		FEDERAL AL	D PROJECT		SHEET
2-94 8-95	DAL	6		CM XXX	X (XXX)		3
1-97		COUN	TY	CONTRO	L SECTION	JOB	RIGHMAY
4-98		DALI	AS	***	* **	***	VA

TCP(1-1)-98





LEGEND . Type III Barricade 🔳 🗷 Channelizing Devices Heavy Work Vehicle Truck Mounted Attenuator Portable Chang
Message Sign Trailer Mounted Portable Changeable Flashing Arrow Panel Flagger Sign Post Minimum Destroble
Taper Lengths * *
10' | 11' | 12'
Offset Offset Offset On a Tangent On a Taper 30 150' 165' 180' 30' 60'-75' 35 205' 225' 245' 35' 70'-90' 40 265' 295' 320' 40' 80'-100' 45 450' 495' 540' 45' 90'-110' 50 500' 550' 600' 50' 100'-125' 55 550' 605' 660' 55' 110'-140' L=WS 600' 660' 720' 60' 120'-150' 60 65 650' 715' 780' 65' 130'-165' 70 700' 770' 840' 70' 140'-175' * 800' * Conventional Roads Only **XTaper lengths have been rounded off.
L-Length of Taper (FT.) W-Width of Offset (FT.) S-Posted Speed (MPH) TYPICAL USAGE: TROILS SHORT TERM MOBILE DIRATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY GENERAL NOTES: Flags attached to signs are <u>REQUIRED</u>.
 All traffic control devices <u>Flags</u> are <u>REQUIRED</u>, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere 3. The BE PREPARED TO STOP sign may be installed after the ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.

4. ROAD WORK AHEAD sign may be repeated if the visibility of the work TCP (1-2a) 5. YIELD sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work zones should be no longer than one half city block. In rural greas on roadways with less than 4000 ADT, work areas should be no longer 6. YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC sign shall be placed on a support at a 7' TCP (1-2b) communicate.

- 7. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication
- 8. Length of work area should be based on the ability of flaggers to
- Distance along curve of work area should be adequate length for motorists to identify and react to flagger signals.

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A list of compilant products and their sources may be obtained by writing or facings

Standards Engineer
Traffic Operations Division - TE
Texas Department of Transportation
125 East 11th Street
Austin, Texas 78701-2483
Phone (512) 416-3335 Fox (512) 416-3161 E-mail TRF-STANDARDemailge, dot, atate, to, ue

- Black

Reflective

Background - White

Letters

SRI-2b

48" x 36"

STANDARD PLANS TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Traffic Operations Division

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

TCP(1-2)-98

X Distance

120'

160'

240'

320'

4001

500'

* 600'

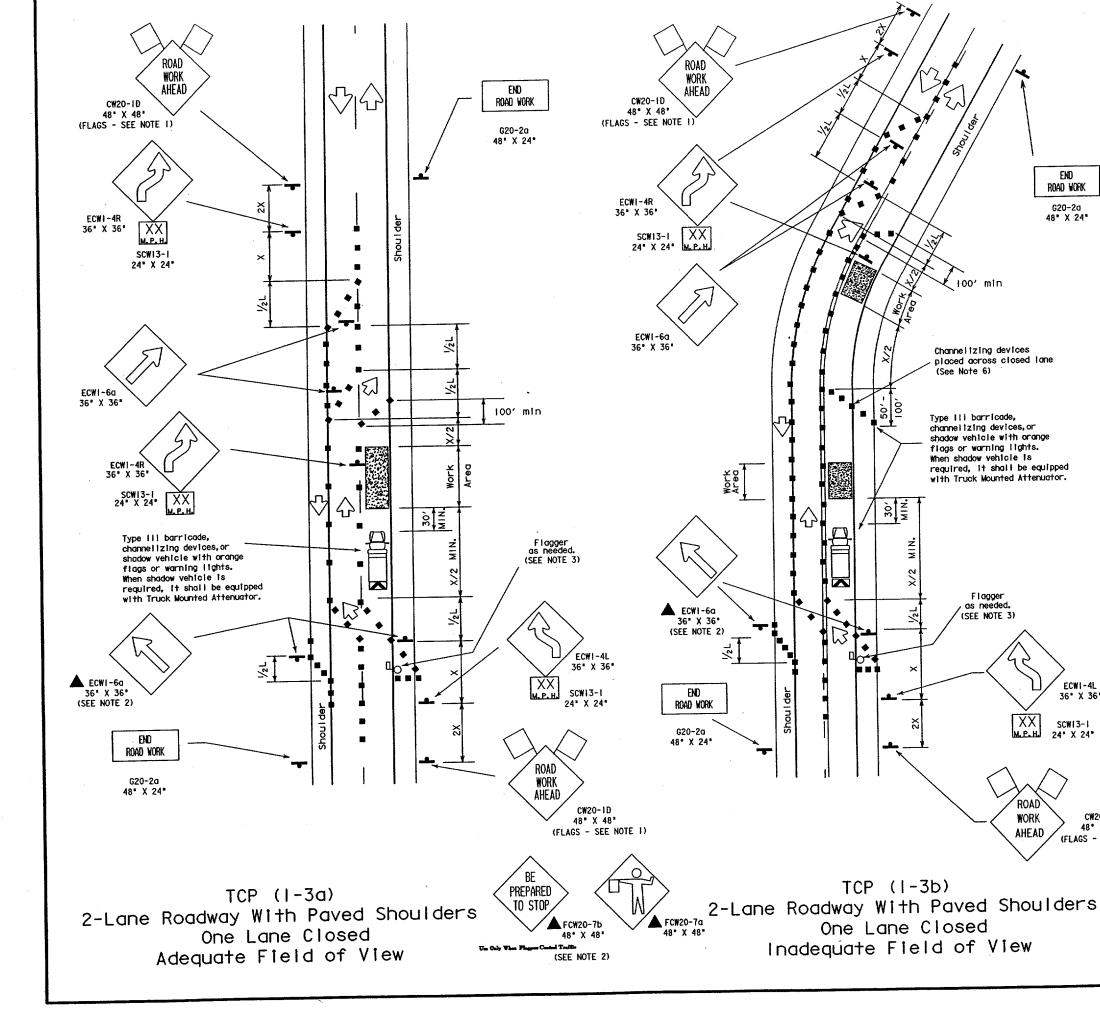
* 700'

LONG TERM

(C) TxDOT	Decemb	er 1985	DN# - LR	CK:- MT	Die - DN	CK1 - MT	NEG NO. 1
REVISIONS	STATE DISTRICT	FEDERAL RECTON			ID PROJECT		SHEET
4-90 2-94	DAL	6		CM XXX	(X(XXX)		4
1-97		COUNTY		CONTR	OL SECTION	,/06	HIGHWAY
4-98	Ĺ	DALLA	IS	***		***	VA



2 2 2 2 X



LEGEND _ Type III Barricade ■ Channelizing Devices Heavy Work Vehicle Truck Mounted Attenuator Portable Changeable M Message Sign Flashing Arrow Panel ГO Flagger Minimum Desirable
Taper Lengths X X

10' | 11' | 12'
Offset Offset Offset | Minimum Sign Spacing Suggested Maximum Spacing of Device On a Tangent X D1 stance 30 120' 150' 165' 180' 30' 60'-75' 205' 225' 245' 35' 160' 70'-90' 35 265' 295' 320' 40' 2401 40 80'-100' 320' 450' 495' 540' 45' 90'-110' 45 50 500' 550' 600' 50' 100'-125' 400'

550' 605' 660' 55'

600' 660' 720' 60'

650' 715' 780' 65'

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

500'

* 600'

* 700'

110'-140'

120'-150'

130'-165'

700' 770' 840' 70' 140' -175' *800'

		TYPICAL USAGE	·	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	4	4		

GENERAL NOTES

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ROAD WORK

G20-2a

ECWI-4L 36" X 36'

CW20-1D

48" X 48"
(FLAGS - SEE NOTE 1)

SCW13-1 24" X 24"

ROAD

WORK

- I. Unless otherwise stated in the plans, flags attached to signs are
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 3. Flagger control should <u>NOT</u> be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Additional flaggers should be positioned at end of traffic queues unless 24° x 24° STOP/SLOW paddle is used.
- 4. DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE, and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
- 5. ROAD WORK AHEAD sign may be repeated if the visibility of the work zone is less than 1500'.
- 6. When the work zone is made up of several work areas, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to reemphasize closure. Laterally placed channellzing devices should be repeated every 500' to 1000' in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A list of compliant Standards Engineer
Traffic Operations Division - TE
Texas Department of Transportation
125 East 11th Street
Austin, Texas 78701-2483
Phone (512) 416-3335 Fax (512) 416-3161 E-mall TRF-STANDARDemailige.dot.etate.tx.ue

The requirement for shadow vehicles will be listed in the project GENERAL NOTES, item 502, Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling.



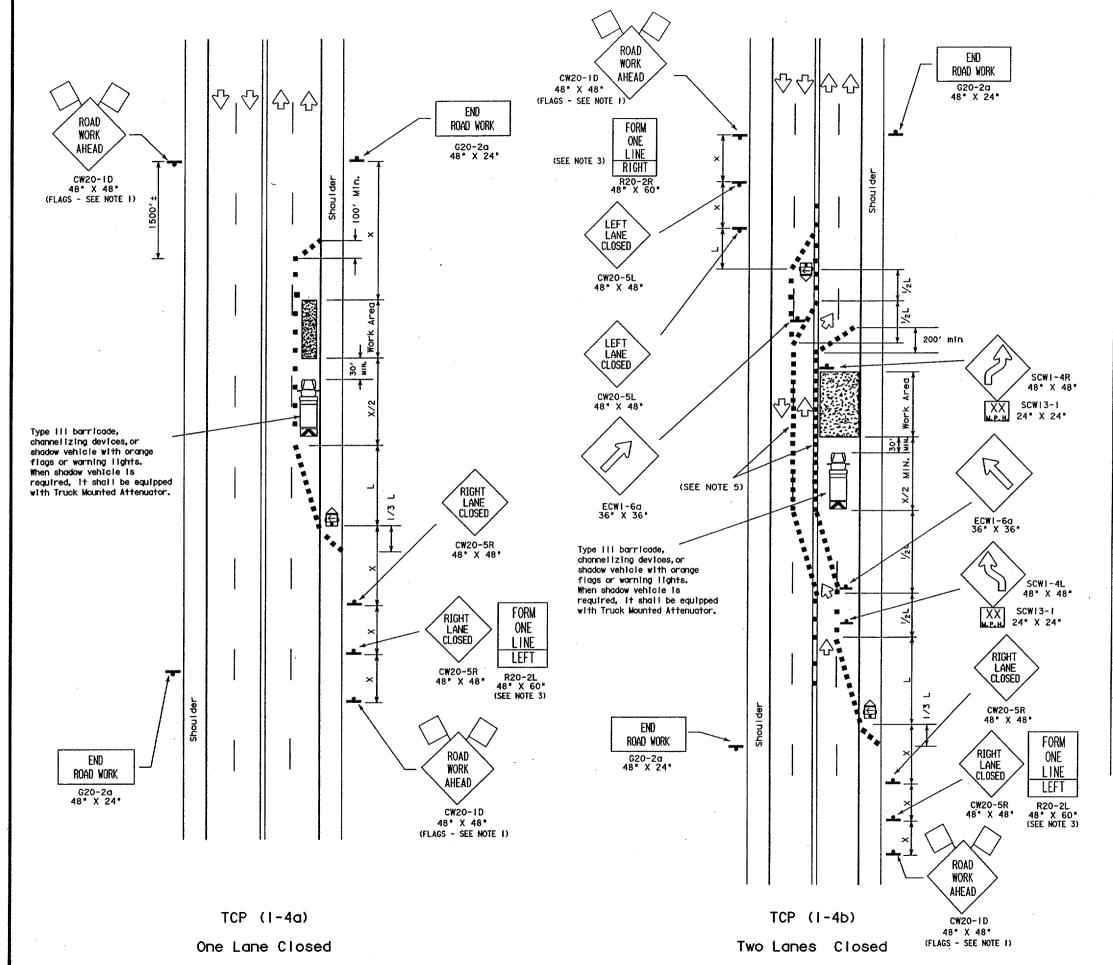
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

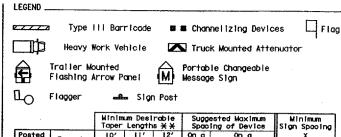
TCP(1-3)-98

C) TxDOT	Decemb	er 1985	DN - LR	CK1-	Date - DN	CKı	MT	NEG NO.:
REVISIONS	STATE	FEDERAL REGION		FEDERAL	AID PROJECT			SHEET
2-94	DAL	6		CM X	XXX (XXX)			5
8-95 1-97		COUNTY	****	cor	TROL SECT	ION	JCE	NI GHMAY
4-98		DALLA	S	*	***	*	***	VA

ctice Act". No warraresponsibility for ges resulting from verned by the 'Texas Engineering Prac purpose whatsoever, TXDOI assumes no lats or for Incorrect results or damag

... CK≅CE





			Length			ested Maximum ing of Device	Minimum Sign Spooling
Posted Speed *	Formula	10' Offset	II' Offset	12' Offset	On a Toper	On a Tangent	X D1stance
30	wc 2	150′	165'	180'	30'	60'-75'	120'
35	L= WS ²	2051	225′	245′	35′	70'-90'	160'
40		265′	295'	320'	40′	80'-100'	240′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90'-110'	320′
50		5001	550'	600′	50′	100'-125'	4001
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110'-140'	500′
60	E-113	600′	660′	720′	60'	120'-150'	* 600'
65		650′	7151	780′	65′	130'-165'	* 700'
70		7001	770′	840′	70′	140'-175'	* 800'

* Conventional Roads Only

**XTaper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

		TYPICAL USAGE	B .	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	1	1		

GENERAL NOTES:

- i. Unless otherwise stated in the plans, flags attached to the signs are
- 1. Unless otherwise stated in the plane, logs chacked.

 REQUIRED.
 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are <u>REQUIRED</u>, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.

 3. The FORM ONE LANE LEFT sign may be used following the RIGHT LANE CLOSED sign. Spacing distance between signs should be the minimum distance indicated.

 4. ROAD WORK AHEAD sign may be repeated if the visibility of the work zone is less than 1500'.

 5. If pavement markings are not removed and traffic is directed over a double vellow centerline, the maximum spacing of channelizing

- a double yellow centerline, the maximum spacing of channellzing devices in a tangent section should be no greater than 10 feet.

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A list of compliant products and their sources may be obtained by writing or taxing:

Standards Engineer Traffic Operations Division - TE Texas Department of Transportation 125 East 11th Street Austin, Texas 78701-2483 Phone (512) 416-3335 Fax (512) 416-3161

E-mail TRF-STANDARDemailgw. dot. state, tx. us

The requirement for shadow vehicles will be listed in the project GENERAL NOTES, item 502, Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

TCP(1-4)-98

©TxD01	Decemb	er 1985	ON:-LR	cu · MT	DN: - DN	cx MT	NEG NO.2
REVISIONS	STATE DISTRICT	FEDERAL REGION		FEDERAL ATE	PROJECT		SHEET
2-94 8-95	DAL	6		CM XXXX (XXX)			
1-97		COUNTY		CONTROL	SECTION	J09	HIGHMAY
4-98		DALL	AS	***	. **	***	VA

Barricade and Construction (BC) Standard Sheets General Notes: △

- I. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical construction signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) "Policy on the Geometric Design of Highways and Streets" or the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual".
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor will erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign will be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate construction warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. As shown on BC(2), the OBSERVE WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW, BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits.
- II. Except for devices required by Note IO, traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be obtained by contacting:

Standards Engineer Traffic Operations Division - TE Texas Department of Transportation 125 East 11th Street Austin, Texas 78701-2483 Phone (512) 416-3120 Fax (512) 416-3299

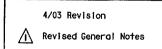
instructions to locate the "CWZTCD" on TxDOT website are:

Start at website - www.dot.state.tx.us
Click on "About Tx007",

Click on *Organizational Chart*, Click on Traffic Operations Box,

Cilck on "Compilant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices", Cilck on "View PDF".

This site is printable.



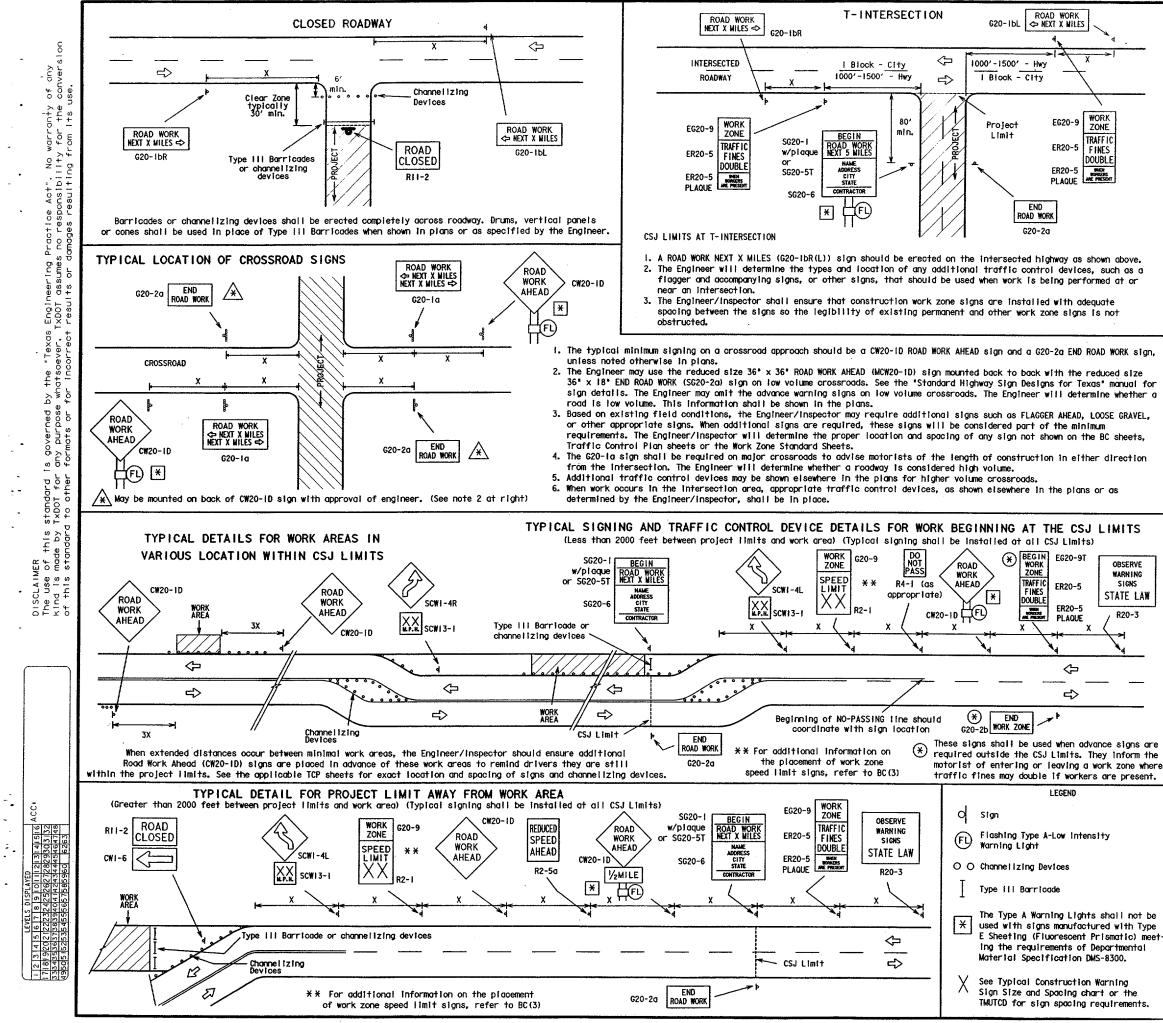


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

1 of 12

BC(1)-03

TXDO	11-4-0)2	DN-BAS	cx GRB	GW-	· FDN	CKr - CAL
510NS	STATE DISTRICT	FEDERAL REGION	PR	OJECT NUMBER	········		SHEET
-03	DAL	6	CM	XXXX	XXX)		7
		COUN	TY	CONTROL	SECTION	J08	HIGHWAY
		DALI	_AS	***	**	***	VA



TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE " AND SPACING

Posted Speed	Spacing "X"	Inte App	ermed Stati roach Si CW20 CW21	erm Or late-l onary Warn gns and Serles	herm Ing	Sh App	ort D roach Slo	uration Warning	Other Warning Signs
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)	Star In	ndard ches	Minir Incl			ndard hes *	Minimum ⁴ inches *	Standard Inches
30	120	48	x 48	36 x	36		x 30	24 x 24	30 x 30
35	160					36	or x 36	30 x 30	or 36 x 36
40	240			4	,			↓	30 2 30
45	320								
50	400			Us Stand	_			Use Standard	
55	500°			SIZ		7	,	Size	↓
60	600*			1		48	× 48		48 × 48
65	700 *				•				10 % 40
70	800°								
75	900 *								
♦	♦.	<u> </u>	,			. 4	7	4	4

- ♦ For typical sign spacings on expressways and freeways, see Part VI of the *Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- A Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign and/or distance between each additional sian.

General Notes:

G20-IbL ROAD WORK

WORK ZONE

TRAFFIC ER20-5 FINES

DOUBL F

OBSERVE

WARNING

SIGNS

STATE LAW

R20-3

EG20-9

ER20-5

PI ADDE

END ROAD WORK

G20-2a

1000'-1500' - Hwy

I Block - City

I Imit

AHEAD

* END WORK ZONE

Sign

FL Flashing Light

O O Channellzing Devices

Type III Barricade

TRAFFIC

FINES

ER20-5

FR20-5

♦

➾

LEGEND

The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type E Sheeting (Fluorescent Prismatic) meet-

ing the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.

TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.

See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the

Flashing Type A-Low Intensity

HEM EKZU-D

PLAQUE

PLAQUE

Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.

- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.

 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have ½ mile or more advance warning. 4. For use only on secondary roads or city streets where speeds are low.
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Appendix A or the "Standard Highway Sign Design" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.
- 7. Where two sizes are listed, see sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Appendix A or the "Standard Highway Sign Design' manual for proper size.

