

APPRAISAL REPORT

**BELT LINE ROAD PROJECT
PARCEL 43/44E
RUTTER AND WILBANKS CORPORATION
AND BELTLINE REALTY PARTNERS, LTD., AN UNDIVIDED INTEREST
4135-4145 BELT LINE ROAD
ADDISON, DALLAS COUNTY, TEXAS**

FOR

**TOWN OF ADDISON
16801 WESTGROVE DRIVE
ADDISON, TEXAS 75001**

**PYLES WHATLEY CORPORATION
11551 FOREST CENTRAL DRIVE, SUITE 220
DALLAS, TEXAS 75243**

PYLES ★ WHATLEY CORPORATION
Real Estate Consultants

Wendell Pyles, MAI, SR/WA

Jan Whatley (1953-2013)

February 28, 2014

Ms. Lisa Pyles
Town of Addison
16801 Westgrove Drive
Addison, Texas 75001

Re: A real estate appraisal of Parcel 43/44E, a proposed partial acquisition in the Belt Line Road Project, located along the north side of Belt Line Road, approximately 300 feet west of Midway Road, Addison, Dallas County, Texas.

Dear Ms. Pyles:

At your request, we submit this appraisal report to estimate the market value of the above referenced property. We have made an on-site inspection of the property and considered factors pertinent to and indicative of value including Addison area characteristics, market area data and trends, locational amenities, highest and best use, and other elements of value.

Methodology and terminology used throughout the report may be found in *The Appraisal of Real Estate*, 14th Edition, as published by the Appraisal Institute.

The subject property is a tract of land totaling 5.949 acres, or 259,153 square feet, improved with a retail strip center located along Belt Line Road. This appraisal report is in compliance with the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP) as provided by the Appraisal Foundation. Our opinion of value for the subject is effective as of February 1, 2014.

The appraisal problem, as applied to the subject, is to determine the property's market value and the total compensation due to the property owner for the proposed acquisition. "Market Value is the price which the property would bring when it is offered for sale by one who desires, but is not obliged to sell, and is bought by one who is under no necessity of buying it, taking into consideration all of the uses to which it is reasonably adaptable and for which it either is or in all reasonable probability will become available within the reasonable future." *City of Austin v. Cannizzo*, 267 S.W. 2d 808 (Tex. 1954).

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 Ms. Lisa Pyles
 February 28, 2014

With reference to the preceding definition, our opinions of value are as follows:

Whole Property	\$	7,750,000	
Part To Be Acquired in Easement			\$ 280,745
Remainder - Before Taking	\$	7,469,255	
Remainder - After Taking	\$	7,469,255	
Damages			\$ 0
Costs-to-Cure			\$ 0
Total Compensation	\$		280,745

Any personal property, fixtures, or intangible items that are not real property - that are included in the valuation - are identified as personal property and discussed herein.

The following report sets forth a description of the property along with a summary of the market data considered and the conclusions derived from such data. Your attention is directed to the general assumptions and limiting conditions on the following pages, as well as the extraordinary assumptions and hypothetical conditions.

If you should have questions concerning any portion of this appraisal report, please contact our office.

Respectfully submitted,

PYLES★WHATLEY CORPORATION

Wendell Pyles, MAI, SR/WA
 State of Texas Certification # TX-1320453-G

SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS

BELT LINE ROAD PROJECT - PARCEL 43/44E



Parcel Owner	Rutter and Wilbanks Corporation and Beltline Realty Partners, Ltd., an undivided interest	
Parcel Number	43/44E	
Location	4135-4145 Belt Line Road Addison, Texas 75001	
Mapsco	DA-14-B	
Whole Property Land Area	5.949 acres	<i>(or 259,153 SF)</i>
Part To Be Acquired - Permanent Easement	0.339 acres	<i>(or 14,773 SF)</i>
Zoning	LR; Local Retail	
Highest & Best Use	Retail Development	
Reasonable Exposure Time	12 to 18 months	
Effective Date of the Appraisal	February 1, 2014	
Date of Appraisal Report	February 28, 2014	
Whole Property	\$	7,750,000
Part To Be Acquired in Easement		\$ 280,745
Remainder - Before Taking	\$	7,469,255
Remainder - After Taking	\$	7,469,255
Damages	\$	0
Costs-to-Cure	\$	0
Total Compensation	\$	280,745

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LEGAL DESCRIPTION/PARCEL SKETCH
TAX INFORMATION
ZONING INFORMATION
LETTER OF NOTICE
RETURN RECEIPTS

SCOPE OF THE ASSIGNMENT

Purpose of the Appraisal

The purpose of this appraisal is to estimate the market value of the subject property: the whole property, part to be acquired, remainder property, and any damages to the remainder property. This is an Appraisal Report, intended to comply with the reporting requirements set forth under Standards Rule 2-2(a) of the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice for an Appraisal Report. As such, it presents summary discussions of the data, reasoning, and analyses that were used in the appraisal process to develop the appraiser's opinion of value. Supporting documentation concerning the data, reasoning, and analyses is retained in the appraiser's file. The depth of discussion contained in this report is specific to the needs of the client and intended user(s) for the intended use stated below. The appraisers are not responsible for unauthorized use of this report.

Client, Intended Use, and Intended User

The Town of Addison is the client of Pyles Whatley Corporation. The intended use of this appraisal is to assist the client in their determination of total compensation due to the property owner - the market value of the property to be acquired and any remainder damages. The intended users are the Town of Addison, and Halff Associates, Inc., and their officers, employees, and agents. Any other user or uses are not intended or authorized. Use of this appraisal for any other use or by another user may invalidate the findings and conclusions.

The client has been notified that the appraiser has not appraised the subject property in the three years preceding the date of this report.

Effective Date of the Appraisal

The subject property is appraised as of February 1, 2014, the effective date, and is subject to the market influences and economic conditions, which existed on that date. The subject property was inspected on February 1, 2014.

Date of Report: February 28, 2014

Interest(s) Valued Fee Simple Estate and Easement Estate

A Fee Simple Estate is definable as absolute ownership, unencumbered by another interest or estate, and subject only to the limitations of eminent domain, escheat, police power, or taxation.

An Easement Estate is defined as an interest in real property that conveys use, but not ownership, of a portion of an owner's property.

SCOPE OF THE ASSIGNMENT

Identification of Property

The subject is located in the town of Addison, Dallas County, Texas. Situated along the north side of Belt Line Road, approximately 300 feet west of Midway Road, the property's street address is 4135-4145 Belt Line Road, Addison, Texas 75001. The subject site is improved with a retail strip center. According to the information provided, the subject tract comprises 259,153 square feet (5.949 acres). Abutting uses are office developments along the north side, another retail strip center along the east side, commercial development including a freestanding restaurant and a shopping center along the south side, and limited service hotel along the west side.

The subject is currently used as a retail strip center. The property appraised is identified as the subject property, as improved.

Legal Description

The subject is legally described as being a tract of land situated in the David Myers Survey, Abstract No. 923 and the W.H. Witt Survey, Abstract No. 1609.

Subject History

According to available information, ownership is vested in Rutter and Wilbanks Corporation and Beltline Realty Partners, Ltd., an undivided interest, according to the deed. The property transferred to Rutter and Wilbanks Corporation and Beltline Realty Partners, Ltd., an undivided interest from TCI Beltline, Inc., on June 7, 2004 as recorded in Instrument No. 200410915132, Official Deed Records of Dallas County. Details of the transaction are not known. To our knowledge, the property is not for sale or under a purchase contract. Current tenancy includes limited service and fast food restaurants such as Arezzo Italian Street Food, The Hub Sports Grill, Which Wich, Bobo Teas and Treats, JC's Burgers, and Best Thai. Other tenants are Addison Dentist, F Cozy Reflexology, First Community Bank, Baylor Rehabilitation Center, Luxury Nail and Day Spa, Skyline Vapor, and Salon Boutique Academy. The property is approximately 83% leased. The center has two spaces currently offered for lease for an undisclosed rate. According to the rent roll provided by the property manager, the currently occupied spaces leased for between \$16.00 and \$39.50 per square foot on a triple net basis.