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the *Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List* (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be obtained by contacting

Standards Engineer Traffic Operations Division - TE Texas Department of Transportation 125 East 11th Street Austin. Texas 78701-2483 Phone (512) 416-3120 Fax (512) 416-3299

Instructions to locate the "CWZTCD" on TxDOT website area

Start at website - www.dot.state.tx.us Click on "About TxDOT". Click on "Functional Organizational Chart", Citok on Traffic Operations Box,

Click on "Compilant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices", again click on "Compilant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices". This site is printable.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT STANDARD

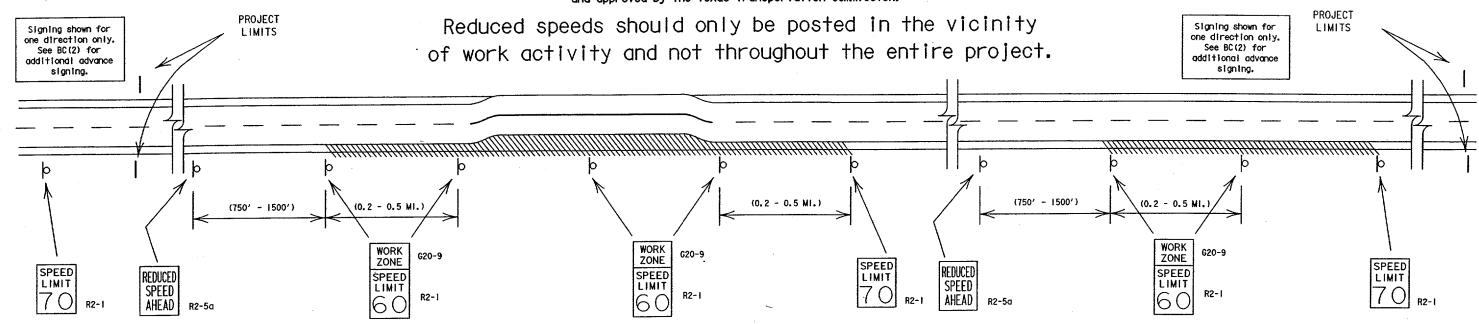
2 of 12

BC(2) - 03

Tv001	11-4-0	12	m-BAS	av- GRB	1	FDM	I= 001
ISIONS STATE FEMERAL MISTRICT REGION DAL 6				EDERNIL AND PROJEC		FDN	CIG- CAL
	6		CM XXXX (XXX)			8	
			COLUTY		SECTION	100	HICHEAY
		DALI	AS	****	**	***	VA

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT signs should be posted and visible to the motorists at all times. Work activity in the area of reduced speed zone should be greater than 12 consecutive hours per day. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, work activity is within 15 feet of pavement edge or actually on the pavement.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. Work activity in the area of reduced speed should be less than 12 consecutive hours. When work activity is not present, signs should be covered with an approved sign cover or removed from work area.

GENERAL NOTES:

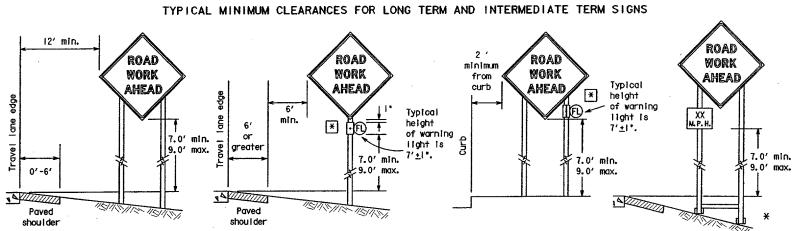
- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
 Regulatory work zone speed signs (R2-1) should be removed during periods when they are not needed to minimize interference with traffic.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot mounting height.
- Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of speed limit signs should be 40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles 35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile
- Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background.
- Fabrication, errection and maintenance of REDUCED SPEED AHEAD sign, WORK ZONE plaque and SPEED LIMIT signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless otherwise noted
- B. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds.
 - (In order of effectiveness.)
- A. Flagger stationed next to sign.
- B. Law enforcement.
- C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
- D. Low-power radar transmitter.
- Refer to "Work Zone Speed Limit Work Sheets I and 2" to determine when a construction speed zone should be required.



3 of 12

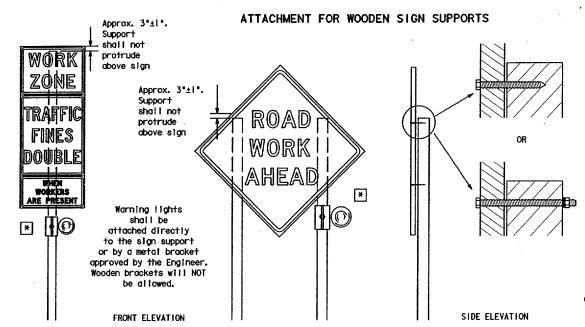
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OH5	STATE DISTRICT	PEDERAL RESIGN	. н	SHEET			
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It is the intent of these plans to provide positive guidance to motorists throughout the project limits by the use of signs, pavement markings, defineation and/or channelizing devices. All traffic control devices shall conform with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" list (CWZTCD).

* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb.
Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.



Attachment to wooden supports
will be by bolts and nuts
or screws. Use TxDOT's or
manufacturer's recommended
procedures for attaching sign
substrates to other types of
sign supports

Nails will NOT be allowed.

Each sign
shall be attached
directly to the sign
support. Multiple
signs shall not be
joined or spliced by
any means. Supports
shall not be extended
or repaired by splicing
or other means.

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the "Compilant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CMZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be obtained by contactings

Standards Engineer
Traffic Operations Division - TE
Texas Department of Transportation
125 East 11th Street
Austin, Texas 78701-2483
Phone (512) 416-3120
Fax (512) 416-3299

Instructions to locate the "CWZTCD" on TxDOT website are:

Start at website - www.dot.state.tx.us Click on "About Tx00T", Click on "Functional Organizational Chart", Click on Traffic Operations Box, Click on "Compilant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices", again citck on "Compilant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices", This site is printable.

(FL) Flashing Type A - Low Intensity Warning Light

* The Type A Warning lights shall not be used with Type E Sheeting (Fluorescent Prismatic) meeting the requirements of DMS-8300.

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call
 attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations,
 show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points
 of interest, and other geographical, recreational, or cultural information.
 Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route
 guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- 4. If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- . If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC sheets or the CWZTCD. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay Item for relocating existing signs.
- i. Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- 1. Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- 3. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- . Natis shall NOT be used to attach signs to any support.
- 5. All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- 6. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the inspector's TXDOT diarry and having both the inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes. The additional signs requested by the Engineer/Inspector shall not be subsidiary.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so that the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- 8. The contractor is responsible for sign installations and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- 9. Identification markings may be shown only on the bock of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1°.
- 10. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

Duration of Work (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part VI)

- I. The types of sign supports, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring that the sign support and substrate meets crashworthiness and length of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- . Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location from overnight to 3 days.
- c. Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location from 1 to 12 hours.
- 1. Short, duration work that occupies a location up to I hour.
- . Mobile work that moves intermittently or continuously. Does not stop for more than 15 minutes at a time.

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- i. The bottom of Long-term/intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface.
- 2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above the ground.
- Long-term/intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- 4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday.
- 5. Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9.0 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration. SIZE OF SIGNS
- 1. The Engineer may allow the use of smaller size construction warning signs on secondary roads or city streets where speeds are low if the sign size is listed as an option on the "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing" chart shown on BC(2).
- 2. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown in plans, the BC Sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure that the sign substrate is allowed for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate.
- 3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat. 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign faces.
- REFLECTIVE SHEETING
- Reflectorized signs shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 or DMS-8310.
 The DMS specifications can be accessed from the following web address:
- http://manuals.dot.state.tx.us:80/dynaweb/colmates/dms/@Generic BookView
- 2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type C (High Specific Intensity), shall be used for signs with white background and channelizing devices.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type E (Fluorescent Prismatic), shall be used for signs with orange backgrounds. SIGN LETTERS
- All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- I. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- 2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This type of sign support meets the crashworthiness standards regardless of the direction of impact. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- 4. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic.
- 5. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
 These materials can damage the retroreflectivity of sign sheeting.
- Inese materials can damage the retroreflectivity of sign sheet.

 Signs shall be removed upon completion of the work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended.
- The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, Iron, steel or other solid objects will not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
- 4. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
 5. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- 6. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used for sandbags.
- Rubber ballasts (such as those used with cones or edgeline channelizers) shall NOT be used as sign support weights.
- 8. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skild and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES STANDARD

4 of 12

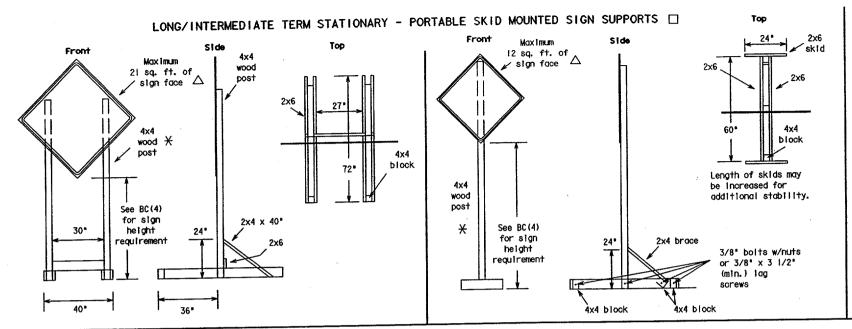
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Install Wedge Anchor System per manufacturer recommendations. Attach the sign to the sign post.

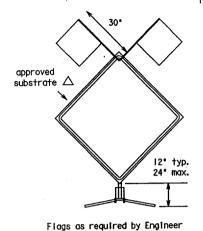
Supports shall be straight within 1/4 inch per 5 feet of length and shall have a smooth, uniform finish free from defects affecting strength or

EXAMPLES OF SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS



SHORT TERM STATIONARY/SHORT DURATION - PORTABLE SIGN SUPPORTS

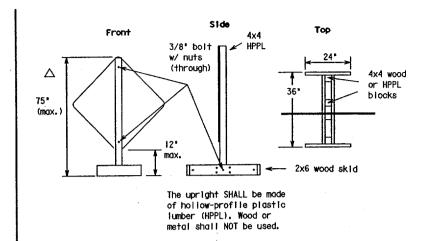
For Doytime use only. I Foot Mounting Height



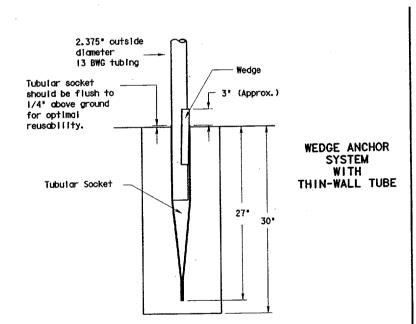
or as shown on plans

PERFORATED SQUARE METAL TUBING

With Anchor



EXAMPLES OF GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

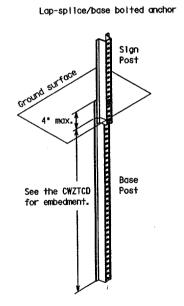


Where solld rock is encountered at ground level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18 Inches. When solld rock is encountered below ground level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18 inches or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30 inches. if solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a min. length of 18 inches. Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements shown above must still be adhered to. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of debris.

insert the sign post into the socket and align the sign face with the roadway. Drive the wedge into the socket to secure post. This will leave approximately 3 inches of the wedge exposed.

appearance. Any boit holes and sheared ends shall be free from burrs.

WING CHANNEL



Post Optional See the CWZTCD reinforcing for embedment. sleeve (1/2" larger than sign post) Base post (1/4" larger than sign

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.

1 1/2" Dia. (typ)

FOR GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Nominal		Max1mum	Minimum	Drilled
Post	No. of	Sq. feet of	Sofi	Hole(s)
Size	Posts	Sign Face	Embedment	Required
4 × 4	1	12	36'	NO
4 x 4	2	21	36"	NO
4 x 6	1	21	36*	YES
4 x 6	2	36	36"	YES

WOOD POST SYSTEM

Nominal Post	No. of	Max1mum Sq. feet of	Minimum Soil	Drilled Hole(s)
Size	Posts	Sign Face	Embedment	Required
4 × 4	1	12	36'	NO
4 x 4	2	21	36"	NO
4 x 6	Ī	21	36*	YES
4 x 6	2	36	36"	YES

No more than 2 sign posts shall be mounted within a 7 ft. circle.

When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary

☐ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."

X Sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.

 \triangle See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be

Standards Engineer Traffic Operations Division - TE Texas Department of Transportation 125 East 11th Street Austin, Texas 78701-2483 Phone (512) 416-3120 Fax (512) 416-3299

This site is printable.

instructions to locate the "CWZTCD" on TxDOT website area

Start at website - www.dot.state.tx.us Click on "About TxDOT", Click on "Functional Organizational Chart", Citck on Traffic Operations Box, Citck on "Compilant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices", again click on "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices".



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT STANDARD

5 of 12

BC(5) - 03

) Tx00	T 11-4-0)2	IWT - AKS	csu- GRB	pa-	FDN	oxi-CAL
VISIONS STATE PEDERAL DISTRICT NESTON				FEDERAL AND PROJECT	1		SMEET
DAL 6			CM XXXX (XXX)			11	
		COUNT	TY	CONTROL	SECTION	208	HICHRAY
DALLA			.AS	****	**	***	VA

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. PCMS placed on the shoulder or within the R-O-W, but are not behind a concrete traffic barrier shall have a minimum of four plastic drums placed perpendicular to traffic, on the upstream side of the PCMS.
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO,"
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed.
- Each phase of the message should convey a single thought. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway, i.e.,
- "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (iH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- Specify the actual days of the week, e.g., TUES THROUGH FRI or TUES-FRI in the coming week that work activity will occur.
- 9. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS If work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 10. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for two seconds each.
- ii. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 12. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the words 'Danger' or 'Caution' in message.
 Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 15. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 16. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be

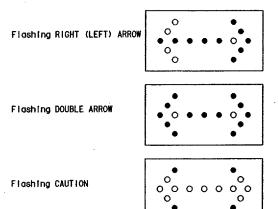
Word or Phrase	Abbreviation	Word or Phrase	Abbreviation
Access Road	ACCES RD	Miles	М
Air Quality	AIR QLTY	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Avenue	AVE	Time Minutes	Time MiN
Best Route	BEST RTE	Monday	MON
Boulevard	BLVD	Normal	NORM
Br1dge	BRDG	North	N .
Cannot	CANT	Parking	PKING
Center	CNTR	Parking Lot	PRK LOT
Construction			
Ahead	CONST AHEAD	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RGT LN
East	E	Saturday	SAT
Emergency	EMER	Service Road	SERV RD
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	Shoulder	SHLDR
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Slippery	SLIP
Express Lanes	EXP LANE	South	S
Expressway	EXPWY	Speed	SPD
Distance Feet	Distance FT	Street	ST
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Sunday	SUN
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Telephone	PHONE
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS
Friday	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING	Traffic	TRAF
Highway	HWY	Travelers	TRVLRS
Hours	HR	Tuesday	TUES
Information	INFO	Turnpike	Name TRNPK
Left	LFT	Upper Level	UPPR LVL
Left Lane	LFT LN	Warning	WARN
Lane Closed	LN CLSD	Wednesday '	WED
Lower Level	LOWR LVL	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Maintenance	MAINT	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Roadway	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	West	W
designation *	IH-number, US-number, SH-number,		

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER.

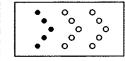
FM-number

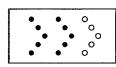
TYPICAL FLASHING ARROW PANEL

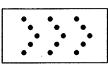
- 1. The Flashing Arrow Panel should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- 2. Flashing Arrow Panels should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Panel.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Panel should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED. 7. The Flashing Arrow Panel shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
- 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential Chevron display may be used during daylight operations.







- !!. The Flashing Arrow Panel shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
- 12. A Flashing Arrow Panel SHOULD NOT BE USED to laterally shift all lanes of traffic on a multi-lane roadway at once.

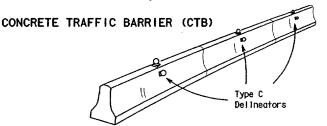
REQUIREMENTS

TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILIT DISTANCE
В	30 x 60	13	3/4 mlle
C	48×96	15	l mile
ATT		Flashing Arrow	

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW PANEL FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW PANEL BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER.

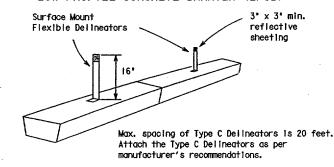
TYPE C DELINEATORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

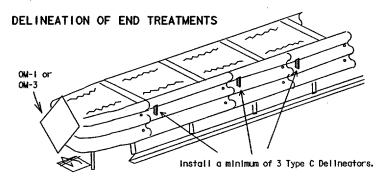
- 1. Type C Delineators shall be prequalified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Type C Delineators can be found at the following Web site: ftp://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-Info/gsd/pdf/dms8600preq.pdf.
- 2. Color of delineators shall be as specified in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices' (TMUTCD). The cost of the Type C Delineators shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.



- 3. Two (2) Type C Delineators should be mounted on each section of CTB in approximately the midsection of the CTB. The Type C Delineator on the side of the CTB shall be installed directly below the Type C Delineator mounted on top of the CTB.
- 4. Maximum spacing of Type C Delineators is 40 feet.
- 5. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 6. Attach Type C Delineators on CTB as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. Missing or damaged Type C Delineators shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)





	APPROACHING TRAFFIC				
	BOTH SIDES	ONE SIDE			
DELINEATION	OM-1	OM-3 or Vertical			
		Pane I			

Attach the Type C Delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

WARNING LIGHTS

- Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD. 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with signs. They are intended to warn of an approaching potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation * FL*. The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type E Sheeting (Fluorescent Prismatic) meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation " SB ".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet crashworthy standards as defined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report 350, Refer to the CW7TCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the *Compilant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List* (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be obtained by contactings

Standards Engineer Traffic Operations Division - TE Texas Department of Transportation 125 East 11th Street Austin, Texas 78701-2483 Phone (512) 416-3120 Fax (512) 416-3299

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STANDARD PLANS Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW & MESSAGE SIGNS. REFLECTORS & WARNING LIGHT STANDARD

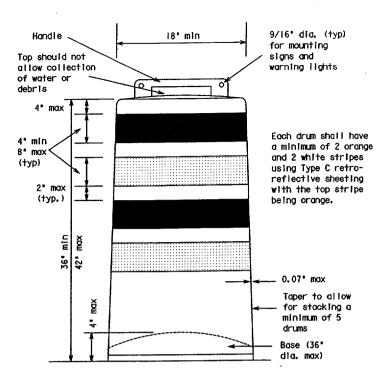
6 of 12

BC(6) - 03

© TxD0T 11-4-02 m-BAS Cu-GRB m-FDN STATE PERENAL DISTRICT REGION FEDERAL AND PROJECT SEE DAL 6 CM XXXX (XXX) CONTROL SECTION . JOB **** ** ***

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report No. 350 (NCHRP 350).
- 2. Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the dates shown in the CWZTCD to ensure that the TMA meets the age requirements and the crashworthiness criteria established by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) for TMAs.
- Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 5. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 6. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned approximately 100 feet or less in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 7. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the *Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices* (TMUTCD) and the *Compilant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List* (CWZTCD).
- 2. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any
- plastic drums or other traffic control devices identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

Pregualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 Inches and a maximum of 42 Inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 Inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, delineator reflector unit or non-plywood sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four atternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 Inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved
- Drum body shall have a minimum unballasted weight of 7.7 lbs. and maximum unballasted weight of it ibs. The wall of the drum

- body shall be a minimum of 0.07 Inch in thickness. Weight of any drum supplied shall not vary more than 0.5 lb. from that of the prequalified sample.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- I. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Flat Surface Reflective Sheeting. " High Specific Intensity (Type C) retroreflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating. checking, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

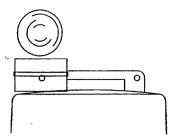
- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base. sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 Inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solld rubber base.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.

Warning reflector may be round or square.

Must have a reflective surface

area of at least 30 square inches

Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.



Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted adjacent to the travel way.

WARNING LIGHTS AND DELINEATORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. Type C steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 4. Type A and Type C warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- Type A Class I, Type A Class 2, or Type B Reflector Units (D & OM Standard) may be attached to drums to delineate the intended vehicular path. The color of the reflector unit shall correspond to the pavement marking it is supplementing or for which it is substituting (left edgeline-yellow or right edgeline-white). The reflective unit shall be attached to the handle of the drum using the mounting hole nearest the travel lane and shall be aligned perpendicular to approaching traffic.
- Delineators may be used as directed by the Engineer. Delineators may not be used as a substitute for warning lights.



18" x 24" Stan (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CWi-8, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12" × 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sian substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

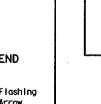
- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type E (Fluorescent Prismatic) sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Flat Surface Reflective Sheeting, "unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with arange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type C (High Specific Intensity). Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or sýmbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 Inches in height.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 Inch beyond nuts.

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-audiffled products and their sources and may be obtained by contacting

Standards Engineer Traffic Operations Division - TE Texas Department of Transportation 125 East 11th Street Austin, Texas 78701-2483 Phone (512) 416-3120 Fax (512) 416-3299

instructions to locate the "CWZTCD" on TxDOT website are:

Start at website - www.dot.state.tx.us Cilok on "About TxDOT". Citok on "Organizational Chart". Click on Traffic Operations Box. Click on "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices", Click on "View PDF". This site is printable.



channel izina

STANDARD PLANS

Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PLASTIC DRUM

4/03 Revision

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Revised

note

7 of 12 © TxD0T 11-4-02

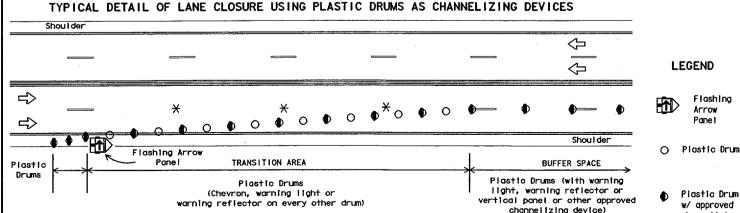
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STANDARD

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BC(7)-03DM: BAS CK: - GRB DM: - FDN STATE FEDERAL DISTRICT REGION DAL 6 CM XXXX (XXX) 13 CONTROL SECTION

**** ** VA



drums listed on the CWZTCD.

WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C WARNING LIGHTS

have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.

1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for

2. The warning reflector shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic

3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square

Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.

6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the

color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type D (Non-fluorescent Prismatic).

When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.

8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.

Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not

a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted

Provide adequate sight distance when placing lane closures. Do not place lane closures in vertical or horizontal curves. See BC(8) for table showing the spacing of channelizing devices in the taper and tangent section.

> * NOTE: Lane lines shall be removed when the lane closure occupies a location for longer than 2 weeks.

36*

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

neering Practice Act' assumes no responsit its or damages result

xas Englr

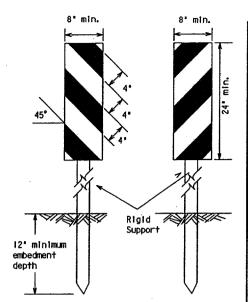
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VP-IL

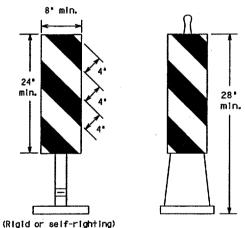
Fixed Base

Adhesive

(Rigid or self-righting)



DRIVEABLE



PORTABLE

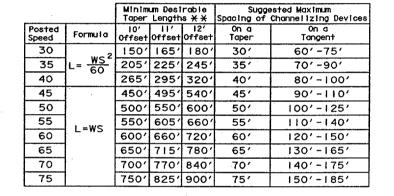
- I. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic. 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations.
 - They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual Appendix B "Treatment of Pavement Drop-offs in Work Zones" for additional guidelines on the use of VP's for drop-offs.
 - 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways, freeways, and on high speed roadways shall have a minimum of 2 square feet of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CW7TCD)
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type C (High Specific intensity) conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.

CHEVRONS

- i. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches. 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a
 - sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
 - 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the for side of an intersection. They shall be In line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
 - 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
 - 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type E (Fluorescent Prismatic) conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall be black vinyl non-reflective decal sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8320.

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the 'Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices' (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channellzing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compilant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh approximately 35 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The Installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.
- 8. Examples on this sheet are the most commonly used channelizing devices in work zones. For other devices, refer to the CWZTCD.



*X Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the "Compilant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be obtained by contacting

Standards Engineer Traffic Operations Division - TE Texas Department of Transportation 125 East 11th Street Austin, Texas 78701-2483 Phone (512) 416-3120 Fox (512) 416-3299

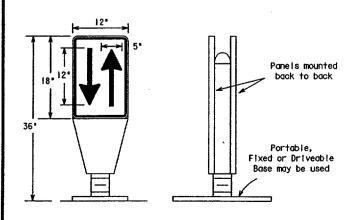
This site is printable.

Instructions to locate the "CWZTCD" on TxDOT website are:

Start at website - www.dot.state.tx.us Cilck on "About TxDOT", Cilok on "Functional Organizational Chart", Click on Traffic Operations Box, Click on "Compilant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices", again cilck on "Compilant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices",

8 of 12

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

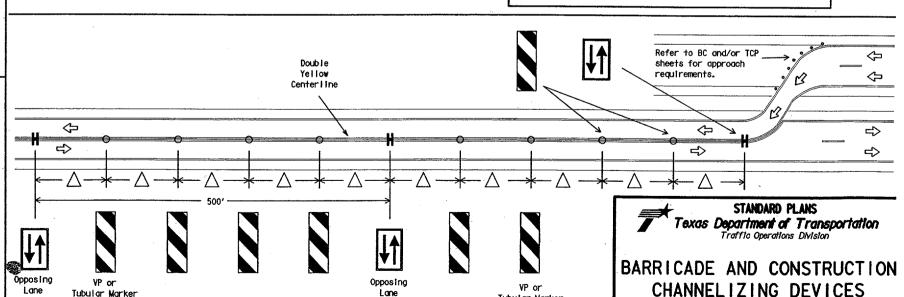


- i. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face Indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the payement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust. The OTLD is placed on a flexible selfrighting support that returns to an upright position when impacted by a vehicle.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with simple tubular markers or vertical panels
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. Tubular markers or vp's placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type E (Fluorescent Prismatic) conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall be black vinyl non-reflective decal sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8320.

Divider

w/F1xed

w/Fixed Base



Divider

w/Flyed

Tubular Marker

w/Fixed Base

Spacing between the VP's or tubular markers shall not exceed 100 feet. On roadways with speeds less than 45 MPH, spacing between the tubular markers or VP's shall be as shown on the channelizing spacing table shown on this page. If the table shows spacing greater than 100 feet based on the roadway speed, then use a maximum of 100 feet spacing between the tubular markers or VP's. Every fifth channellzing device shall be an OTLD. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. When using this type of traffic control set-up, the OTLD, VP's or tubular markers shall have the fixed base with approved adhesive per the manufacturer's recommendations.

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STANDARD

TYPE III BARRICADES

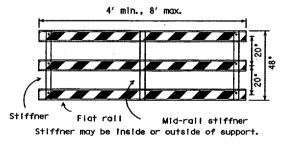
- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type III Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type III Baricades.
- 2. Type III Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade.
- 4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- 5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be i.
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed glong or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other

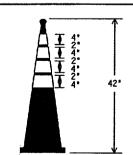
Barricades shall NOT be used as a sign support.

TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

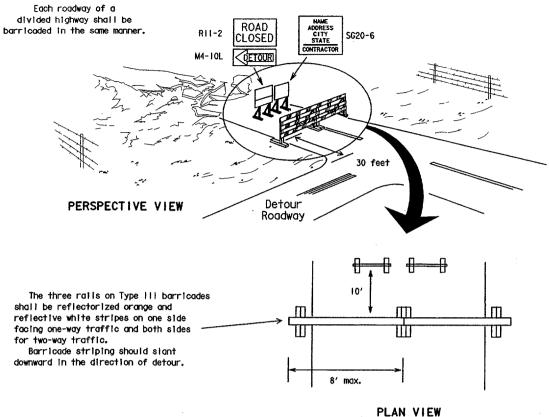




EDGELINE CHANNEL I ZER

- i. This device is intended only for use in place of a vertical panel to channelize traffic by indicating the edge of the travel lane.
- This device shall not be used to separate lanes of traffic (opposing or otherwise) or warn of objects.
- 3. This device is based on a 42 inch, two-piece cone with an alternate striping patterns four 4 Inch retroreflective bands, with an approximate 2 inch gap between bands. The color of the band should correspond to the color of the edgeline (yellow for left edgeline, white for right edgeline) for which the device is substituted or for which it supplements. The reflectorized bands shall be retroreflective Type C (High Specific intensity) conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless otherwise noted.
- The base must weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.

TYPE III BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION



Typical Plastic Drum

PERSPECTIVE VIEW

1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums

may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the shoulder width is less than 4 feet. 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights may be omitted if drums are used.

5. Drums must extend the length of the culvert widening.

These drums are not required on one-way roadway

PLAN VIEW

Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums)

* Maximum spacing between drums shall be 10 feet. A minimum of two drums shall be used across the work grea.

Legend

Plastic drum

Plastic drum with steady burn light

> Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the "Compilant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be obtained by contactings

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Start at website - www.dot.state.tx.us

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Instructions to locate the "CWZTCD" on TxDOT website are:

Click on "About TxDOT". Citck on "Functional Organizational Chart". Click on Traffic Operations Box. Click on "Compilant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices". again click on "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices". This site is printable.

Cones or tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, fluorescent red-orange, or fluorescent yellow-orange. They should be kept clean and bright for maximum

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

- Cones used only for daytime operations do not require the reflectorized bands.
- Cones used for nighttime operations shall be reflectorized. Reflectorized material shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface that displays the same approximate color during the day and night. The reflectorized bands shall be retroreflective Type C (High Specific Intensity) conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless otherwise noted.
- When used at night, appropriate personnel shall ensure that cones and tubular markers remain in their proper location and in an upright position.
- Reflectorization of cones shall consist of a minimum 6 inch band placed at least 3 inches but not more than 4 inches from the top, supplemented by a minimum 4 inch band spaced a minimum of 2 inches below the 6 inch band.
- 7. Reflectorization of tubular markers shall be a minimum of two 3 inch bands placed a maximum of 2 inches from the top with a maximum of 6 inches between bands. The reflectorized bands shall be retroreflective Type C (High Specific Intensity) conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless otherwise noted.
- 8. One-piece cones or tubular markers are generally suitable for temporary usage (up to 8 hours) with other channelization devices such as vertical panels, drums or two-piece cones for long term usage. Care should be taken to ensure they remain in their proper location and in an upright position.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project shall be of the same size and shape. The handle may be designed as a hook or other shape, fabricated from non-rigid
- materials similar to the cone material, and may extend up to a maximum of 8 inches above the top of cone. Length of the handle shall not be considered with regard to the overall height of the cone.



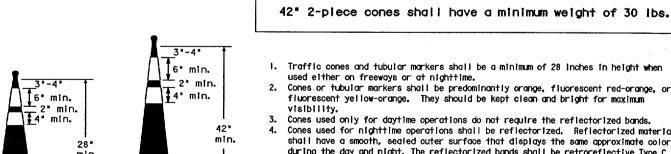
STANDARD PLANS Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPE III BARRICADE & CONES STANDARD

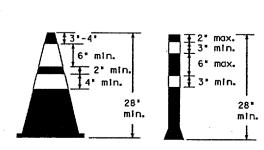
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min.



1. Signs should be mounted on independent supports at a 7 foot

2. Advance signing shall be as specified elsewhere in the plans.

mounting height in center of roadway. The signs should be a

minimum of 10 feet behind Type III Barricades.

CONES

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing payement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the pians.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and the sections where passing is permitted.
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on RC(11).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.
- 3. A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers can be found at the following web site:
- ftp://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-Info/gsd/pdf/dms4200preq.pdf
 A list of prequalified non-reflective traffic buttons can be found at the following web site:
- ftp://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-Info/gsd/pdf/4300preq.pdf

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241. A list of prequalified products can be found at the following web site:
- ftp://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/gsd/pdf/pavemark.pdf
 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foll back) shall meet
 the requirements of DMS-8240 or the TXDOT Purchase Specification
 No. 550-74-89. A list of prequalified products and a copy of the
 TXDOT Purchase Specifications can be found at web sites:
 ftp://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/gsd/pdf/pavement.pdf
 ftp://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/gsd/pdf/tss/tss377.pdf

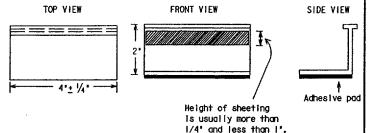
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAYEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 150 feet when liluminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria shall be replaced as required by the Engineer at the expense of the Contractor.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway, shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is open-
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than two weeks, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a disernible marking, by any method that does not materially damage the surface or texture of the pavement.
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.

Raised Pavement Markers used as Guidemarks

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)		DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS		DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES		DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS		DMS-6130
PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS-PERMANENT		DMS-8240
PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS-REMOVABLE		DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER	TABS	DMS-8242
The state of the s	INUS	DWO 0745

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be obtained by contactings

Standards Engineer
Traffic Operations Division - TE
Texas Department of Transportation
125 East 11th Street
Austin, Texas 78701-2483
Phone (512) 416-3120
Fax (512) 416-3299

instructions to locate the "CWZTCD" on TxDOT website grea

Start at website - www.dot.state.tx.us
Click on "About Tx007",
Click on "Functional Organizational Chart",
Click on Traffic Operations Box,
Click on "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices",
again click on "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices".
This site is printable.



- STANDARD PLANS Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS STANDARD

10 of 12

BC(10)-03

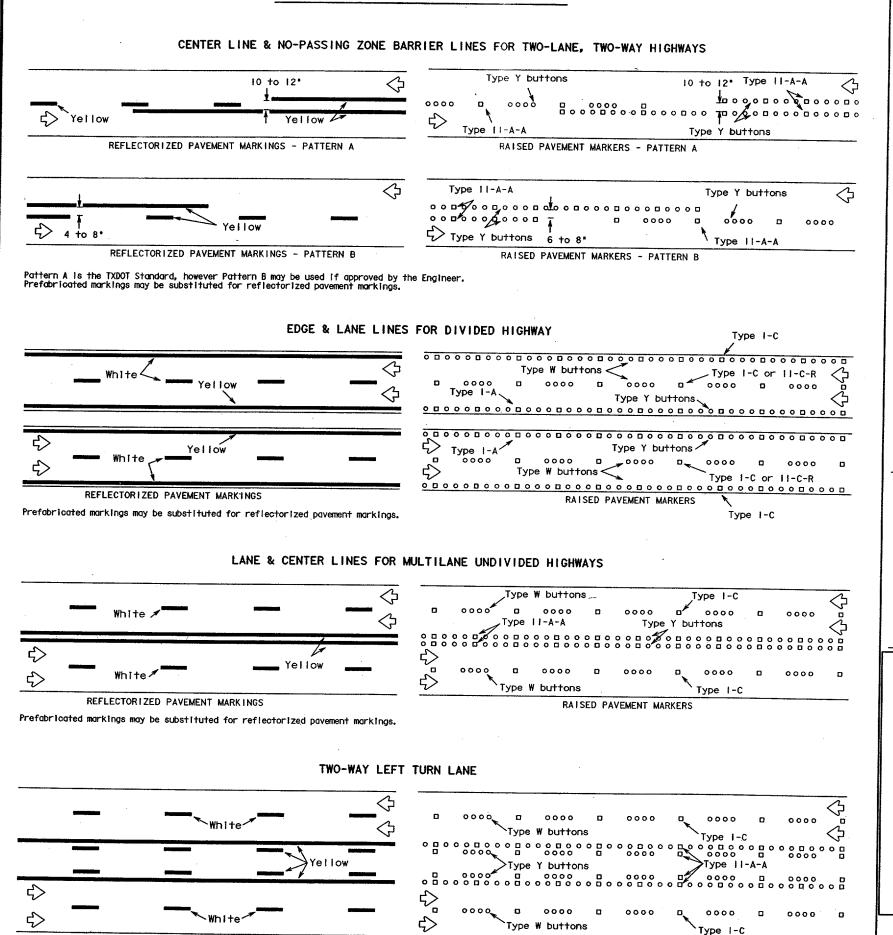
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© Tx000T	Febru	ry 1998	>→-LR	au-DTN		FDN	C- CAL
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1-02		COUNTY		CONTROL	SECTION	-408	HICHEAY
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REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.

.

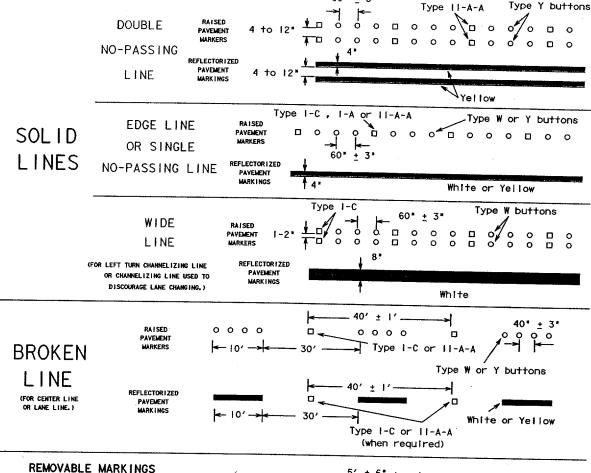
PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS



RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

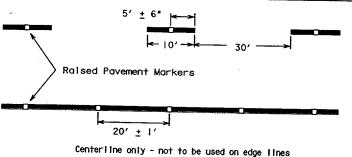
STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS

60" ± 3"



WITH RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

If raised pavement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of tape used for broken lines or at 20 foot spacing for solld lines. This allows an easier removal of raised pavement markers and tape.



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Standards Engineer Traffic Operations Division - TE Texas Department of Transportation 125 East 11th Street Austin, Texas 78701-2483 Phone (512) 416-3120 Fax (512) 416-3299

instructions to locate the "CWZTCD" on TxDOT website gree

Start at website - www.dot.state.tx.us Cilok on "About TxDOT", Cilok on "Functional Organizational Chart", Cilok on Traffic Operations Box, Cilok on "Compilant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices", again cilok on "Compilant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices". This site is printable. Raised pavement markers used as standard pavement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of Item "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS."



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS
STANDARD

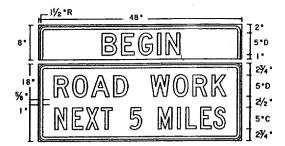
11 of 12

BC(11)-03

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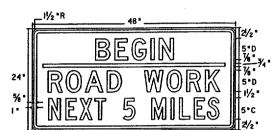




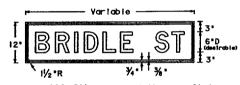


SG20-I w/plaque Numbers - Black 48" X 26"

- Black - Black Background - Orange Refl.



SG20-5T 48" X 24" Numbers - Black Border - Black Background - Orange Refl.



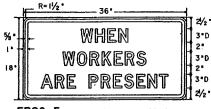
M4-9N Variable X 12"

The M4-9R, L or S sign is to be used to detour local streets or roads that are not a State or Federal numbered highway, however, It should not be used in lieu of the M4-10 sign at the beginning of the detour or to detour State or Federal numbered routes.

- Black

Background - Orange Refl.

Also, when the M4-9R, L or S sign is used, a sign (M4-9N) with the name of the street being detoured may be mounted above !t.



ER20-5 Plaque 36" X 18"

R=3"

E5-la

48" X 42"

48" ---

Letters

Arrow

Letters - Black Border - Black Background - White Refl.



- Black Plaque Background - White Refi. 24" X 12"

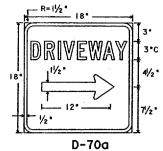
6"

- White Refl.

White Refl.

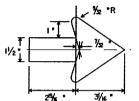
- White Refl.

12/2"



18" X 18" - White Refl.

Letters - White Refl. Symbol - White Refl. Bockground - Blue Refl.



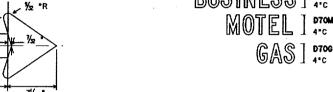


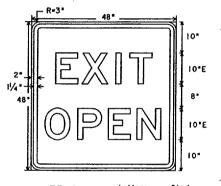
D-70S Symbol - White Refl. Border - White Refi 42" X 14" Background - Blue Refl.

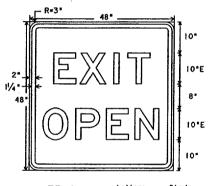
* Alternate first line legend for D-70S

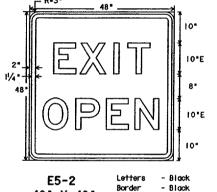
Background - Orange Refl.

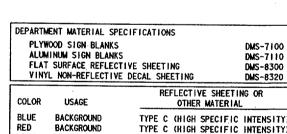
24*







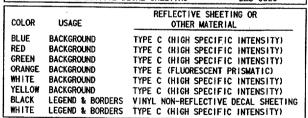




Letters

G20-2b

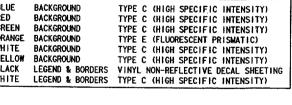
48" X 24"



- Black

- Black

Background - Orange Reft.





2. 11/4.

3 3/4

6°C

6*C

CW24-2

Var. X 48"

A mirror image may be used to show proper lane alignment.

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION REGULATORY & GUIDE SIGNS **STANDARDS**

BC(12)-03 12 of 12

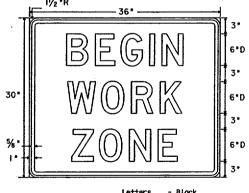
© TxDOT February 1998 | Mar-GRB | Mar-BAS | Mar-FDN ox - CAL 10-99 11-02 DAL 6 FEDERAL AND PROJECT SHEET CM XXXX (XXX) 18 DALLAS

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the *Compilant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List* (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be obtained by contactings

Standards Engineer Traffic Operations Division - TE Texas Department of Transportation 125 East 11th Street Austin, Texas 78701-2483 Phone (512) 416-3120 Fox (512) 416-3299

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EG20-9T 36" X 30"

- Black Border

15/6 "->

171/4

B-1 Arrow Detail

3% •

14/4"

Letters - Black



48" X 48"

Letters - Black - Black Background - Orange Refl.

Background - Orange Refl.



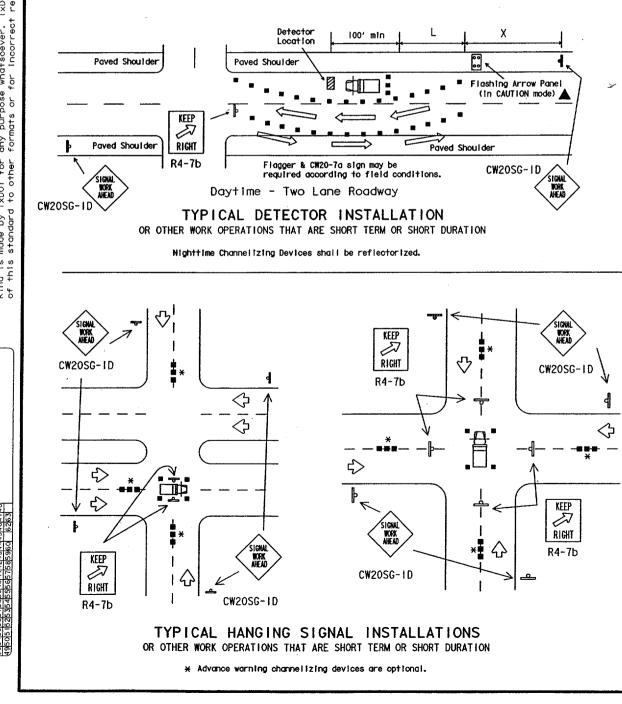
Flagger & FCW20-7a sign may be

Location

required according to field conditions.

CW20-5R

Daytime - Four Lane Roadway

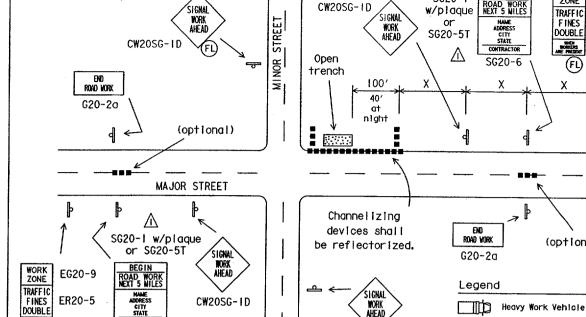


CW20-5R

CW20SG-ID

Formulo Distance 30 150 165 180 30 120' 35 205' 225' 245' 35' 70'-90' 1604 40 265' 295' 320' 40' 80'-100' 240' 45 450' 495' 540' 45' 90'-110' 3201 50 500' 550' 600' 50' 100'-125' 400' 55 550' 605' 660' 55' 110'-140' 500' 60 600' 660' 720' 60' 120' -150' 600' 65 650' 715' 780' 65' 130' -165' 700' 70 700' 770' 840' 70' 140' -175' 8001 75 750' 825' 900' 75' 150'-185' 9001

**Toper lengths have been rounded off.
L-Length of Toper (FT.) W-Width of Offset (FT.) S-Posted Speed (MPH)



TYPICAL ADVANCE SIGNING

FOR LONG TERM and INTERMEDIATE-TERM STATIONARY WORK OPERATIONS Observe Warning Signs State Law (R20-3) shall be required.

CW20SG-1D

Location will be as directed by the Engineer.

▲ The arrow panel may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.

1. Typical channelizing device is the 28° cone.

SG20-1

2. Plastic drums or vertical panels may be used if approved by the Engineer.

3. For several closely adjoining projects, advance signing may not be required in advance of each intersection, but only in advance of the intersections at the project

4. See details elsewhere in the plans for advance signing requirements.

5. Advance signs shall be in place when signal construction operations are in progress.

6. The contractor shall remove advance signs when no

construction operations are underway.

7. Obstructions or hazards at the work area shall be clearly marked and delineated at all times.

8. All holes, trenches or other hazardous areas shall be

adequately protected by lights or other protective devices. 9. Trenches shall be covered or surrounded with orange plastic construction fence as directed by the Engineer.

10. Flagger and FCW20-7a sign may be required according to field conditions.

II. Vehicles parked in roadway shall be equipped with two

12. High level flags at corners of vehicle may also be used.

13. Work operations that require work vehicle in traveled way 20 minutes or less may use cones, high level flags and strobes as advance warning devices.