This information is included only to satisfy the requirements of USPAP. It is not intended as a guarantee of title or chain of title. Any interested party should obtain a title search performed by a qualified title expert as needed.

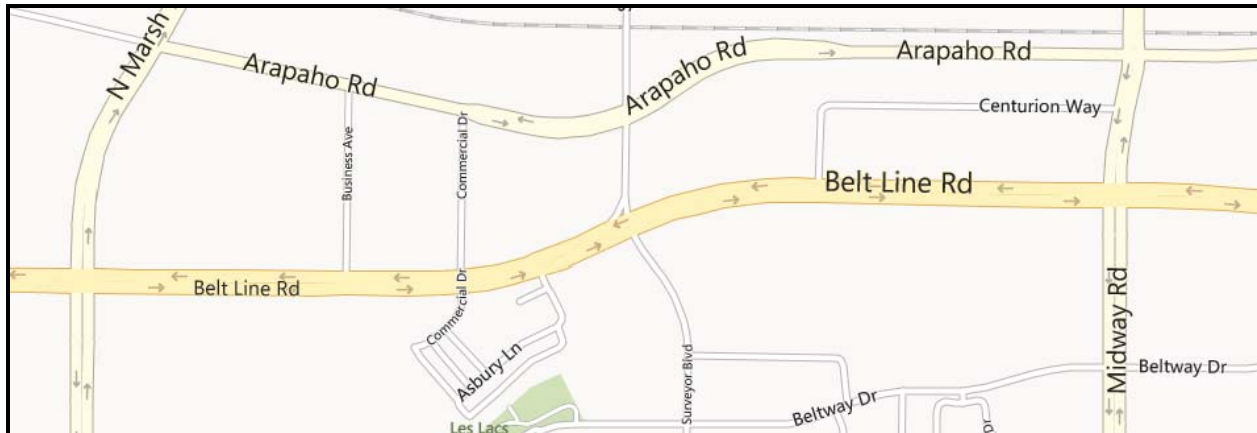
Inspection Information

We contacted the subject property owner by certified mail. A copy of the letter and return receipt are included in the addenda of this report. The property owner's representative received the certified letter and communicated with the appraisers, allowing them to enter the property and perform an inspection; Mr. Rick Motycka called to discuss the acquisition and stated that a representative would attend the inspection. The property owner's representative, Mr. William Roth, was present at the time of the inspection on February 1, 2014.

SCOPE OF THE ASSIGNMENT

Project Description

The Belt Line Road Project by the Town of Addison is for the undergrounding of electrical utilities along Belt Line Road, between Marsh Lane and Midway Road, in Addison, Texas. The purpose is to enhance the streetscape. Permanent and temporary easements and fee simple acquisitions are required. The type and use of the acquisitions vary by parcel. The acquisition areas are for electrical utilities and switchgear, drainage facilities, manholes, street right-of-way, landscaping, and sidewalks and crosswalk ramps. The construction date has not been determined.



Project Influence

The subject property is appraised excluding consideration of the effect, if any, on value of the whole property and the part to be acquired caused by the proposed public improvements, and excluding any non-compensable damages to the remainder property that result because of the part acquired or the public project. We conclude that the impending project has no effect on the whole property or on the comparable market data used herein.

Part To Be Acquired

The Town of Addison proposes to acquire a part of the subject property for the Belt Line Road Project. The proposed acquisition is a permanent easement. Per the enclosed parcel survey and field notes, the part to be acquired in easement totals 14,773 square feet (0.339 acres).

Appraisal Problem

The appraisal problem, as applied to the subject, is to determine the market value of the fee simple interest in the subject property and determine the total compensation due to the property owner for the proposed acquisition. In addressing this problem, the principles of utility, substitution, and anticipation are considered in the following valuation.

SCOPE OF THE ASSIGNMENT

Data Researched

For this report, the subject market was researched for all pertinent data relating to the appraisal problem including: collecting and confirming data through brokers, appraisers, property owners, lessees/lessors, and others familiar with the real estate market. The information provided by these sources is deemed reliable, but is not guaranteed.