14. Cones should only be placed around vehicle.

15. Flaggers may be used on high speed rural intersections.



STANDARD PLANS Texas Department of Transportation

WORK ZONE

TRAFFIC

FINES

DOUBLE

WHEN WORKERS AME PRESENT

(FL)

(optional)

Channelizing Devices

Flashing Arrow Panel

Flashing Warning Light

EG20-9

ER20-5

ER20-5

Plaque

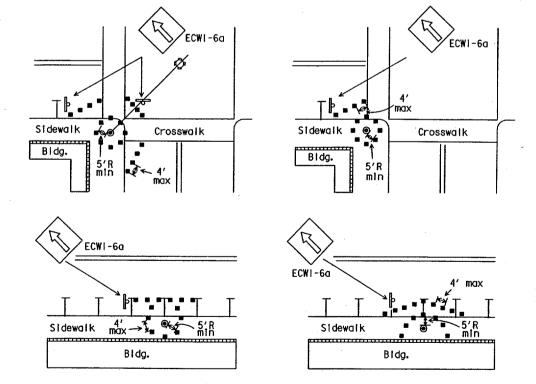
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TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION TYPICAL DETAILS

SHEET I OF 2

WZ (BTS-1) -03

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ER20-5

P laque

(FL)

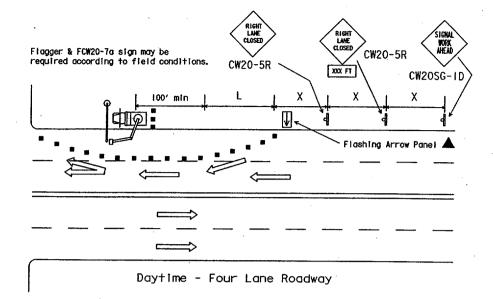
SG20-6

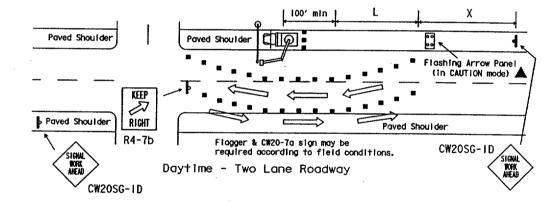
Channelizing devices should not be placed closer than 5 foot radius (minimum) to signal poles. Parking may be eliminated by placing channelizing devices in spaces. If pedestrian walkways are blocked, refer to the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD) Part 6.

TYPICAL RESTRICTED PEDESTRIAN MOVEMENTS

FOR ALL WORK OPERATIONS REGARDLESS OF WORK DURATION

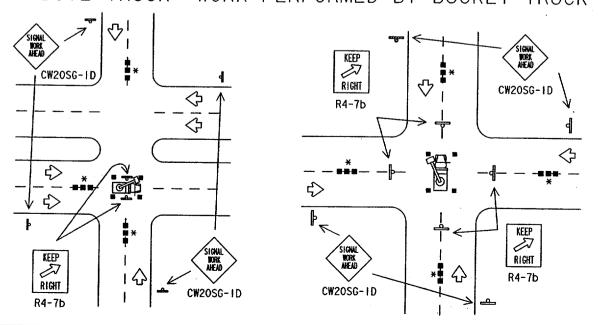
"ABOVE LANE" WORK PERFORMED BY BUCKET TRUCK





▲ The arrow panel may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.

"ABOVE TRUCK" WORK PERFORMED BY BUCKET TRUCK



GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- Nails shall NOT be used to attach signs to any support.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- 6. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the inspector's TXDOT diary and having both the inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes. The additional signs requested by the Engineer/Inspector shall not be subsidiary.
- 7. The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so that the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- 8. The contractor is responsible for sign installations and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- 9. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification
- 10. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

Duration of Work (as defined by the TMUTCD Part 6)

The types of sign supports, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring that the sign support and substrate meets crashworthiness and length of work requirements.

- a. Long-term stationary is work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- b. Intermediate-term stationary is work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than I hour.
- c. Short-term stationary is daytime work that occupies a location for more than I hour, but less than 12 hours.
- d. Short duration is work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. e. Mobile is work that moves intermittently or continuously.

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above the ground.
- Long-term/intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday.
- 5. Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- 2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This type of sign support meets the crashworthiness standards regardless of the direction of impact. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on skilds shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- 6. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face. These materials can damage the retroreflectivity of sign sheeting. 7. Signs shall be removed upon completion of the work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- i. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended.
- 2. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
- Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- Rubber (such as tire Inner tubes) shall NOT be used for sandbags.
- Rubber ballasts (such as those used with cones or edge) ine channelizers) shall NOT be used as sign support weights.
- 8. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- 9. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skild and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be obtained by contactings

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instructions to locate the "CWZTCD" on TxDOT website area

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Cilck on "About TxDOT".

Click on "Organizational Chart". Click on Traffic Operations Box.

Citck on "Compilant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices",

Cilck on "Ylew PDF".

This site is printable.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

PLYWOOD SIGN BLANKS DMS-7100 ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS DMS-7110 FLAT SURFACE REFLECTIVE SHEETING DMS-8300 FLEXIBLE ROLL-UP REFLECTIVE SIGNS DMS-8310 VINYL NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING DMS-8320

COLOR HSAGE SHEETING MATERIAL

ORANGE BACKGROUND TYPE E (FLUORESCENT PRISMATIC) WHITE RACKGROUND TYPE C (HIGH SPECIFIC INTENSITY) LEGEND & BORDERS TYPE C (HIGH SPECIFIC INTENSITY) LEGEND & BORDERS VINYL NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

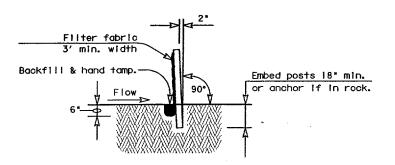


TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION BARRICADES AND SIGNS

SHEET 2 OF 2

WZ (BTS-2) -03

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3-03		DALL	4S	****	**	***	VA



SECTION A-A

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

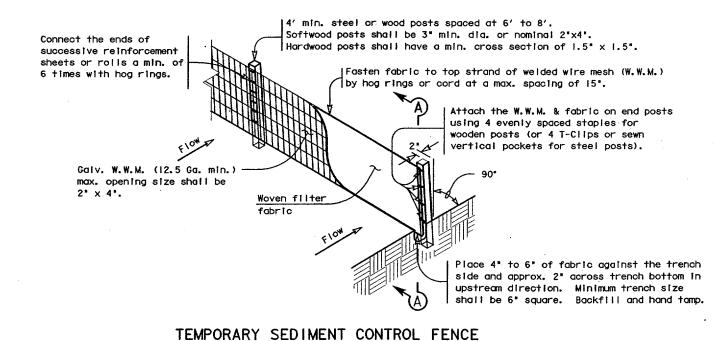
Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a max. flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT². Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

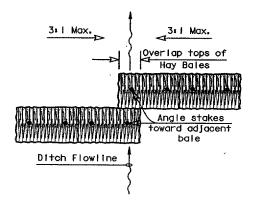
PLAN SHEET LEGENE

Sediment Control Fence ——(

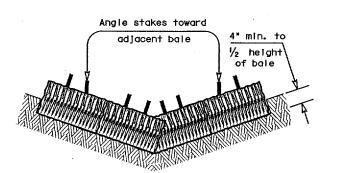
GENERAL NOTES

The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.





PLAN VIEW



PROFILE VIEW



BALED HAY USAGE GUIDELINES

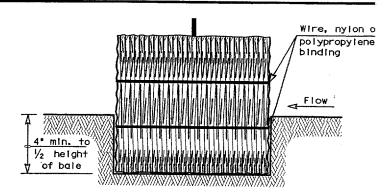
A Baled Hay Installation may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A two year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered. The installation should be sized to filter a maximum flow thru rate of 5 GPM/FT² of cross sectional area. Baled hay may be used at the following locations:

- Where the runoff approaching the baled hay flows over disturbed soll for less than 100'. If the slope of the disturbed soll exceeds 10%, the length of slope upstream the baled hay should be less than 50'.
- 2. Where the installation will be required for less than 3 months.
- 3. Where the contributing drainage area is less than $\frac{1}{2}$ acre.

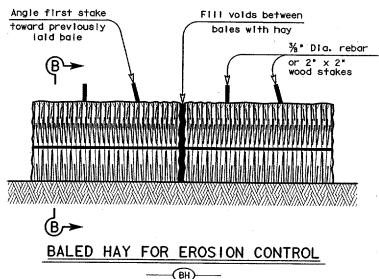
For Baled Hay Installations in small ditches, the additional following considerations apply:

- The ditch sidesiopes should be graded as flat as possible to maximize the drainage flowrate thru the hay.
- The ditch should be graded large enough to contain the overtopping drainage when sediment has filled to the top of the baled hay.

Bales should be replaced usually every 2 months or more often during wet weather when loss of structural integrity is accelerated.

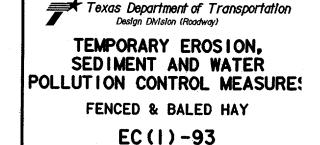


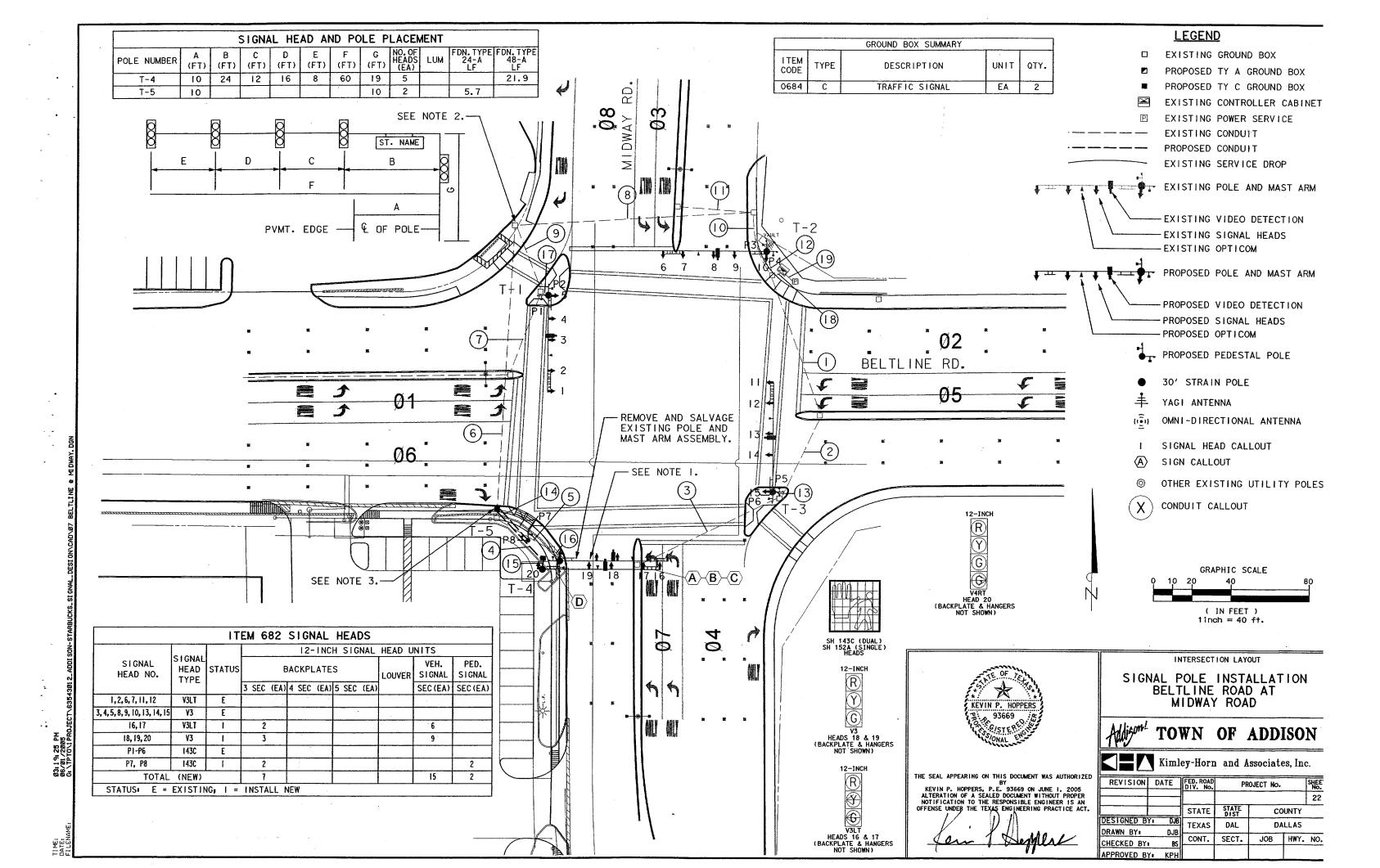
SECTION B-B



GENERAL NOTES

- i. Hay bales shall be a minimum of 30° in length and weigh a minimum of 50 Lbs.
- Hay bales shall be bound by either wire or nylon or polypropylene string. The bales shall be composed entirely of vegetative matter.
- 3. Hay bales shall be embedded in the soli a minimum of 4° and where possible $\frac{1}{2}$ the height of the bale.
- Hay bales shall be placed in a row with ends tightly abutting the adjacent bales. The bales shall be placed with bindings parallel to the ground.
- 5. Hay bales shall be securely anchored in place with ¾ Dia. rebar or 2" x 2" wood stakes, driven through the bales. The first stake shall be angled towards the previously laid bale to force the bales together.
- The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.





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RUN	TI S				18 CON AND TY			1	M 620 ELI CONDUCT	ECTRICAL	ITEM 68		L CABLE	OPTI-	ITEM		
NO.	3 1	<u> </u>					금입			01(3		TYPE A		СОМ		LENGTH	RUN
	CONDUIT STATUS	2" RM	2" PVC	3" PVC	2" PVC (BORED)	3" PVC (BORED)	CAB	NO. 8 BARE		NO. 12 INSULATED	5 CNDR NO. 12	7 CNDR NO. 12	20 CNDR NO. 12	CABLE	VIVDS COAX	OF RUN	NO.
11	E						E					7.1		<u> </u>		75	1
2	Е						Ε									46	2
3	Ε						Ε	ļ								80	3
4	I		1	1			I	1								35	4
5	A						Ε									32	5
6	E						1					1				148	6
7	Α						E									45	-7
8	E						I		<u></u>			1				123	8
9	E						E									36	9
10	Ε						I					1				35	10
11	Α						_E									39	11
12	E						E									12	12
13	E						E									5	13
14	I			1			I	1				1				22	14
15	I		1	_1_			I	1								6	15
16	A						E									7	16
17	E						Ε									5	17
18	E						I					1				6	18
13				\dashv			E									9	19
-1	E		\dashv				-										
-2	E			\dashv			E										T-1
-3	E	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv			E										T-2
-4	ī	\dashv	\dashv				I				3						T-3
-5	ī	\dashv	-	\dashv			I				3					80	T-4
TOT		0	51	78	0	0	-	93	0	- 0 -	270	404	0	0	0	10	T-5

	VID	EO DETECTO	R SUMMARY	
VIVDS CAMER	DETECTION ZONE	INSTALL MOUNTING	SETTING	FUNCTION
1	Ø6	MAST ARM	PRESENCE	CALL Ø6
2	Ø3	MAST ARM	PRESENCE	CALL Ø3
2	Ø8	MAST ARM	PRESENCE	CALL Ø8
3	Ø2	MAST ARM	PRESENCE	CALL Ø2
44	Ø4	MAST ARM	PRESENCE	CALL Ø4

1. CONTRACTOR TO REMOVE AND SALVAGE EXISTING POLE AND MAST ARM ASSEMBLY. CONTRACTOR WILL DELIVER SALVAGED EQUIPMENT TO THE TOWN OF ADDISON. CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE WITH THE TOWN OF ADDISON AS TO TIME AND PLACE OF DELIVERY. CONTRACTOR TO INSTALL NEW POLE AND MAST ARM ASSEMBLY COMPLETE IN PLACE PRIOR TO REMOVAL OF EXISTING ASSEMBLY.

2. CONTRACTOR WILL REMOVE EXISTING 20-CONDUCTOR SIGNAL CABLE, VIVDS COAXIAL CABLE, OPTICOM CABLE, AND ILSN CABLE FROM EXISTING POLE AND MAST ARM ASSEMBLY TO PROPOSED GROUND BOX ON THE NW CORNER OF THE INTERSECTION. CONTRACTOR TO ATTACH A PULL LINE TO CONDUCTORS IN RUN NO. 6 BEFORE REMOVING FROM CONDUIT.

3. CONTRACTOR WILL INSTALL TYPE C GROUND BOX DIRECTLY OVER EXISTING CONDUIT RUN NO. 6 ON SW CORNER AS SHOWN. ONCE THE NEW GROUND BOX IS INSTALLED AT THE SW CORNER, CONTRACTOR TO PULL THE EXISTING CONDUCTORS THROUGH EXISTING CONDUIT RUN NO. 6 INTO THE NEW GROUND BOX, AND THEN THROUGH THE NEW CONDUITS . CONTRACTOR TO PULL EXISTING CABLE THROUGH PROPOSED CONDUIT TO NEW POLE AND MAST ARM ASSEMBLY.

4. CONTRACTOR TO PAINT ALL GALVANIZED STEEL POLES AND MAST ARMS DARK BRONZE.

CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBLE FOR LOCATING UTILITY LINES PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF TRAFFIC SIGNAL EQUIPMENT.

CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE WITH THE TOWN OF ADDISON TO DETERMINE PROPER OFF PEAK TIME DURING WHICH SIGNAL WILL BE OUT OF OPERATION. PROPER TRAFFIC CONTROL SHOULD BE COORDINATED WITH THE TOWN OF ADDISON AND TOWN OF ADDISON POLICE.

		ESTIMATED QUANTITIES		
ITEM NO.	CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
0416	2002	DRILL SHAFT (24 IN)	LF	5.7
0416	2006	DRILL SHAFT (48 IN)	LF	21.9
0500	2001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1
0502	2001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	3
0618	2018	CONDT (PVC) (SCHD 40) (2")	LF	51
0618	2022	CONDT (PVC) (SCHD 40) (3")	LF	78
0620	2011	ELEC CONDR (NO. 8) BARE	LF	93
0624	2012	GROUND BOX TY C (162911) W/APRON	EA	2
0636	2001	ALUMINUM SIGNS (TY A)	SF	15.5
0682	2001	BACK PLATE (12 IN) (3 SEC)	EA	5
0682	2014	PED SIG SEC (12 IN) LED (2 INDICATIONS)	EA	2
0682	2022	VEH SIG SEC (12 IN) LED (GRN ARW)	EA	3
0682	2023	VEH SIG SEC (12 IN) LED (GRN)	EA	3
0682	2024	VEH SIG SEC (12 IN) LED (YEL ARW)	EA	2
0682	2025	VEH SIG SEC (12 IN) LED (YEL)	EA	3
0682	2027	VEH SIG SEC (12 IN) LED (RED)	EA	5
0684	2010	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (12 AWG) (5 CONDR)	LF	270
0684	2012	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (12 AWG) (7 CONDR)	LF	404
0686	2060	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S) 1 ARM (60') ILSN	EA	1
0687	2001	PED POLE ASSEMBLY	EA	1
0688	2001	PED DETECT (2 INCH PUSH BTN)	EA	2
6007	2001	REMOVING TRAFFIC SIGNALS	EA	1
6044	2002	VIVDS CAMERA ASSEMBLY	EA	<u> </u>

GREEN ARROW ONLY





◆ BELT LINE RD. → XXXX XXXX

(D)

		*SIGNS	SUMMAR	Υ				
ID	TYPE	LEGEND	EXIST	REM	REL	REP	INST	LOCATION
(A)	R10-5	LEFT ON GREEN ARROW ONLY					Х	T-4 MAST ARM
⑧	R3-8L	DUAL LEFT ARROWS					Х	T-4 MAST ARM
©	R3-4	NO U-TURN					х	T-4 MAST ARM
(D)	ILSN	XXXX BELT LINE RD. XXXX					Х	T-4 MAST ARM
TOT	AL							

EXIST = EXISTING; REM = REMOVE; REL = RELOCATE; REP = REPLACE; INST = INSTALL ILSN = ILLUMINATED STREET NAME SIGN

SIGNS D SHALL BE ILLUMINATED STREET NAME (ILSN) SIGNS PER TOWN OF ADDISON STANDARDS. LOCATIONS OF SIGNS SHOWN ARE FOR DIAGRAMMATIC PURPOSES ONLY. LOCATIONS CAN BE ADJUSTED WITH APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER.

SEE "SAMPLE MAST ARM CONFIGURATION" SHEET FOR DETAILS OF MAST ARM MOUNTED EQUIPMENT.



THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY KEVIN P. HOPPERS, P.E. 93669 ON JUNE 1, 2005 ALTERATION OF A SEALED DOCUMENT WITHOUT PROPER NOTIFICATION TO THE RESPONSIBLE ENGINEER IS AN OFFENSE UNDER THE TEXAS ENGINEERING PRACTICE ACT.

INTERSECTION LAYOUT

SIGNAL POLE INSTALLATION BELTLINE ROAD AT MIDWAY ROAD

TOWN OF ADDISON

KimleyeHern and Assectates, Inc. REVISION DATE FED. ROAD DIV. No. PROJECT No. CM XXXX(XXX) DESIGNED BY: DJB TEXAS DAL DALLAS

CONT. SECT.

JOB HWY. NO.

VA

1. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL ELECTRICAL WORK

The location of all conductors, conduits, function boxes, ground boxes, and electrical services is digarammatic only and may be shifted by the Engineer to accommodate local conditions.

Materials shall be new and unused. Materials and installation shall comply with the applicable provisions of the National Electrical Code (NEC), National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) standards, and shall be Underwriters Laboratories (UL) Listed unless otherwise shown on the plans or specifications or approved by the Engineer in writing. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material. equipment, or installation shall be justification for rejection. When reference is made to UL, it can be considered to mean a Nationally Recognized Independent Testing Lab (NRTL). Comparable standards of Canadian Standard Association, Electrical Testing Laboratories or Egotory Mutual can be equal to the referenced UL standard. Where reference is made to NEMA listed devices, IEC listed devices shall not be considered to be an acceptable equal to a NEMA listed device. Acceptable devices may have both a NEMA and IEC listing.

With the exception of high strength boits, miscellaneous nuts, boits and hardware may be stainless steel when plans specify galvanized, provided that boilts are 1/2 inch or less in diameter. The Contractor shall provide the following electrical test instruments as required by the Engineer to confirm compliance with the contract and the NEC. Those test instruments are voltmeter, amp probe, megger (1000 yolf DC) and torque wrenches. All meters shall have been properly calibrated within one year. Calibration certification shall be provided to the Engineer upon request. Calibration certification tag shall also be applied to the meter. The Contractor shall operate meters during inspection as requested by the Engineer. Grounding shall be as shown on the plans and in accordance with the NEC. Metallic conduit, light poles. Luminaires on bridge structures, and all metal enclosures shall be bonded to the system-grounding conductor. The ground rod in each ground box or function box at the bridge ends, and in each ground box installed for underpass lighting will gise be bonded to the system grounding conductor. The grounding conductor shall be bare or, if insulated, shall be green. Ground rods, connectors, and bonding jumpers will not be paid for separately, but will be subsidiary to the various bid items.

The contractor shall submit for approval six (6) copies of catalog cut sheets for each of the following three (3) categories. Category I. Electrical services including photocell.

Catagory 2. Breakaway disconnects, heat shrink tubing, heat shrink filler tape, GelCaps and ground boxes which will include loading capacity certification.

Category 3. Highmast assembly kits, when applicable. See Item 614 "Highmast Hilumination Assemblies". Submittals shall be legible and shall be marked to indicate which product on a cut sheet is to be supplied. Where manufacturers provide warranties and guarantees as a customary trade practice, the Contractor shall furnish to the State such warranties and quarantees.

Any deviation from plans or specifications, including deviations due to plan error should be prominently displayed on the submittal. Any changes not prominently noted in submittal and incorporated into the work without proper authorization will constitute grounds for rejection of that portion of the work.

II. CONDUIT

A. MATERIALS

- 1. Conduit and fittings shall be UL Listed for the intended use shown on plan sheets.
- 2. Conduit shall be the type shown by descriptive code or shown elsewhere on the plans. Substitution of the various types of conduits will not be permitted. All flexible conduit in rigid metallic conduit (RMC) systems shall be Liquidtight Flexible Metal (LFMC) conduit. All flexible conduit in PVC systems shall be Liquidtight Flexible Non-metallic conduit (LFNC).

 3. All exposed conduits shall be RMC, unless otherwise specifically shown on the plans. All metal conduit shall be properly grounded
- 4. Couplings, connectors, conduit bodies, grounding bushings, and offset nipples for RMC shall be electro-zinc plated steel or hot
- dipped galvanized maileable iron, threaded or threadless compression type, rain-tight and shall be UL listed for the intended use.
- 5. Expansion joints for metal conduit shall be provided with an internal or external bonding jumper and shall be UL listed. 6. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, function box minimum sizes shall be in accordance with the following table which applies to the greatest number of conductors entering the box through one conduit with no more than four conduits per box. When a mixture of conductor sizes are present, the conductors shall be counted as if all are of the larger size. Situations not applicable to the table shall be sized in accordance with NEC 370-28.

AWG	3 CONDUCTORS	5 CONDUCTORS	7 CONDUCTORS
*	10" x 10" x 4"	12" x 12" x 4"	16" x 16" x 4"
*2	8" x 8" x 4"	10" x 10" x 4"	12" x 12" x 4"
#4	8" x 8" x 4"	10" x 10" x 4"	10° x 10° x 4°
*6	8" x 8" x 4"	8" x 8" x 4"	10" x 10" x 4"
*8	8" x 8" x 4"	8" x 8" x 4"	8" x 8" x 4"

- 7. RMC system junction boxes equal to or smaller, in any dimension, than 12 x 12 x 6 (HxWxD), surface mounted and containing conductors *8 or larger, shall be not dipped galvanized cast from with minimum wall thickness of 3/16 inch, shall have external mounting lugs, and shall be UL listed Crouse-Hinds Type WAB, OZ/Gedney Type YS or approved equal. Unless otherwise shown elsewhere on the plans, RMC system junction boxes larger than the aforementioned boxes but equal to or smaller, in any dimension, than 18 x 18 x 6 (HxMXD) shall be 14-ga, stainless steel, RMC system junction boxes larger than 18 x 8 x 6 (HxMXD) shall be 12-ga, stainless steel. All metal junction boxes shall be equipped with a threaded hole or lug for grounding. Stainless steel boxes 12 x 12 x 6 and larger need not be UL Listed but shall meet the other requirements of the NEC and shall have ribs, stiffeners, or thicker metal and shall have external mounting feet. Junction boxes with an internal volume of more than 100 cu. In. may be supported by connection of two or more rigid metal conduits, where specifically shown on the plans or where approved by the Engineer.
- 8. Junction boxes containing only *10 or *12 AWG conductors shall be Crouse Hinds Type GREX, Appleton Type JBOX, two-gang FD, or similar approved cost Iron box. Boxes shall be sized according to NEC Table 370-16(a).
- 9. IMC and EMT conduit shall not be used unless specifically required by the plan layout sheets, Junction boxes in EMT conduit systems shall be made from adjugated sheeting and shall be UL listed and approved for autdoor use, unless otherwise noted on the plans. Sheet metal junction boxes shall be sized in accordance with the NEC. Junction boxes for IMC conduit systems shall meet the requirements of boxes used with RMC systems.
- 10. Junction boxes in PVC conduit systems shall be PVC, intended for outdoor use, unless otherwise noted on the plans.

 11. Elbows in PVC conduit systems one inch and larger shall be rigid metal, with the exception of traffic signal systems which may have PVC elbows instead of rigid. If any part of the rigid metal elbow is buried less than 18 inches underground the elbow and rigid metal extension shall be grounded. Grounding shall be accomplished by means of a grounding bushing installed on the extension. Unless specifically shown on the plans, rigid metal elbows containing, or entering ground boxes containing only communications conductors, loop detectors, or other low voltage power limited circuits need not be grounded unless a ground wire is present in the conduit or ground box. The rigid metal elbows located in concrete foundations may be extended with PVC conduit and need not be grounded provided that the end of the eibow nearest the end of the conduit run exiting the foundation is at least 2 inches below the concrete. RMC elbows will not be eliminated. RMC elbows will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to various
- 12. High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) conduit shall meet the requirements of Item 622, Duct Cable, except that the HDPE conduit, when bid under Item 618, Conduit, shall not contain factory installed conductors. Fittings for HDPE conduit shall be UL listed as an electrical conduit connector or shall be thermally fused using an electrically heated wound wire resistance welding method. HDPE conduit may be substituted for bored schedule 40 or schedule 80 PVC conduit. When such substitution is made, bored HDPE shall be schedule 40 of the size PVC being replaced. The HDPE conduit shall transition to PVC (or RMC elbow when required) at the bore pit. Size and schedule shall be as shown on the plans. Substituted conduit may not be extended to ground boxes or foundations, RMC elbows shall be installed at ground boxes and foundations. RMC elbows will not be eliminated.
- 13. All conduit support hardware including straps, nuts, bolts, screws, retaining anchors and washers shall be hot dipped galvanized or stainless steel. Strut type conduit straps shall be stainless steel or hot dipped galvanized. Strut type straps need not be made of malleable type material. Stamped-cadmium plated straps will not be allowed. Straps having only one mounting hole shall not be allowed for use on condults 2 inches and larger with the exception of electrical service poles where stainless steel standoff straps will be allowed. Two piece conduit straps designed to be used with a mounting shoe shall be installed only with the correctly sized shoe.

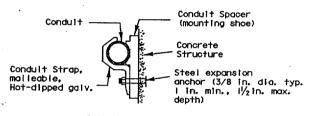
B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Conduit in structures shall have expansion fittings at structure expansion joints. All straight runs of RMC conduit exposed on structures such as bridges shall have expansion joints installed at maximum intervals of 150 feet. Expansion joints shall be installed so they allow for movement of the conduit. Installation of the joint in such a manner that will not allow for movement shall be repaired at no expense to the state. The method of determining the final setting length of the expansion joint shall be provided to the Engineer upon request.
- 2. Conduit supports shall be spaced at maximum intervals of 5 feet. Conduit spacers shall be used with metal conduit placed on surfaces of concrete structures (See conduit mounting options).
- 3. Conduit supports shall not be attached directly to prestressed concrete beams except as shown specifically in the plans and
- 4. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, conduit placed beneath existing roadways, driveways, or sidewalks, or after the base or surfacing operation has begun, shall be accomplished by Jacking or boring. The Contractor shall back fill and compact the bore pits to the bottom of the conduit prior to installing connecting conduit or duct cable to prevent bending of the connection.

 5. Conduit trenched in the subgrade of new roadways shall be backfilled with excavated material, unless otherwise noted on the
- plans. Conduit trenched in the sub-base of new roadways shall be backfilled with cement-stablilized base.
- 6. Open ends of all conduit and raceways shall be fitted with temporary caps or plugs to prevent entry of dirt, debris and rodents during construction. The temporary cap may be constructed of duct tape, but in all cases shall be tightly fixed to the conduit and shall be durable. The contractor shall clean out the conduit and prove it clear in accordance with Standard Specifications Item 618.3 prior to installing any conductors.
- 7. Conduit entry into the top of enclosures such as safety switches, meter cans, service enclosures, auxiliary enclosures and junction boxes shall be made weatherproof using conduit sealing hubs, or threaded bosses.
- 8. A bonding jumper shall be installed from each grounding bushing to the nearest grounding rod, grounding lug, and/or equipment grounding conductor. All jumpers shall be the same size as equipment grounding conductor. Conduit used as casing under roadways for duct cable need not be grounded if duct extends full length through the casing. At electrical services, grounding electrode conductor shall be a solid Copper #6 AWG.
- 9. Metal function boxes shall be bonded to the grounding conductor in accordance with the NEC.
- 10. Conduits entering ground boxes shall be placed so that the conduit ends shall be not less than 3 inches nor more than 6 inches from bottom of box (See ground box detail on sheet ED(3).
- ii. Conduit ends shall be sealed with heat shrink boots with waterproof sealant, urethane foam, or by other methods approved by the Engineer. Sealing shall be done after completion of any required pull tests. Duct tape shall not be used as a permanent conduit ealant. Silicone caulking shall not be used as a segiant.
- 12. All strut mounting material and hardware shall be hot-dip galvanized or shall be stainless steel. The cut ends of strut and non-gaivanized rigid metal conduit threads shall be coated with a zinc rich paint (90% or more zinc content). Zinc rich paint may only be used to touch up galvanized material as allowed under item 445.6 galvanizing. The painting of non-galvanized naterial with a zinc rich paint shall not be considered as an approved alternative for galvanized materials.
- 13. All PVC conduit terminations shall be fitted with bushings or bell ends. All metal conduit terminations shall be fitted with a grounding type bushing.

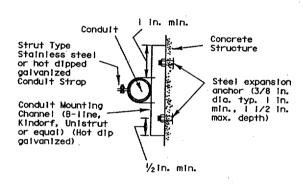
5/03 Revision

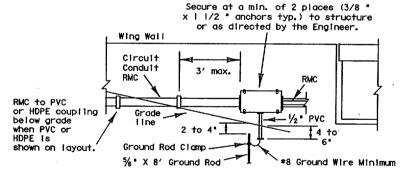
Revised



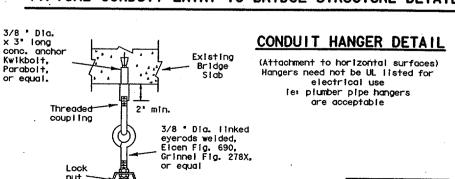
CONDUIT MOUNTING OPTIONS

(Attachment to concrete surfaces) (See para, 11.8.2)





TYPICAL CONDUIT ENTRY TO BRIDGE STRUCTURE DETAIL



Adjustable

Condul!

hanger Blow Knox Fig. 9 Elcen Fig. 13,

NOTES

- Ground rod clamp to be UL listed for direct burial.
- 2.) For conduit placed in structure, use flush-mounted box.
- 3.) Bond junction box and metal conduits to equipment grounding conductor and grounding electrode conductor using listed connector.
- 4.) Seal all conduits entering the
- junction box from underground. 5.) Install bell end or bushing on
- 1/2 * PVC conduit both ends. 6.) Ground rod to be driven within 8 Inches of 1/2 Inch PVC conduit end.



ELECTRICAL DETAILS-CONDUIT

ED(1)-03

©TxD01	Januar	y 1992	Diá - KB	CK: - JW	DW:- DN	ox GC	MEG NO.2
REVISIONS	STATE DISTRICT	FEBERAL REGION		FEDERAL AIB PR	MECT TO BLC	1	SHEET
4-98 12-00	DAL	6		CM XXXX (XXX)		24
3-03	Ĺ.	COUNT	Y	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HICHWAY
5-03		DALL	AS	***	**	***	VA

I. ELECTRICAL CONDUCTORS

A. MATERIALS

- 1. Insulated conductors shall be NEC Type XHHW. Insulated conductors shall be color coded in accordance with the NEC, articles 200, 250, and 310, f.e. Insulation of grounded conductors (neutrals) shall be white. Grounding conductors (ground wires) shall be bare or insulation shall be green. Insulation of ungrounded conductors (hots) shall be any color except green, white, or gray. Identification of conductors #6 American Wire Guage (AWG) and smaller shall be by continuous jacket color. Color coding of electrical conductors #4 AWG and larger shall be either by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. Colored tape marker shall consist of a half-lap of tape covering a 6-inch length of conductor.
- 2. Where two or more circuits are present in one conduit or enclosure, the conductors of each circuit shall be identified by a permanent non-metallic tag at each accessible location. The tag shall be fastened to the conductors by two plastic straps. Each tag shall
- Indicate circuit number, letter, or other identification shown in the plans.

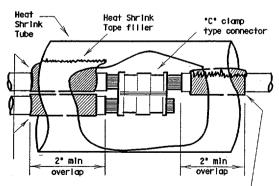
 3. Grounding electrode conductor *6 AWG for bonding to ground rod at electrical service, shall be solid. Connection of conductor to ground rod shall be made using UL Listed connectors designed for such purposes.
- 4. Heat Shrink Tape filler shall be used to seal the ends of heat shrink tubing around two or more conductors that are insulated with heat shrink tubing. Tape material shall have a minimum dielectric strength of 225 volts per mil and shall be cross-linked butyl rubber. Tape shall be supplied in rolls and shall have a backing (release paper) to prevent the tape from sticking to itself.

 5. Heat shrink tubing shall be heavy wall. UL listed for 600 volts or greater and shall have factory applied internal sealant.
- 6. GelCaps shall be UL listed for 600-volt applications. GelCap shall have see-through elastomer moided cover. Cover shall be filled with high dielectric insulating gel silicone sealant to provide waterseal. Cover shall be held in place by snap-lock, moided clamp
- made of UV stable polypropylene. 7. Splicing materials, insulating materials, breakaway disconnects, GelCaps and fuse holders will not be paid for directly but shall be subsidiary to various bid items.

B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. After conductors have been installed in conduit, a pull test shall be made on conductors. When any length of conductor cannot be freely pulled, the Contractor shall make any needed alterations or repairs at no expense to the State.
- 2. The Contractor shall perform insulation resistance tests in accordance with item 620, "Electrical Conductors." The Contractor shall coordinate with the Engineer to witness the tests.
- 3. A sufficient length of conductor for making up connections shall be left in ground boxes (2 feet minimum, 3 feet maximum, to point of splice, 3 feet minimum, 4 feet maximum, when conductor is pulled through with no splice), enclosures, weatherheads and pole bases (I foot minimum, 1.5 feet maximum).
- 4. Splices shall be made only in function boxes, ground boxes, pole bases, or electrical enclosures and shall be made with listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, bolted lugs, or split bolt connectors. Splices shall be insulated with heavy wall heat shrink tubing or GelCaps and shall be made so as to provide a watertight splice. Heat shrink sleeve shall overlap conductor insulation a minimum of 2 inches on both sides of the splice. Where heat shrink tubing may not shrink sufficiently to provide a watertight seal around the individual conductors, prior to heating the tubing, the Contractor shall increase the diameter of the conductors insulation using heat shrink filler tape to provide a watertight seal between the individual conductors and the heat shrink tubing. Tape shall be visible after completion of all splices. Where filler tape is used but not visible, the Engineer shall approve each individual splice by conducting a physical inspection of each splice. When it appears the tubing has been burned, or overheated the tubing shall be considered to be defective and shall be replaced.
- 5. GelCaps when used in place of heat shrink method of splicing, shall be sized and installed according to manufacturer's specifications. (Raychem GelCap and GelCap SL or equal.)
- 6. Wire nuts may be used for *8 AWG or smaller conductors in above-ground junction boxes, but not in pole bases or ground boxes. Wire nuts shall be positioned upright to prevent the accumulation of water. Wire nuts used at these locations shall have factory
- 7. Conductors in Illumination poles shall be supported by a J-hook in the top of the pole.
 8. All conductors bid under Item 620 "Electrical Conductors" shall have breakaway electrical disconnects installed anytime conductors pass through a break-away support device.
- 9. For terminating the conductors, insulation-jacketing material shall be removed in such a manner as to not nick any of the individual strands of the conductor. When individual conductor strands are removed, the conductor shall be considered to be damaged.

 10. When a conductor or cable has been damaged, or falls to pass an insulation resistance test, the conductor shall be replaced.
- II. Duct tape, black electrical tape, or wire nuts shall not be used in the repair of a damaged conductor.
- 12. For terminations, no more than one wire may be installed under a single pressure connector, unless the device is listed for more than
- 13. Conductors connected to break-away in line fuse holders must be installed in accordance with the specific manufacturer's installation instructions. Where threaded connections are made, they shall be properly torqued. Where crimp type connections are made, crimps shall be made using properly sized crimping pilers. Proper conductor terminations are critical to the safe operation of break-away
- 14. Waterproofing boots shall be properly trimmed to fit snugly around the conductor so as to provide a water proof connection. No more than one wire may enter a single opening in any one boot. Water proofing boots must provide the correct number of openings. Where only one wire is to be connected to a boot, the boot may not be a two wire type.

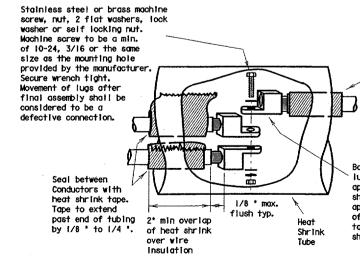


Seal between Conductors with heat shrink tape. Tape to extend past end of tubing by 1/8 " to 1/4 ".

Increase Insulation diameter with heat shrink tape if necessary. Tape to extend past end of tubina by 1/8 * to 1/4 *.

SPLICE OPTION I

C-CLAMP



SPLICE OPTION 2

BOLTED WIRE LUGS

past end of tubino by 1/8 * to 1/4 *. Bolt together lugs and prior to applying heat shrink tubing, apply two layers of heat shrink tape to cover sharp edges.

Increase insulation

diameter with

heat shrink tape if necessary.

Tape to extend

SPLICE OPTION 3 SPLIT BOLT

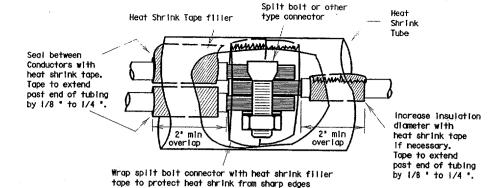
SPLICE OPTION 4

GELCAP

GelCan shall be sized and

Installed according to manufacturers

specifications



See through Snap-lock, molded polypropylene clamp Filled with high Optional dielectric insulating Lua for making get stitcone seatant connections

15. All conduits that contain circuit wiring of 50 voits or more shall contain an equipment grounding conductor (EGC). Conduit for traffic signals shall have an EGC, with a minimum size of *8 AWG stranded. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the EGC for all other conduits shall be the same AWG size as the largest current carrying conductor contained in that conduit. The EGC shall be paid for item 620-Electrical Conductors.

C. TEMPORARY WIRING

- i. Temporary conductors and electrical equipment to provide power for utilization equipment, shall be installed in accordance with the NEC article 305. All temporary wiring materials and methods shall comply with the standard sheets. All power outlets for portable electrical equipment, power tools, ice machines, ice storage bins and refrigerators located outdoors at grade, supplied from a utility power source, shall be provided with a ground fault circuit interrupter.
- 2. Residual current protective devices (GFCI) may be any one of the following: moided cord and plug set, receptacle, or circuit
- 3. Where wire nuts are approved for temporary wiring, they shall be of the self-sealing type.
- 4. All conductor splices must be contained within a listed enclosure, ground box or the splices will be more than ten feet above grade vertically and more than five feet horizontally from any metal structure. Where temporary conductors are installed in any area that is likely to be subjected to vehicle traffic, or mobile construction equipment, the vertical clearance to ground shall be at least 18 feet when measured at the lowest point. Where power conductors are to be supported by a span wire, the span wire shall be properly grounded.
- 5. Existing conduit containing service conductors uncovered during the construction process shall be repaired in a timely manner in accordance with the NEC. Existing non-metallic conduit exposed during construction shall not be left exposed above grade, or with less than eighteen inches of cover, without protective methods approved by the Engineer.



STANDARD PLANS TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Traffic Operations Division

ELECTRICAL DETAILS-CONDUCTORS

ED(2) - 03

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REVISIONS 10~93	STATE DISTRICT	PERENAL RESIGN		FEBERAL AND P	MOJECT		SHEET
4-98	DAL	6		CM XXXX (XXX)		25
12-00		COLUMN		COLUM	OL SECTION	,00	XI CHEA
3-03	F	DALLA	S	***	* **	***	VA

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II. GROUND RODS

A. MATERIALS

- 1. All ground rods installed at electrical services, including supplemental lightning protection ground rods specified by the plans in other locations such as pole bases, shall be copper clad and UL listed. Rods shall be a minimum diameter of 5/8 Inch. The length shall be a minimum of 8 feet, Larger diameter or longer length rods may be called for in some specific locations, see the individual plans sheets.
- 2. Ground rod clamps shall be listed to be in direct contact with the soil. Where concrete encasement is required, the clamp shall be listed for concrete encasement.

B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- i. Ground rods installed in locations such as pole bases, to provide supplemental lightning protection need not be totally In contact with the soil. Where called for in the plans, rads may be encased in soil or concrete or any combination of soil and concrete. When concrete encased, the connection of the conductor to the rad shall be readily accessible for inspection or repairs. When driven into the soil the upper end shall be between 2 to 4 inches below finished grade. Ground rods shall not be placed in the same drilled hole as a timber pole.
- 2. Ground rods shall be installed such that the end imprinted with the rod's part number is installed as being the upper end.
- 3. Non-conductive coatings such as concrete splatter shall be removed from the rod at the clamp location.
 4. Routing of lightning protection ground rod wires shall be run as short and straight as possible. Where bends are required they shall have a minimum radius of four inches.
- 5. Unless specifically called for by the plans, conduits used for ground rod wires shall be non-metallic. Where metal conduits
- are specified, a grounding bushing and properly sized bonding jumper shall be provided and properly installed on each end.

 6. Where rocky soil or a solid rock bottom is encountered when driving a ground rod and the horizontal trench placement method is the only viable solution, written authorization from the Engineer must be obtained.

III. GROUND BOX

A. MATERIALS

- i. Ground boxes (6x30x24 inches (WxLxD) or smaller shall be polymer concrete of the type required by the descriptive code shown elsewhere. Larger ground boxes shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. All ground boxes and covers shall be permanently marked either by impress or by permanent ink, with manufacturer's model number and manufacturer's name or logo.
- 3. Covers shall be boilted down, and boilt holes in the box shall be arranged to drain dirt.
- 4. Ground box Types A, B, C, D & E shall meet the following requirements:
- a. Ground boxes and covers be manufactured from polymer concrete reinforced with continuous strands of woven or stitched borosilicate fibergiass cloth. The polymer concrete shall be made from catalyzed polyester resin, sand and aggregate, and shall have a minimum compressive strength of 11,000 psi. Polymer concrete containing chopped fibergiass or fiberglass reinforced plastic is not acceptable.
- b. Minimum inside dimensions shall be as follows (width x length x depth): Type A shall be 11.5 inches x 21 inches x 10 inches, (122311)

Type B shall be 11.5 inches x 21 inches x 20 inches, (122322)

Type C shall be 15.25 Inches x 28.25 Inches x 10 Inches, (162911)

Type D shall be 15.25 Inches x 28.25 Inches x 20 Inches, (162922) Type E shall be 11.5 Inches x 21 Inches x 16 Inches, (122317)

- c. Bottom edge of box or extension shall be footed with a minimum 1 1/4 inch flange.
- d. Ground boxes shall withstand 600 lbs. per sq. ft. applied over the entire sidewall with less than 1/4 inch deflection per foot length of box. Ground boxes and covers shall withstand a test loading of 20,000 lbs. over a 10 Inch by 10 Inch area centered on the cover with less than 1/2 Inch deflection. Ground boxes and covers shall meet Western Underground Standards 3.6. Manufacturer shall supply certification by an independent laboratory or sealed by a Texas-Licensed Professional Engineer.
- e. Covers shall be 2 inch (nominal) thick polymer concrete. All hardware shall be stainless steel. Cover shall be secured with two 1/2 inch stainless steel boits. Boits shall be self-retaining and shall withstand a minimum of 70 ft-lbs. torque and shall have a minimum 750 lbs. straight pull out strength. Nuts shall be floating and shall provide a minimum of 1/2 Inch movement from the center of the nut. Covers shall be skild resistant, minimum 0.5 coefficient of friction. Covers shall be interchanged be between manufacturers and shall conform to the dimensions shown herein. Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer, cover shall be legibly imprinted with the following words in minimum I inch letters:

Ground Boxes containing wiring for traffic signals shall be labeled, Danger High Voltage Traffic Signal. Ground boxes containing wiring for illumination systems shall be labeled. Danger High Voltage Illumination. Ground boxes containing wiring for traffic management systems shall be labeled, Danger High Voltage Traffic Management.

Ground boxes containing wiring for sign illumination systems shall be labeled. Danger High Voltage Sign

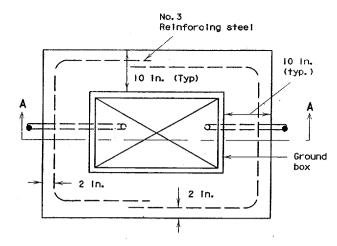
Illumination.

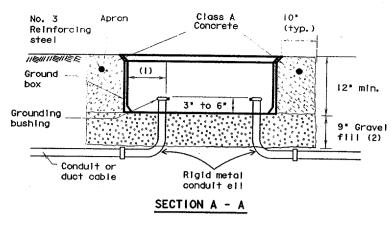
Ground boxes containing wiring for traffic signals that also contain Hillmination, powered by the signal electrical service, shall be labeled, Danger High Voltage Traffic Signal.

B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- I. Ground boxes shall be set on a 9 Inch (minimum) bed of aggregate from 3/4 " up to 2" in size. Aggregate shall be in
- place prior to setting box and conduits shall be capped. Any gravel or dirt in conduit shall be removed.

 2. When required by item descriptive code, construction of an apron encasing a ground box including concrete and reinforcing steel shall not be paid for directly but shall be subsidiary to the ground box. Reinforcing steel may be field bent. Concrete for aprons shall be considered miscellaneous concrete for testing purposes. Aprons shall be cast in place.
- 3. Conduit holes may be cut in the walls of type B & D boxes at least 18 inches beneath the cover.
 4. If, within the limits of this project, the Contractor must utilize an existing ground box equipped with a metal cover, the Contractor shall bond the cover to the grounding conductor with a 3 foot long flexible stranded jumper the same size as the grounding conductor. Connection of bonding jumper to metal ground cover shall not be paid for directly but shall be subsidiary to various bid items. The box(es) must be clearly shown on the plans with plan notes fully describing the work
- 5. If there are other ground boxes with metal Covers within the project limits but not involved in the contract, the Engineer may direct the Contractor to ground the covers, designating and identifying the specific boxes in writing. This work will be paid for separately.
- 6. Termination to metal ground box covers shall be made using a tank ground type lug.





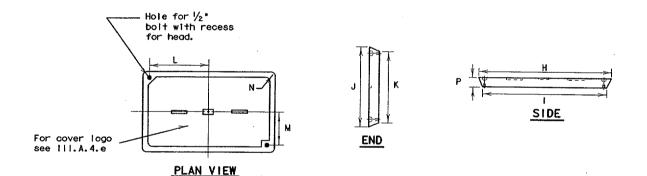
PLAN VIEW

APRON FOR GROUND BOXES

(Where required)

- (1) Final position of end of conduit shall not exceed one-half the distance to the side of box opposite the conduit entry.
- (2) Place gravel "under" the box. not "in" the box. Gravel should not encroach on the interior volume of the box.
- (3) install bushing on the upper end of all ells.
- (4) Where a ground rod is present in the ground box, connect it to any and all equipment grounding conductors using a listed connector.
- (5) Maintain sufficient space between all conduits so as to allow for proper installation of bushings.
- (6) All conduits shall be installed in a neat and workmanlike manner.
- (7) All conduits installed in the ground box shall be sealed after completion of conductor installation and any required pull tests.

Silicone shall not be used as sealant.



GROUND BOX COVER

	GI	ROUND	вох со	VER DI	MENSIO	NS		
вох	DIME	NSTONS	S (IN	CHES)				
SIZE	Н	ı	J	K	L	М	N	Р
A, B & E	23 1/4	23	13 ¾	13 1/2	9 1/8	5 1/8	1 3/8	2
C & D	30 1/2	30 1/4	17 1/2	17.1/4	13 1/4	6 3/4	1 3/8	2



ELECTRICAL DETAILS-**GROUND BOXES**

ED(3) - 03

5/03 Revision A Revised notes.

© TxD01	Januar	y 1992	OH - KB	CX:- JW	Dr DN	- 10	xı- GC	HEG NO.1
REVISIONS 4-98	STATE	FEDERAL REGION		FEDERAL AID PR	OJECT			SHEET
12-00	DAL	6	C	M XXXX (XXX)			26
3-03		COUNT	γ	CONTRO	L SECT	ION	30L	HIGHWAY
5-03		DALL	45	***			***	VA

U= Underground service

FLECTRICAL SERVICES NOTES

All work, materials, services, and incidentals, whether or not specifically shown on the plans, which may be necessary for a complete and proper electrical service installation as specified in the plans to obtain electrical power shall be paid for, performed, furnished and installed by the Contractor. The Contractor shall contact the Utility for metering and shall comply with all Utility requirements.

Primary line extensions, connection charges, meter charges, and other charges by the Utility company to provide power to the location shown, when required, shall be paid for under force account work. The costs associated with these charges shall be approved by the Engineer prior to engaging the Utility company to do the work. The Contractor shall consult with the appropriate Utility to determine costs and requirements, and shall coordinate the Utility's work as approved by the Engineer. The Contractor shall be reimbursed only the amount billed by the Utility. No additional amount for supervision of the Utility's work will be paid.

Materials shall be new and unused, materials and installation shall comply with the applicable provisions of the National Electrical Code (NEC) and National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) standards and shall be Underwriters Laboratories (UL) Listed. Electrical Service condults, conductors, disconnects, contactors, circuit breaker panel sizes, and branch circuit breakers, shall be as shown in the Electrical Service Data elsewhere in the plans. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment, or installation shall be justification for rejection.

The Contractor shall submit for approval no less than six (6) copies of catalog out sheets on electrical service materials. Submittals shall be legible and shall be marked to indicate which product on a cut-sheet is to be supplied. Where manufacturers provide warranties and guarantees as a customary trade practice, Contractor shall furnish to the State such warranties or guarantees.

The Contractor shall provide looks keyed with Master #2195 for all lookable electrical enclosures. Keys and looks become property of the State. Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer, enclosures shall not be energized until looks are provided and all boits are installed. Circuit directories, where provided, shall be filled out. All breakers and components in shop built panels and enclosures shall be labeled with duo-colored plastic labels. Letters shall be a minimum 3/8 * In height.

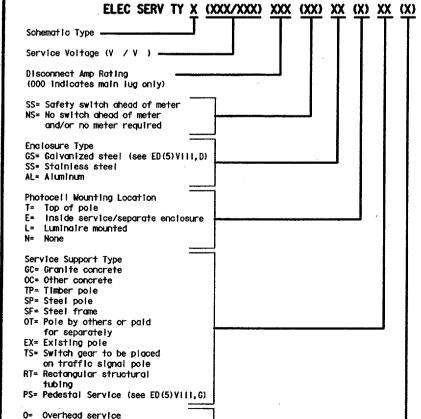
Enclosures with external disconnects that de-energize all equipment inside the enclosure, need not have dead front trim, except that incoming line terminations shall be protected from incidental contact.

When galvanized is specified for nuts, screws, bolts or miscellaneous hardware, stainless steel may be used. All wiring and components shall be rated for 75 degrees C. Minimum size for service entrance conductors shall be *6 XHHW.

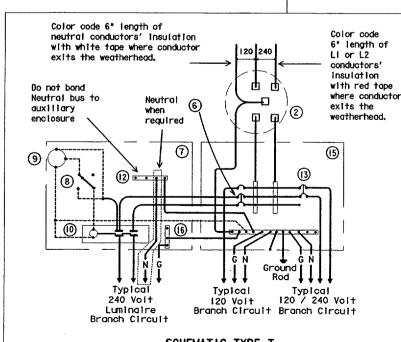
- i. Safety Switch. A safety switch, placed chead of the meter, shall only be used when specified by the Utility and when shown on the Electrical Service Data. The switch shall be UL Listed, heavy duty type, 600 volt, unfused, with a UL type 3R enclosure and equipped with a solid neutral (s/n) assembly. The switch shall be padlockable in the "on" position.
- Service Type. Electrical service types A, C, D, and T shall be as schematically detailed on ED(4) or ED(5). Other service types shall be as detailed elsewhere on the plans.
- III. Branch Circuit Breakers. Circuit breakers shall be thermal magnetic and have a minimum interrupting capacity of 10,000 amps and a voltage rating compatible with their use. Circuit breakers shall be sized as shown in the electrical service data. Circuit breakers in panelboards and load centers shall be full size and designed exclusively for the panelboard or load center in use. Tandem and half-width breakers shall not be used. All circuit breakers shall be permanently and clearly marked identifying the circuit or device supplied. Circuit breakers shall be UL Listed to UL489.
- IV. Circuit Breaker Panelboard. Panelboards shall be UL Listed. Panelboards shall have copper busses, a minimum of 6 one-pole spaces or as required in the electrical service data, and when required will be rated for service equipment. Enclosure shall meet or exceed UL type 3R classification. Panelboards shall have a threaded hub conduit entry for conduit entering the top of the enclosure. Circuit breakers shall be boit-in type only.
- V. Circuit Breaker Load Center. Load centers shall be UL Listed.

 Load centers for type T services may have copper or aluminum busses, all other load centers will be copper bus only. Load center will have a minimum of 4 one-pole spaces, and shall be rated for service equipment. Enclosure shall meet UL type 3R classification. Load centers shall have a threaded hub conduit entry for conduit entering the top of the enclosure. Circuit breakers shall be plug-in type only. Load centers for type T services shall accompodate a moximum of 6 one-pole breakers.
- VI. Separate or Auxiliary Enclosure. Separate enclosures for HOA, photocell and lighting contactors for types D & T Services shall be a UL Listed assembly with outer door. Interior shall have dead front trim. HOA switch operator shall extend through the dead front trim. Photocell shall be mounted inside the enclosure as described in paragraph XIII when required by descriptive code. Separate enclosures shall meet the construction requirements of paragraph VIII. E, except that separate enclosure shall not have external operating handle, need not have a data pocket and door may latch at only one point. All equipment may be located in one enclosure instead of two, when approved by the Engineer.
- VII. Where a Type D or T service is provided, iaminated "as built" drawings are required as shown on ED(5) VIII E, shall be delivered before completion of the work, to the Engineer in Ileu of placement within these smaller enclosures. Conduit may not enter the back wall of a service enclosure penetrating the equipment mounting panel. Provide grounding bushings on all metal conduits, terminate bonding jumper to grounding bush. Grounding bushing is not required when the end of the metal conduit is fitted with a conduit sealing hub or threaded bass such as a meter base.

EXPLANATION OF ELECTRICAL SERVICE DESCRIPTIVE CODE

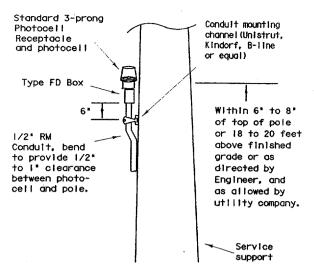


Example: ELEC SERV TY A (240/480) 100 (NS) SS (E) GC (O)



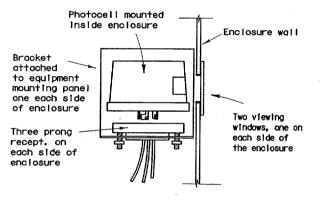
SCHEMATIC TYPE T 120/240 VOLTS - THREE WIRE

Install photocell and lighting contactor when shown on Electrical Service Data.



TOP MOUNTED PHOTOCELL

Conduit support spacing 3 feet from enclosure; 5 feet max.



ENCLOSURE MOUNTED PHOTOCELL

For photocell specifications see ED(5), XIII.

SCHEMATIC LEGEND

- omitted
- 2 Weter (when required)
- 3 Service Assembly Enclosure
- 4 Main Disconnect Breaker (Not Used)
- 5 Omit 6 - Circuit Breaker, 15 Amp typical
- 6 Circuit Breaker, 15 Amp typic for control circuit wiring
- 7 Auxiliary Enclosure
- 8 Control Station ("H-O-A" Switch)
- 9 Photo Electric Control (enclosuremounted shown)
- 10 Lighting Contactor
- 11 Power Distribution Terminal Blocks (Not Used)
- 12 Neutral Bus required when 120 v. lights are controlled by lighting contactor
- 13 Branch Circuit Breaker
- (See Electrical Service Data)
- 14 Circuit Breaker Panelboard (Not Used) 15 - Load Center
- 16 Ground Bus
- Power Wiring
 Control Wiring
- -N --- Control Wiring
 -N --- Neutral Conductor (when required-to
- serve 120 v. loads only)
- Equipment grounding conductor-always required

- Cut top of pole to enhance run off when required by serving utility 4° typ. Point of attachment to be below weatherhead Provide FD J-box. and 1/2° to 1° clearance from pole to photo-Pole brand must be 5 feet or less above arade. 5-30 6" to 10" typical Bushina Couple to Circuit Conduit
- I Class 5 pole, height as required
- 2 Service drop from utility company (attached below weatherhead)
- 3 Service conduit and service entrance conductors (RMC)
- (See Electrical Service Data)
 4 Safety switch (when required)
- Meter (when required)
- Service enclosure
- 7 No. 6 bare grounding electrode conductor in 1/2 * PVC to ground rod - extend 1/2 * PVC 6* underground.
- 8 5/8 * x 8' Copper clad ground rod - drive ground rod completely underground unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.
- 9 RM conduit same size as branch circuit conduit.
- 0 Photocell and conduit -
- if top mounted. (See Electrical Service Data)
- I When required by the serving utility provide bare *6 awa copper conductor. Run wire from pole top to butt wrap or copper butt plate. Protect conductor to a height of 8 ft above finish grade.

LIQUIDTIGHT FLEXIBLE METAL CONDUIT (LFMC)

- (If applicable)

 Liquidtight flexible metal conduit, may be used when meter and service enclosure are mounted 90 to 180 degrees to each other. Size shall be same as service entrance conduit.
- LFMC shall not exceed 3 ft. and shall be securely supported within one ft. of each end. No strap required for LFMC shorter than 122
- Each end of LFMC must have a grounding bushing or be terminated with a grounding fitting.
- A neutral conductor must be installed within the LFMC.
- Bend in liquidtight flexible metal
- conduit shall not exceed 180 degrees.

 A pull test is required on all installed conductors, at least six inches of free conductor movement shall be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

SERVICE SUPPORT TYPE TP (O)

(timber pole, overhead service, typical arrangement)

B Upper end of ground rod to be 2° to 4° below finished grade

TIMBER POLE NOTES

TYD.

- i. Conduit and electrical conductors attached to the electrical service pole and underground within 12 inches of service pole shall not be paid for directly but shall be subsidiary to the service pole.
- 2. Pole top mounted photocell, install on north side of pole or in service enclosure as required. See Electrical Service and
- service enclosure as required. See Electrical Service exists.

 Attoch meter and service equipment with stainless steel or galvanized channel (Unistrut, Kindorf, or equal). Gain pole as required to provide flat surfaces for each strut. Paint ends of galvanized channel with zinc rich paint. Gain depth 5/8 max. Gain height I 7/8 max. Strut to be I max. deep, and I 5/8 wide max. Secure each strut section to timber pole with two galvanized or SS lag boits, I/4 diameter min. by I I/2 length min. Place flat cut galvanized or SS washer on each lag boit. Gain pole in a neat and workmanlike manner.
- 4. Embedment depth shall be as required in Item 627 Treated Timber Poles.
- 5. Poles trimmed for excess length shall be trimmed from the top end only.



STANDARD PLANS TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Traffic Operations Division

ELECTRICAL DETAILS-SERVICE SCHEMATICS AND SUPPORT-TYPE TP (OVERHEAD)

ED (4) -03

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2 X X X

VIII. Service Assembly Enclosures. All service assemblies and enclosures shall be UL Listed for the Intended purpose.

- A. Shop bullit or shop assembled service assemblies (all types except Type I and Type D without lighting contactor or enclosure mounted photo cell) and all auxilliary equipment enclosures mounted with service equipment and paid for as part of Item 628, "Electrical Services", shall be built or assembled by a UL Listed industrial Control Panel shop and shall have a unique serial numbered UL Label with the words **LISTED ENCLOSED INDUSTRIAL CONTROL PANEL*. The same or an additional label shall have the name, location, and phone number of the shop, the UL file number of the shop, the shop order or drawing number, date of manufacture or assembly, and the line voltage. The service assembly enclosure shall also be labeled "SUITABLE ONLY FOR USE AS SERVICE EQUIPMENT".
- B. Conduit entries into the top of enclosures shall have threaded hub. Conduit entries through the equipment mounting back plate will not be allowed.
- C. All service enclosure front doors shall be permanently labeled "DANGER HIGH VOLTAGE". Label shall be a self sticking type, intended for All service enclosure front doors shall be permanently labeled "DANGER HIGH VOLIAGE". Label shall be a self sticking type, intended for outdoor installation. Lettering style, layout and colors of red, black and white shall be as required by CSHA. Label letters shall be it to 1/2 inches high or as high as the enclosure door width will permit for smaller services. Separate or auxiliary lighting enclosures need not be CSHA labeled when mounted in the same viewing plane as the service enclosure front door. Where only one type of load is served by the service, the service door shall be marked using duo-colored plastic labels or self adhesive vinyl weather resistant labels, minimum of I inch high, applied in a neat and workmantike manner. On the label will be the service number shown on the plans as well as Identifying the load served specifically (i.e. lighting, landscoping, signals, traffic management or other wording as directed by the Engineer). Safety switches need not be OSHA labeled unless specifically required by the serving utility.
- D. Type GS enclosures will only be allowed for service Types D and T without an enclosure mounted photocell and/or lighting contactor and the Type C panelboard. This spec will allow an "off the shelf" product meeting these specifications to be used. Type GS enclosures shall be made from pre-galvanized steel sheeting, hot dipped galvanized steel, or powder coat painted steel unless shown differently on the plans. Steel enclosures shall be painted inside and outside; galvanized enclosures may be painted. Unless otherwise approved by Engineer, painted enclosures shall be gray, beige, white or light green. Panelboard/loadcenter enclosures shall meet UL type 3R requirements, shall have a dead front trim, and an outer padiockable door preventing unauthorized persons from operating contained equipment. Galvanized steel is no longer gliowed for Types A.C. or oustom-built D or T enclosures. If GS is shown in the descriptive code for any of these, on AL shall be provided.
- E. Type AL enclosures for service Types A and C shall meet UL type 3R requirements and shall also meet additional requirements of this paragraph. The enclosure shall have both a main disconnect remote operator handle and a door latch handle. Die-cast handles are not coceptable. The main disconnect remote operator shall be flange-mounted, shall interlock the door when in the "on" position, and shall be padiockable in both the "on" or "off" positions. Door latch shall latch at two or more points, operate by a handle separate from disconnect within and be capable of being looked. Door closure clamps will not be allowed. Look must be keyed to Master #2195. All the enclosures shall have either a continuous stainless steel plane hinge with stainless steel pin or enclosures less than 30 inches may h two heavy duty hinges, those over 30 inches must have three. Heavy duty two and three point hinges shall have a 0.185 inch minimum diameter electro-zinc plated steel pin or a stainless steel pin. Two point hinged doors shall be rated for 56 lbs of loading. Three point hinged doors shall be rated for 70 lbs of loading. The door shall have an attached data pocket constructed of either thermoplastic or metal. Pocket shall be 12° x 12°, unless that size will not fit in enclosure. The pocket shall then be as large as possible, as approved by the Engineer, and mechanically attached with stainless steel nuts and bolts, or stainless steel or aluminum rivets. Enclosure shall include an equipment mounting panel installed inside the enclosure on collar studs or tapped bosses, and constructed of a minimum 12 galyanized steel. Equipment mounting panels shall not be painted. Enclosure shall have factory installed external mounting feet. Enclosure door shall be capable of opening at least 130 degrees, with arm or other approved means to hold the door open. Only the enclosure exterior will be primed and painted. Paint color shall be being or gray and shall be powder coat paint as shown below.

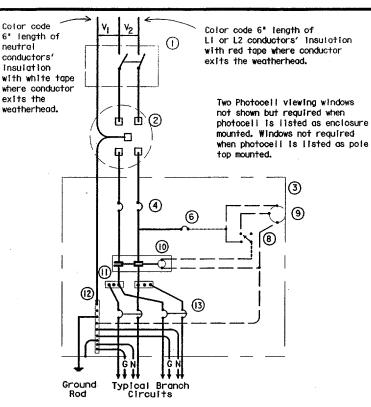
 Condensation drainage shall be provided in the bottom of the enclosure before leaving the factory. The Contractor shall prepare and submit a schematic drawing unique to an individual service. The approved drawing shall be laminated and placed in the document pocket of the service of the time of shipment to the job site. All applicable wiring diagrams and plan sheet layouts for all equipment and branch breaker circuits supplied by that service shall also be imminated and placed in the document pocket prior to shipping. Type AL enclosures for Type D and T services with enclosure mounted photocell and/or lighting contactor shall have the loadcenter interior mounted in an enclosure with properly adapted dead front trim. Types D and T shall not have a loadcenter exterior "can" mounted inside another enclosure meeting these specifications. (Do not put one enclosure inside another enclosure). Types D and T with enclosure mounted photocell and/or lighting contactor shall meet the additional requirements of this paragraph except that remote-operating handle will not be provided.
- F. Type SS enclosures for Type A and C shall meet all the requirements above for their respective type AL. Type SS enclosures for D and T shall meet all the requirements above for their respective type AL. Type SS enclosures for D and T shall meet all the requirements above for their respective type AL. Stainless Steel shall not be painted.

 G. PS enclosure shall be as detailed and specified on ED(8). Galvanized steel will not be allowed for any pedestal service. If GS is shown in
- the descriptive code on AL will be provided.
- IX. Powder Coat Paint. Powder coating shall be either a polyester thermosetting resin, a zinc rich primer with a TGIC (triglycidy) isocyanurate) powder overcoating, or a Zino-rich epoxy powder, opplied by either electrostatic spray or fluidized bed immersion, high temperature over cured, high density, low gloss, 4 mil thick (minimum), coating. Adhesion shall meet the 5A or 5B classifications of ASTM D3359. Finish shall be uniform in appearance and free of scratches.
- Main Disconnect. Main disconnect device shall be a circuit breaker, as specified in the Electrical Service Data, shall be two or three pole, and rated for the voltage and amperage specified. Circuit breaker shall be an UL Listed thermal-magnetic circuit breaker controlled by flange-mounted remote operator in the service assembly enclosure when required. Circuit breakers shall have a minimum interrupting rating of 10,000 Amps. When the utility company provides a transformer larger than 50 KVA, Contractor shall verify that the available fault current is less than the circuit breaker amps interrupting capacity (AIC) rating and shall provide documentation from the Utility to the Engineer. Documentation shall be submitted at the same time as other electrical submittals. Circuit breaker shall be UL Listed to UL489. No backfed breakers will be allowed for use as a main disconnect.
- Control Circuit. Control circuit protection shall be 15 amp circuit breaker.
- XII. Control Station ("H-O-A" Switch). Control station shall be a maintained-contact, three position selector switch in an UL type enclosure. Switch shall be rated 600 voits and shall be fitted with "Hand-Off-Auto" legend.
- XIII. Photo Electric Control. Photo electric control shall consist of a photocell. Internal lightning arrester, and relay or bimetallic switch mounted inside a weatherproof enclosure with standard 3-prong twist look photocell plug and receptacle. The enclosure shall be made of poly-corylic with clear acrylic window. Enclosure chassis shall be moided thermosetting plastic. The photocell shall have a polyethylene gasket, and shall have a hermetically sealed codmium sulfide cell. The arrester shall have an enclosed type expulsion arrester rated 2.0 kV sparkover with 5,000 amps follow-through. Relay or switch shall be time delay type with normally closed contacts. Photo electric control sparkover with 5,000 amps to low-through, kelay or switch shall be the same as above except that the photocell shall be the same as above except that the photocell shall be mounted inside the enclosure. The enclosure shall have two acryllo paned windows, or other material approved by the Engineer, one on each side of the enclosure. Each window shall be rectangular approximately one inch by two inches, round 2 inch diameter, or as otherwise approved by the Engineer. Brocket and photocell's receptacle will be mounted inside enclosure next to each window. Except for window side, 2° of clearance is required on all sides of photocell for ease of replacement. The photocell's receptacle is held in place by two mounting screws on bracket and located next to each window of the enclosure. The 3-prong twist lock photocell shall be mounted in a position to receive light from the window closest to the photocell. The photocell shall be mounted in a position to receive light from one window. Top of pole mounted photocells shall be mounted as shown on ED(4). The Contractor shall be responsible for proper operation of the photo-electric control. The Contractor shall move and/or adjust or shield the photocell from stray or ambient nighttime light or shall make any other adjustments required for proper operation. The photocell shall face North when practicable. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the photocell shall turn on the Illumination system at 1.0 +(-) 0.5 footcandle and turn off the Illumination system at two footcandles higher than
- XIV. Lighting Contactor, Lighting contactor shall be a UL Listed NEMA rated lighting contactor, two-pole or multipole as required, electrically held type designed to control high pressure sodium lighting loads, with silver alloy double break contacts rated at 240 volts, 480 volts or 600 volts as required. Lighting contactor shall not be the DIN rall mounted type.
- XV. Power Distribution Terminal Blooks, Power distribution terminal blooks shall be rated for 600 volts and shall be used for tine side connections to branch circuit breakers where more than one circuit breaker is required. Lugs on blocks shall be properly sized for conductors being used. Only one conductor shall be placed under each lug.
- XVI. Neutral/Ground Bus. Neutral/ground bus shall be a factory made bus permanently bonded to the enclosure with properly sized lugs for grounding and neutral conductors.

SCHEMATIC LEGEND

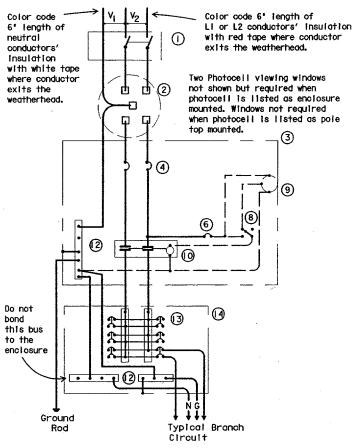
- Safety Switch (when required)
- 2 Meter (when required)
- Service Assembly Enclosure
- 4 Main Disconnect Breaker (See Electrical Service Data)
- 6 Circuit Breaker, 15Amp
- 7 Auxilitary Enclosure
- Control Station ("H-O-A" Switch)
- Photo Electric Control (enclosure-mounted shown)
- 10 Lighting Contactor
- ii Power Distribution Terminal Blocks

- 12 Neutral/Ground Bus
- 13 Branch Circuit Breaker (See Electrical Service Data)
- 14 Circuit Breaker Panelboard (See Electrical Service Data) (If Type C is shown as AL or SS on descriptive code, this is the service ably enclosure only. Panelboard enclosure is GS unless otherwise noted.
- Power Wiring Control Wiring
- --- N--- Neutral Conductor (when required) serve (20 v. loads only)
- ---- G---- Equipment grounding conductor-always required



SCHEMATIC TYPE A THREE WIRE

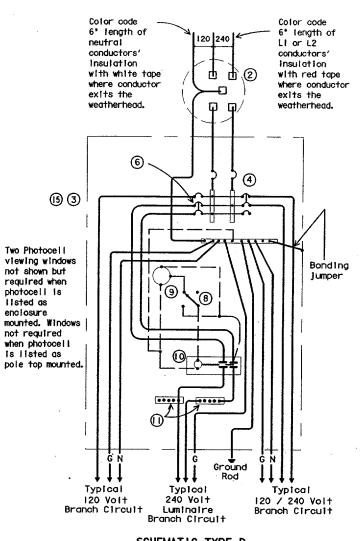
Maximum feeder circuit size (High Mast Poles) 100 amps for two pole 480V, 125 amps for one or two pole 120V or 240V. Maximum branch circuit size: 50 amps.



SCHEMATIC TYPE C

THREE WIRE

Maximum feeder circuit size (High Mast Poles): 100 amps for two pole 480V, 125 amps for one or two pole 120V or 240V. Maximum branch circuit size: 50 amps.



SCHEMATIC TYPE D 120/240 VOLTS - THREE WIRE

Install photocell and lighting contactor when shown on Electrical Service Data. See Type D service notes.

TYPE D SERVICE NOTES

Photocell and lighting contactor shall be located either in the same UL type 3R enclosure with load center or, if approved by Engineer, in separate enclosure. There shall be a window on each side of enclosure to allow operation of photocell. Both photocell contactor and breaker area shall have dead front trim. Enclosure, except for RT and PS supports, shall not exceed 36 Inches In height or 16 inches in width unless approved by the Engineer. Ty D load center with lighting controls or TY D separate lighting control enclosure shall have power distribution blocks for α minimum of 4, *8 conductors per phase.



ELECTRICAL DETAILS-SERVICE ENCLOSURE & NOTES

ED(5)-03

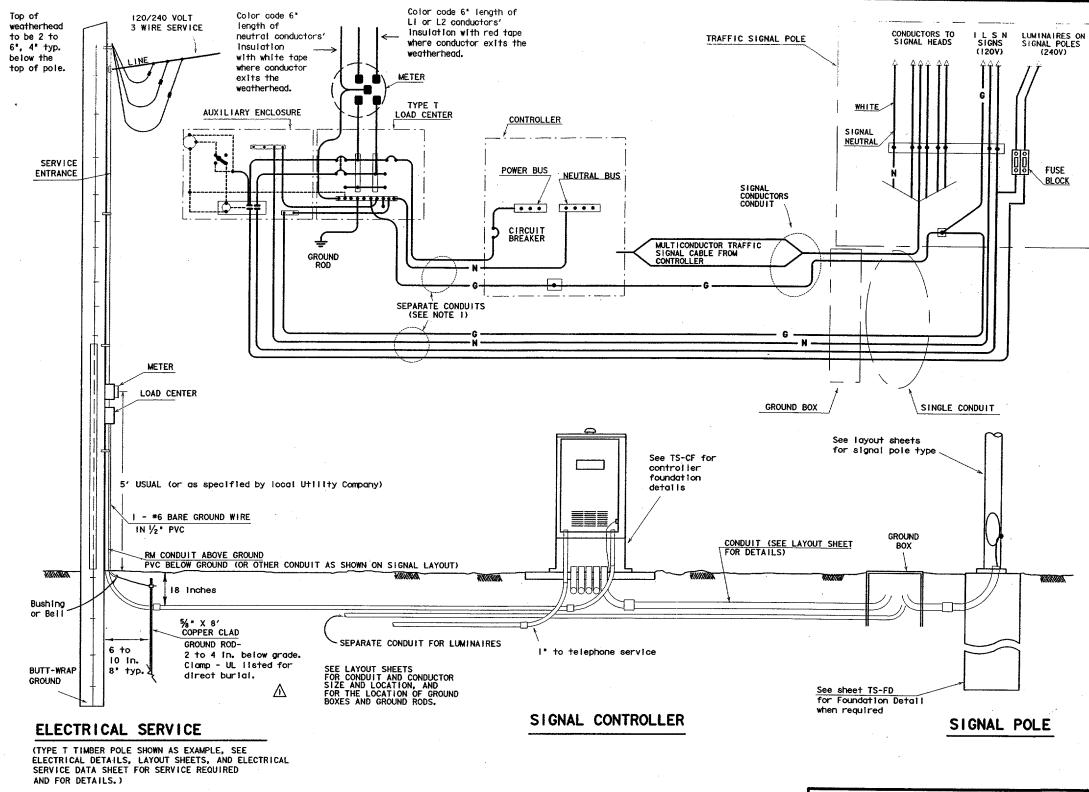
C) TXDOT	April	1998	₩-KB	cu-JW	PD- DN	an- CC	MES NO.1
EVISIONS 12-00	STANE DISTRICT	FEDERAL BESTOR		FEBERAL AND PRO	JECT		SHEET
3-03	DAL	6	CN	A XXXX ()	(XX)		28
		coun	TY	CONTROL	SELTION	.00	HICHMY
		0411	10				12.5

- 1. Luminaire conductors shall not be looped through controller cabinet.
- 2. Electrical system to include an equipment grounding conductor noted here as "G". All exposed metal parts
- are to be bonded to grounding conductor.

 3. Photocell, when required, shall be mounted at top of pole or in enclosure as shown on ED(4) and ED(5) and as required by descriptive code.
- Roadway lighting fixtures, when required, shall be in accordance with the material and construction methods of the Item, "Roadway Illumination Assemblies" except for the test period for proper operation of the luminaires, installed roadway lighting luminaires and internally lighted street name signs shall be tested for proper operation as a part of the associated traffic signal system.
- 5. Internally lighted street name signs (ILSN), when required, shall be in accordance with the Item "Internally Lighted Street Name Signs". Because of the electrical isolation of ILSN hinges, a #12 green grounding conductor shall be run to the ILSN fixture.
- 6. Install ground rod at alternate location when directed by the Engineer. Maintain a minimum of 8 ft in contact with the earth.
- 7. Liquidilight flexible metal conduit (LFMC), may be used when meter and service enclosure are mounted 90 to 180 degrees to each other. LFMC shall be same size as service entrance conduit. LFMC shall not exceed 3 ft. and shall be securely supported within one foot of each end. No strap required for a LFMC shorter than 12°. Each end of LFMC must have a grounding bushing or be terminated with a grounding fitting. A neutral conductor must be installed within the LFMC. Bend in liquidtight flexible metal conduit shall not exceed 180 degrees.

 8. Minimum embedment depth as per item 627 Treated Timber
- 9. Pole to be set plumb.
- 10. Back fill thoroughly tamped in 6 in. lifts. Place 6 inches additional backfill above grade around pole base to allow for settling, as per Item 627.

 II. Excess pole length shall be trimmed from the top at a
- slope to aid water run off.
- 12. Gain pole two places for each meter, service, separate or auxiliary enclosure. See ED(4) for details.
- 13. All Illumination and power conductors to be pull tested and megged. Do not meg traffic signal cable.
 14. Enclosures are to be looked, and ground box covers are
- to be boited before power is applied to the circuit.
- 15. Conduits entering top of enclosures to be fitted with conduit sealing hub or threaded boss, such as meter hub. Off-set nipple, when required, shall not be zinc-diepressure cast. All metal conduits not connected to conduit sealing hub, or threaded boss must have a grounding bushing. Terminate bonding jumper to ground bus. All conduits entering enclosures shall be sealed. Silicone shall not be allowed.



Unless shown elsewhere in the plans, electrical service data for Types D and T shall be as follows.

ſ			ELECTRI	CAL S	ERVICE	DATA				
	ELECTRICAL SERVICE DESCRIPTION(SEE ED(4))	SERVICE CONDUIT SIZE (RMC)	SERVICE CONDUCTORS NO./SIZE	SAFETY SWITCH AMPS	MAIN DISCONNECT CKT. BRK. POLE/AMP	TWO-POLE CONTACTOR AMPS ***	PANELBD./ LOADCENTER AMP RATING (MIN)	CIRCUIT NO.	BRANCH CKT. BRK. POLE/AMPS	KVA LOAD
	TY D (120/240)070(NS)AL(E)**(*)	<u>∧</u> 1¼	3/#4	N/A	2P/70	30	100	T.S. Lighting	IP/50 2P/15	<7.1
	TY T (120/240)000(NS)GS(E)**(*)	⚠ 11/4	3/#4	N/A	None	30	70	T.S. Lighting	IP/50 2P/15	⟨7.1

- *** Eliminate photocell, contactor and seperate enclosure if lighting, or internally lighted signs are not required by plans
- ** See descriptive code in estimate for service support type.
- * See descriptive code in estimate for overhead or underground service.

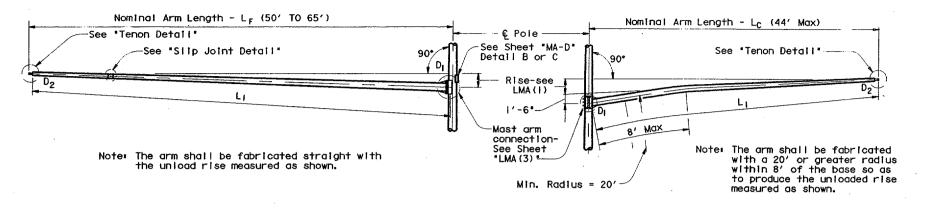


ELECTRICAL DETAILS-TYPICAL TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM DETAILS

ED(7) - 03

5/03 Revision Revised notes.

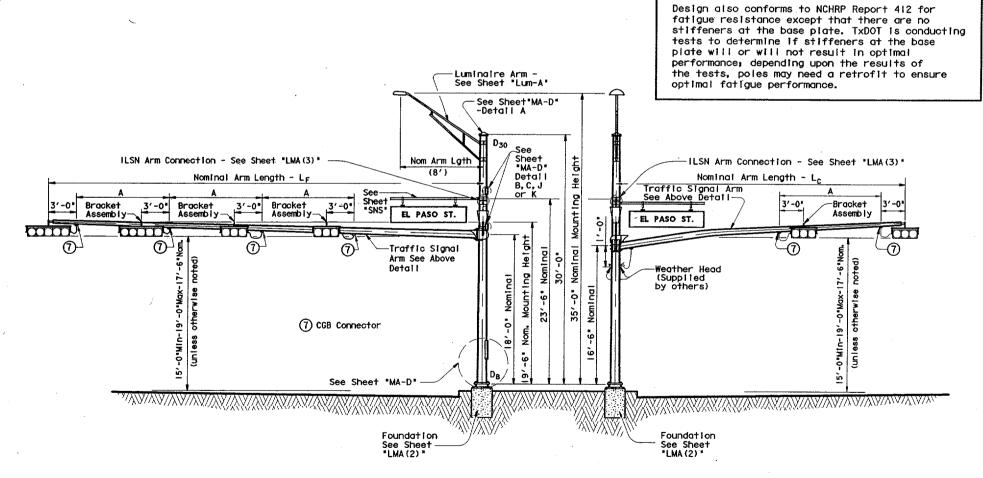
CTXXXX January 1992 Ms-KB CX:- JW DN-DN CX:- GC HEG HO. STATE FEDERAL DISTRICT REGION FEDERAL A18 PROJECT SHEET 4-98 DAL 6 CM XXXX (XXX) 12-00 3-03 5-03 29 CONTROL SECTION JOB HIGHWAY DALLAS **** ** ***



FIXED MOUNT TRAFFIC SIGNAL ARM

CLAMP-ON TRAFFIC SIGNAL ARM

(If required, See DMA-80 or DMA-100 Standard Sheets for Clamp-on Arm Detalls)



ELEVATION (Showing fixed mount arm)

STRUCTURE ASSEMBLY

ELEVATION (Showing clamp mount arm)

[TA	BLE OF	DIME	NSION	S "A"				
Arm Le	ngth	-24'	28'	32'	36′	401	44'	50'	55′	60'	65
Arm Typ	е П	10'	11'	12'	13'	1					1
Arm Typ	еШ			10'	11'	12'	12'				
Arm Typ	e IV							12'	12'	12'	12'

VIBRATION WARNING

Mast Arms of approximately 40'-0" or longer are subject to possible harmonic vertical vibrations in light wind conditions due to unusual combinations of signal numbers, weights or positions, arm-wind orientation, and arm-pole stiffness.

Arms shall be visually inspected in 5 to 20 mph wind conditions after signal head installation and, if vertical movements with a total excursion (max positive to max negative) of more than approximately 8" or achieved a combine devices or other magnetic than the devices.

are observed at arm tip, damping devices or other means shall be fitted

The necessary damping device(s) or other remedial measures shall be as recommended by the fabricator. Excessive vibrations shall not be allowed to continue for more than two days.

If damping plate is used, the size shall be 16" \times 66". The plate must be installed directly above traffic light located nearest

GENERAL NOTES

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Specifications thereto. Design Wind Speed can be either 100 mph or 80 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor. If clamp-on traffic signal is required, designs are based on an arm included angle of 90 degrees or more. Angles of less than approximately 75 degrees will require a special design.

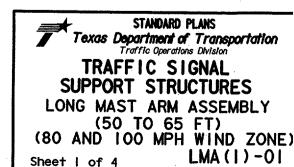
Poles are designed to support one 8'-0" luminaire arm, two 9'-0" Internally lighted street name signs and two traffic signal arms with limited length combinations. The specified luminaire load applied at the end of luminaire arm equals 75 lbs vertical dead load plus the horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 1.5 sq ft. The specified internally lighted street name sign applied 4'-6" wind load on an effective projected area of 1.5 sq ft. The specified internally lighted street name sign applied 4'-6" from the centerline of the pole equals 85 lbs vertical dead load plus the horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 11.5 sq ft. For 50 ft. to 65 ft.fixed-mount mast arm the specified signal load applied at the end of the traffic signal arm equals 310 lbs vertical dead load plus the horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 52.0 sq ft. (actual area times drag coefficient). For clamp-on mast arm, the specified signal load applied at the end of the traffic signal arms equals signal load applied at the end of the traffic signal arms equals 180 lbs vertical dead load plus the horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 32.4 sq ft. (actual area times drag cofficient).

Except as noted in sheets I thru 3 of 3, also refer to Standard Sheet "MA-D" for pole details, "LUM-A for luminaire arm and connection details, "SNS" for internally lighted street name sign details, and "TS-FD" for anchor boit and foundation details.

Fabrication shall be in accordance with the Specifications and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. Miscellaneous welds which do not call for preapproved weld procedures are nevertheless subject to rejection for poor workmanship. Material, fabrication tolerances, and shipping practices shall meet the requirements of this sheet and the Specifications.

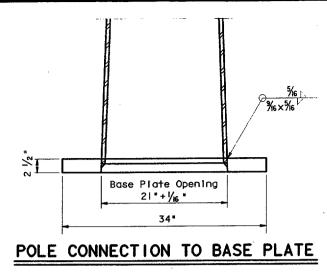
Unless otherwise noted, all parts shall be galvanized in accordance with the Specifications.

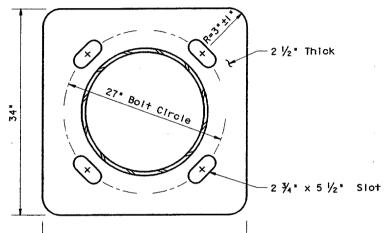
Special designs require submission of shop drawings in accordance with the 1tem "Steel Structures".



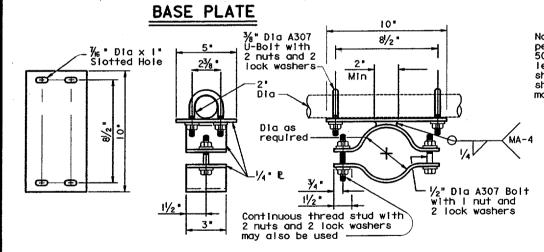
©Tx001	July 2	2000	OH- JSY	cx ARC	DH	TGG	CX+- JSY
REVISIONS	STATE DISTRICT	FEDERAL REGION	FI	DERAL AID PROJECT			SHEET
1-20-01	DAL	6	CM	XXXX (XX	X)		30
		COUNT	7	CONTROL	SECTION	JO6	HIGHMAY
		DALL	AS	****	**	***	VA



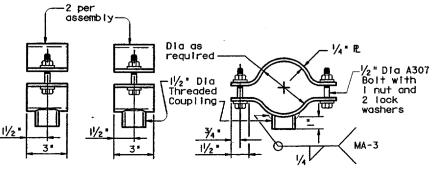




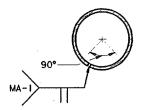
34"



BRACKET ASSEMBLY DETAILS OPTION A

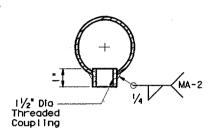


BRACKET ASSEMBLY DETAILS OPTION B



Longitudinal Seam Weld must be oriented within the lower 90° of the signal arm.

ARM WELD DETAIL



COUPLING DETAIL

	Arm		R	DUND POL	ES		
1	Length	D _B	D19	D ₂₄	D ₃₀	①thk	Foundation Type
	ft.	In.	in.	in.	in.	In.] .,,,,
	50', 55' 60', 65'	21.0	18.3	17.6	16.8	.3125	48-A

Arm			ROUND AR	MS	
Length	L,	D,	02		Rise
ft.	f†.	In.	1n.	in.	(±2*)
50	49	18.5	11.7	.3125	3'- 3"
55	54	18.5	11.0	.3125	3'- 7"
60	59	18.5	10.3	.3125	3'-11"
65	64	18.5	9.6	.3125	4'- 4"

D_B = Pole Base O.D.
D₁₉ = Pole Top O.D. with no Luminaire and no iLSN

D24 = Pole Top O.D. with ILSN w/out Luminaire D₃₀ = Pole Top O.D. with Luminaire

= Arm Base O.D.

① Thickness shown is minimum, thicker materials may be used.

	ANCHOR	BOLT :	& TEMP	LATE S	IZE	
Bolt Dia In	Length †	Top Thread	Bottom Thread	Bolt Circle	R2	Rı
2 1/2 *	5'-3"	10"	3*	27"	16"	11"

†Min dimension given, longer bolts are acceptable.

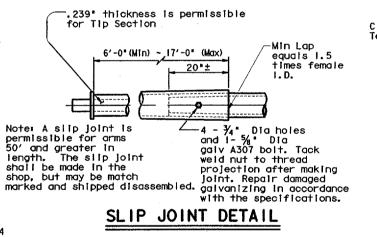
- Anchor bolt design develops the foundation capacity given under Foundation Design Laods.
- ② Foundation Design Loads are the allowable moments and shears at the base of the structure.
- 3 Field Penetrometer readings at a depth of approximately 3 to 5 feet may be used to adjust shaft lengths.
- (4) If rock is encountered, the Drilled Shaft shall extend a minimum of two diameters into solid rock.
- (5) Decimal lengths in Design Table are to allow interpolation for other penetrometer values. Round to nearest foot for entry into Summary Table.

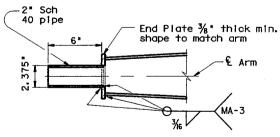
					FOUND	ATION	DESIG	N TAE	BLE					
FDN	DRILLED		FORCING TEEL	DRILLED	SHAFT LE	NGTH-f†	ANC	HOR BO	LT DES	IGN	FOUNDA DESI	TION GN ②		
TYPE	SHAFT	VERT	SPIRAL	N N	ONE PENET	TROMETER	ANCHOR BOLT	Fy (ks1)		ANCHOR			TYPICAL	APPLICATION
		BARS	& PITCH	10	15	40	DIA	(KSI)	DIA	TYPE	K-ft	Kips		
48-A	48"	20 #9	#4 a+ 6"	21.9	19.5	14.7	2 1/2 *	55	27"	2	490	10	Mast an	m assembly.

D₂ = Arm End O.D. L₁ = Shaft Length

= Nominal Arm Length

SEE SHEET "TS-FD" FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.

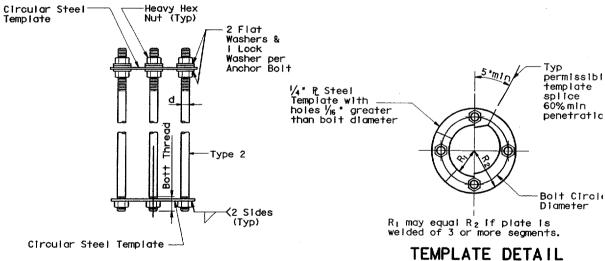




TENON DETAIL

Stainless steel bands and cast bracket as in "Astro-Brac" with 1/2" Dia Threaded Coupling.

BRACKET ASSEMBLY OPTION C



NUT ANCHOR (TYPE 2) ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY



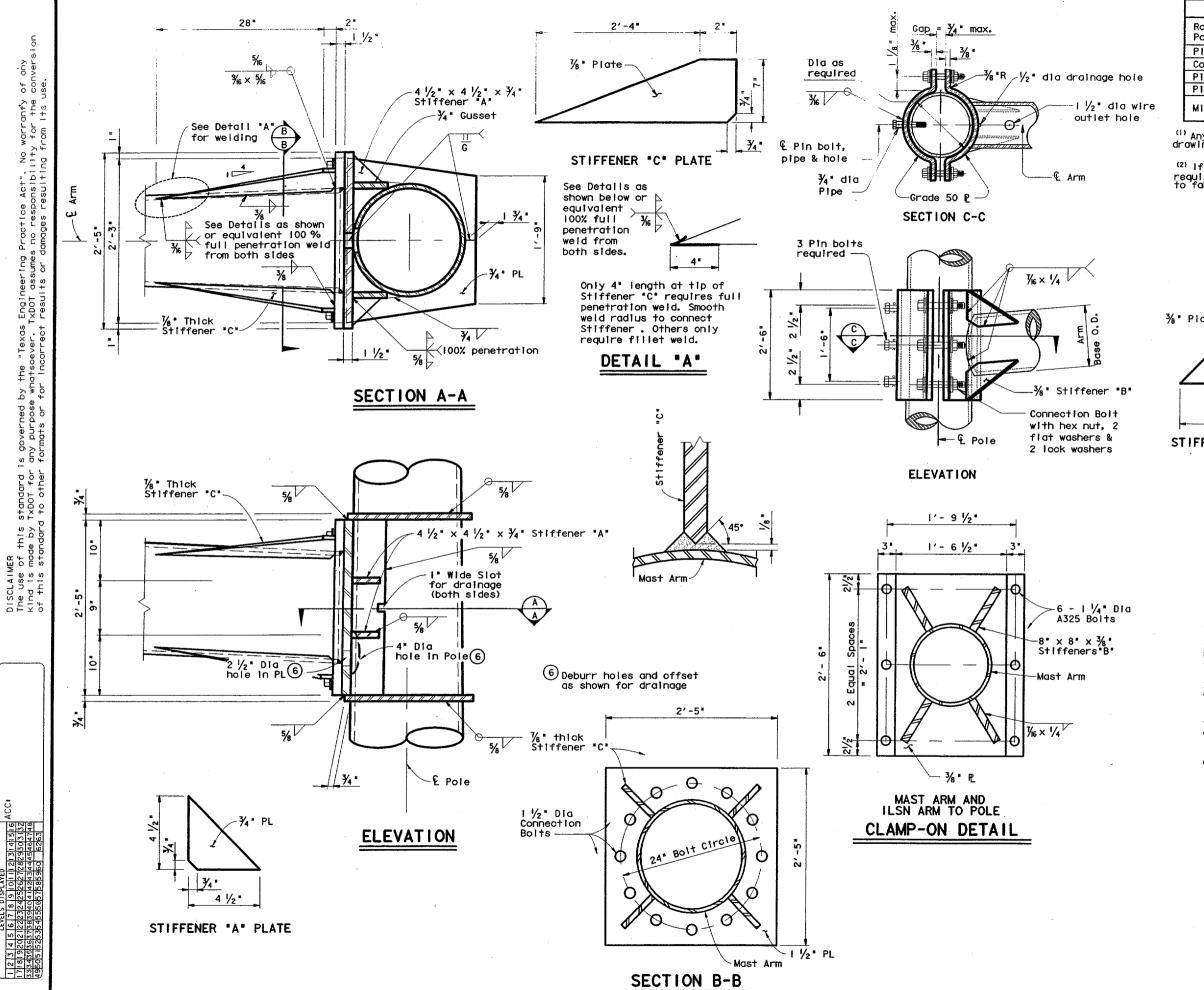
4-20-01

STANDARD PLANS Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

TRAFFIC SIGNAL SUPPORT STRUCTURES LONG MAST ARM ASSEMBLY (50 TO 65 FT) (80 AND 100 MPH WIND ZONE)

OHr - JSY CKI - ARC CM XXXX (XXX)

LMA(2)-01 Sheet 2 of 4 ©TxDOT July 2000 -20-01 DAL 6 DALLAS **** ** ***



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MATERIALS

Round Shafts or Polygonal Shafts ASTM A595 GR A, ASTM A570 GR 50, ASTM A570 GR 50 or A36M5.

Plates (1) ASTM A36 OR A572 GR 50 or A595(2) or A36M5(2)

Connection Bolts ASTM A325 except where noted

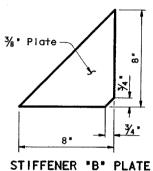
Pin Bolts ASTM A325

Pipe ASTM A33 GR A or B, or A501

Misc. Hardware Galvanized steel or stainless steel or as noted

 $^{(1)}$ Any of the materials listed for plates may be used where the drawings do not specify a particular Grade designation.

 $^{\rm (2)}$ if A595 material is used, it need not be cold worked to A59! requirments, but material must have 40 ksi minimum yield prior to fabrication.



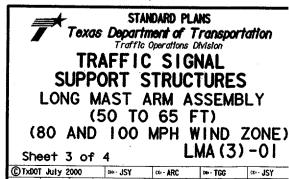
GENERAL NOTES

Clamp-on details are used for the second arm on dual mast arm assemblies. A Maximum i $\frac{1}{2}$ ° wide vertical slotted hole may be cut in the front clamp plate to facilitate drainage during galvanizing. The slot shall be centered behind the arm and shall be no longer than the arm diameter minus i".

Fixed mount details are used for single mast arm assemblies and for the first arm on dual mast assemblies.

Where duplicate parts occur on a detail, welds shown for one part shall apply to all similar parts on the detail.

Pin bolts are required to prevent rotation of clamp-on arms under design wind forces.



		Chin and nata	with the fellowing	Shipping Parts Li		flyad arm connection	
		Stillb each bote of	with the tollowing olts and washers, a	attached: enlarged t nd any additional har	and note, pole cup, dware listed in the t	tixeu urm connection table.	
		30' Poles wit		24' Poles		19' Poles	with no
Nomir		See note above	olusi one (or	C1		Luminaire a	
Art Leng		two If ILSN at hand hole, cla	tached) small	See note a one small		See note	e above
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Single Mast Arm			
Lf f	t.	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity
50	-	50L		50S		·50·	
55		55L		55 S		55	
60		60L		60\$		60	1
65		65L		65\$		65	
				Dual Mast Arm			
Lf	Lc	·					
Lf ft.		Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity
50	20	5020L		5020S		5020	
	24	5024L		502 4 S		5024	
	28	5028L		5028 S		5028	
	32	5032L		5032S		5032	
	36	5036L		5036S		5036	
	40	5040L		5040S		5040	
	44	5044L		5044 S		5044	
55	20	5520L		5520S		5520	
	24	5524L		5524S		5524	
	28	5528L		5528S		5528	
	32	5532L		5532S		5532	
	36	5536L		. 5536S		5536	
	40	5540L		5540S		5540	
	44	5544L		5544S		5544	
60	20	6020L		60205		6020	
	24	6024L	-	60245		6024	
I	28	6028L		60285		6028	
	32	6032L		60325	-	6032	
	36	6036L		6036S		6036	
Ī	40	6040L		6040S		6040	
Ī	44	6044L		60445		6044	
65	20	6520L		6520S		6520	
	24	6524L		6524S		6524	····
	28	6528L		6528 S		6528	~~~
Ī	32	6532L	7	6532S		6532	
	36	6536L		6536S		6536	
ľ	40	6540L		6540S		6540	
ľ	44	6544L		6544S		6544	

Foundation Summary Table **

Location ident.	Avg. N Blow /ft.	No. Each	Drill Shaft *** Length (feet) 48-A
BELTLINE RD. AT MIDWAY SW CORNER	10	i	21.9
Total Drill Shaft Length			21.9

Notes:

- * Supply Option "A" unless otherwise noted
- ** Foundations may be listed separately or grouped according to similarity of location and type. Quantitles are for the Contractor's information only.
- *** Decimal lengths in Design Table are to allow interpolation for other penetrometer values. Round to nearest foot for entry Into Summary Table.

raffic Sig	gnal Arms (Fixed	Mount) (I per pole) equipment attached	Parts List	// non 70/ no.10)
<u> </u>			Luminaire Arms	(1 per 30' pole)
Nominal	Type IV Arm	(4 Signals) *	Nominal Arm Length	Quantity
Arm	3 Bracket	Assembly *	8' Arm	
Length	and 4 CGB			
Length ft.			ILSN Arm (Max. 2)	per pole) Ship with
<u>-</u>	and 4 CGB	Connectors		per pole) Ship with , bolts and washers
ft.	and 4 CGB Designation	Connectors		per pole) Ship with bolts and washers Quantity
ft. 50	and 4 CGB Designation 501V	Connectors	ciamps,	, bolts and washers

Type I Arm (I Signal)		Type II Arm (2 Signals) *		Type III Arm (3 Signals) +		
Nominal Arm Length	2 CGB CONNECTOR AND 1 clamp w/bolts and washers		i Bracket Assembly * and 3 CGB connectors, and i clamp w/bolts and washers		2 Bracket Assembly * and 4 CGB connectors, and I clamp w/ bolts and washers	
ft.	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity
20	201-80					-
24	241-80		2411-80			
28	281-80		2811-80			
32			3211-80		32111-80	
36			3611-80		36111-80	
40					40111-80	
44					44111-80	

Type I Arm (I Signal)		Type II Arm (2 Signals) *		Type III Arm (3 Signals) *		
Nominal Arm Length	2 CGB CONNECTOR AND 1 clamp w/bolts and washers		I Bracket Assembly * and 3 CGB connectors, and I clamp w/bolts and washers		2 Bracket Assembly * and 4 CGB connectors, and I clam w/ bolts and washers	
ft.	Designation	Quantity	- Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity
20	201-100					
24	241-100		24II-100			
28	281-100		28II-100			
32			321I-100		32111-100	
36		:	3611-100		36111-100	
40					40III-100	
44					44111-100	

A	Inchor Boit	(I per pole	
Г	Anchor	Anchor	
	Boit	Bolt	
	Diameter	Length	Quantity
	2 1/2	5' - 3"	1

Each Anchor bolt assembly consists of the following: Top and bottom templates, 4 anchor bolts, 8 nuts, 8 flat washers, 4 lock washers and 4 nut anchor devices (type 2) per Standard Drawing "TS-FD". Templates may be removed for shipment.

Abbreviations

Lf= Fixed Arm Length

Clamp-on Arm Length (44' Max.)



THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY KEVIN P. HOPPERS, P.E. 93669 ON JUNE 1, 2005 KEVIN P. HOPPERS, P.E. 93669 ON JUNE 1, 2005 NOTIFICATION OF A SEALED DOCUMENT WITHOUT PROPER NOTIFICATION TO THE RESPONSIBLE ENGINEER IS AN OFFENSE UNDER THE TEXAS ENGINEERING PRACTICE ACT.



Traffic Operations Division LONG MAST ARM ASSEMBLY

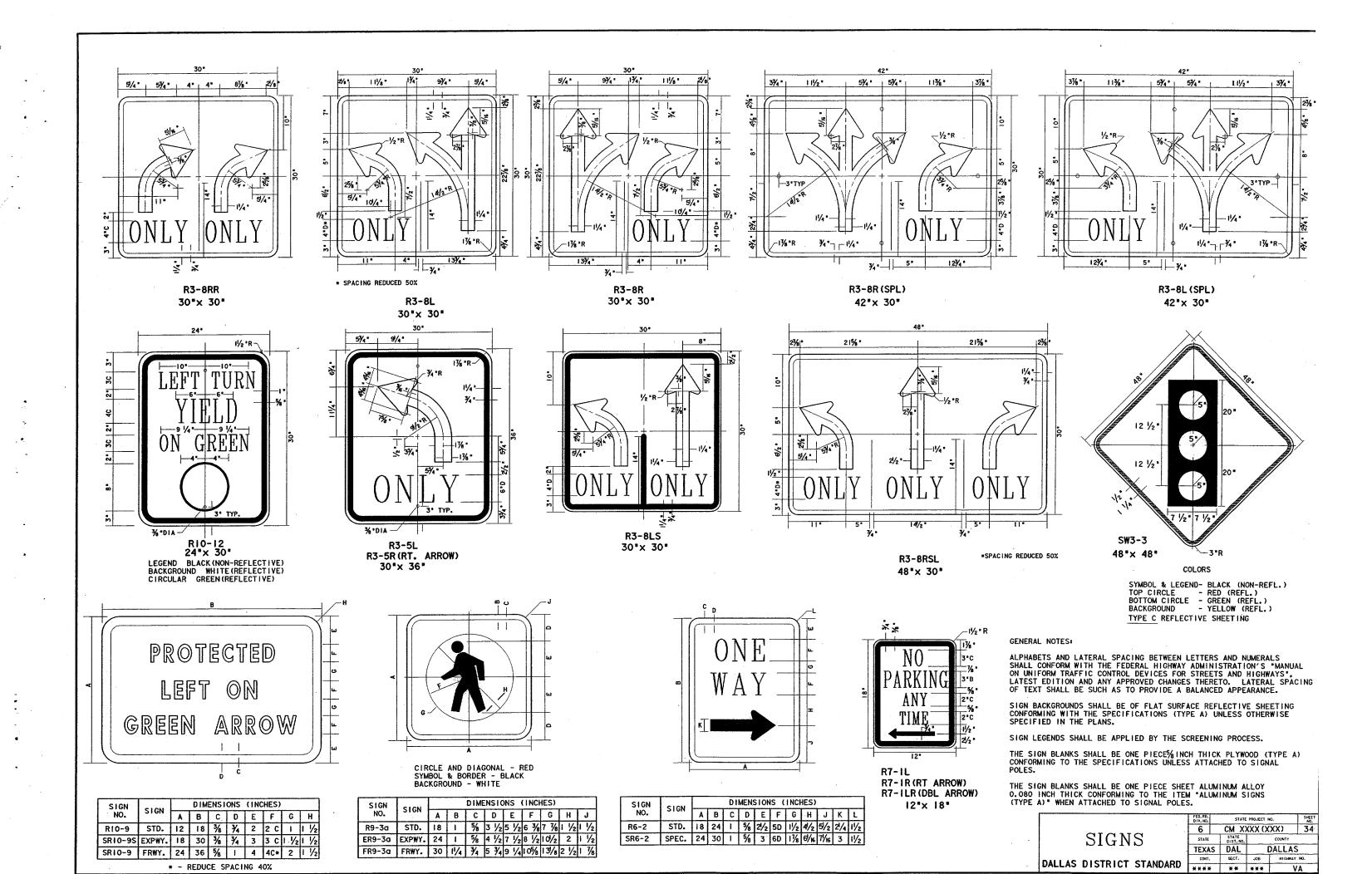
PARTS LIST

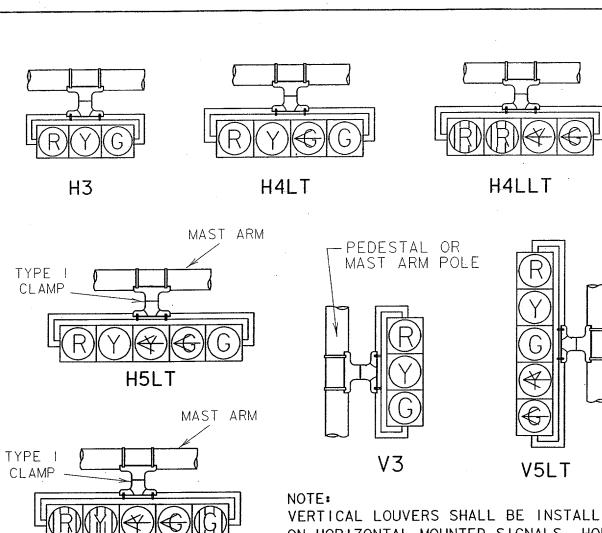
STANDARD PLANS

Texas Department of Transportation

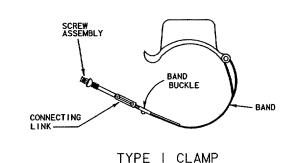
Sheet 4 of 4

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VERTICAL LOUVERS SHALL BE INSTALLED ON HORIZONTAL MOUNTED SIGNALS, HORIZONTAL LOUVERS SHALL BE INSTALLED ON VERTICAL MOUNTED SIGNAL WHEN NEEDED.



TYPE 2 CLAMP KIT SHALL BE INSTALLED WHEN ROTATION ABOUT THE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL AXES ARE NEEDED.

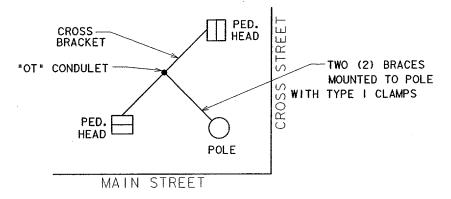
H5LLT

\ NOTE:

CLAM SHELL MOUNTING HARDWARE MAY BE USED INSTEAD OF MOUNTING HARDWARE SHOWN ABOVE, AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. ICC P/N 4805 OR OR McCAIN QUICKMOUNT OR APPROVED EQUAL

TYPE I CLAMP

PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD MOUNTING FOR ONE PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD 152A



NOTE:

THE POLE ON THIS DRAWING IS

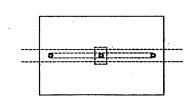
BE DEEMED ACCEPTABLE.

SHOWN AS AN EXAMPLE ONLY. POLES OF SIMILAR DESIGN FOR ANY CROSS SECTION WHICH MEET THE SPECIFICATIONS AND REQUIREMENTS SHOWN ON THESE DRAWINGS AND ARE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER WILL

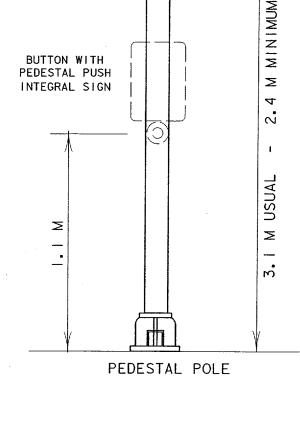
PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD MOUNTING FOR TWO PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEADS 143C



- * ONE (I) CLAMP SHALL BE USED ON SIGNS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 3.0 M IN LENGTH.
- * TWO (2) CLAMPS SHALL BE USED ON SIGNS GREATER THAN 3.0 M IN LENGTH.

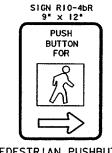


SIGN OR DAMPENING DEVICE ATTACHMENT FOR MAST ARMS





PEDESTRIAN PUSHBUTTON SIGN DETAILS



PEDESTRIAN PUSHBUTTON SIGN DETAILS

NOTES:

- I. VEHICLE AND PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEADS SHALL BE MOUNTED WITH TYPE I CLAMP AND APPROPRIATE TUBING.
- 2. ALL POLE MOUNTED VEHICLE AND PEDESTRIAN HEADS SHALL BE INSTALLED ON THE AWAY-FROM-TRAFFIC SIDE OF THE PEDESTAL OR MAST ARM POLE.
- 3. ALL DAMPING DEVICES SHALL BE 18" TO 24" WIDE BY 4 FT IN LENGTH.
- 4. ALL WIRING FOR PEDESTRIAN SIGNALS SHALL BE TOTALLY ENCLOSED WITHIN THE SIGNAL MOUNTING HAREWARE.
- 5. ALL PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEADS AND PUSH BUTTON SIGNS SHALL DISPLAY THE SYMBOLIZED MESSAGES SHOWN ABOVE.

TRAFFIC SIGNAL AND PEDESTRIAN HEAD IDENTIFICATION

ALTERNATIVE MOUNTING METHOD revised 12-92 REVISED 3-7-97

DALLAS DISTRICT STANDARD CM XXXX (XXX)

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