In addition, verifiable third party sources were utilized including the Multiple Listing Service (MLS) and others. Where applicable, additional market data was extracted from market reports and data circulated and purchased from, Real Estate Research Corporation, Price Waterhouse Coopers Korpacz Investor Survey, Yieldstar and others. The information provided by these sources is deemed reliable, but is not guaranteed.

Competency

Collectively, the appraisers involved in this assignment have considerable experience in appraising this property type, and have adequate knowledge of the property type and location to meet the competency requirements of the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice. In addition, other appraisers in the market would perform similar actions in the appraisal process to fulfill the scope of work in this assignment and the appraisal meets or exceeds the expectations of parties who are regularly intended users for similar assignments.

Procedure

For this appraisal, the subject property was inspected and the highest and best use analyzed considering the factors of physically possible, legally permissible, financially feasible, and maximally productive. The cost, sales comparison, and income capitalization approaches are applicable for appraisal purposes and are included in the valuation of the subject. The market was researched for all pertinent land sale data and improved sales and rentals relating to the valuation. These data are analyzed and adjusted using commonly accepted appraisal techniques. The subject land is valued by market comparison of similar tracts of land using the sales comparison approach. Using the cost approach, replacement costs are abstracted from industry sources and applied to the subject improvements, less accrued depreciation. The resulting value indications are reconciled to one final opinion of value of the whole property.

Exposure Time

Exposure time is defined as the estimated length of time the property interest being appraised would have been offered on the market prior to the hypothetical consummation of a sale at market value on the effective date of the appraisal; a retrospective opinion based on an analysis of past events assuming a competitive and open market.

Considering the state of the economy, properties of the subject type, and market participants' actions, an exposure time of 12 to 18 months is concluded for the subject property – at a value consistent with the conclusions of this report.

SCOPE OF THE ASSIGNMENT

Scope of Work

Pyles Whatley Corporation, through its licensed appraisers has performed all aspects of the real estate appraisal report, to include the following:

- Identified the property and interests to be appraised;
- Communicated with the Town of Addison personnel, and as appropriate, other service providers, and landowners, regarding the appraisal assignment;
- When possible, communicated with the property owner regarding the history and the condition of the subject property;
- Researched public records regarding the history and the condition of the subject property;
- Researched the public records for data on the subject property, including zoning, assessments, taxes, acreage, buildings and site improvements, and maps;
- Performed a preliminary search of all available resources to determine market trends, influences and other significant factors pertinent to the subject properties. Inspected the subject property and subject area, and photographed the subject and relevant comparable sales and income properties; although due diligence has been exercised in inspection of the properties, the appraiser is not an expert in such matters as soils, structural engineering, hazardous waste, environmental conditions, the ADA, and other similar matters, and no warranty is given as to these elements;
- Performed an analysis of the highest and best use of the subject property;
- Researched and collected relevant data (improved sales, escrow sales, listings, and income and other market data) as present in the market area (from public and private sources) and of sufficient quality to express an opinion of value as defined in the appraisal reports;
- Gathered and analyzed the market data to reach an estimate of market value for the appropriate interest in the subject, using the methodology and valuation approaches that are relevant to the assignment;
- Assembled and wrote the narrative report, complete with maps, photos, and supporting addenda;
- Prepared and submitted a written appraisal report of the subject property, as requested by the client;
- A narrative appraisal report meets the client's requirements.

DEFINITION OF MARKET VALUE

The definition of market value is:

“Market Value is the price which the property would bring when it is offered for sale by one who desires, but is not obliged to sell, and is bought by one who is under no necessity of buying it, taking into consideration all of the uses to which it is reasonably adaptable and for which it either is or in all reasonable probability will become available within the reasonable future.” *City of Austin v. Cannizzo*, 267 S.W. 2d 808 (Tex. 1954).

In this report, a market value opinion of the fee simple interest in the real property is developed.

GENERAL ASSUMPTIONS AND LIMITING CONDITIONS

The Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice and the Code of Professional Ethics and Standards of Professional Practice of the Appraisal Institute require the appraiser to "set forth all assumptions and limiting conditions that affect the analyses, opinions, and conclusions in the report". In compliance therewith, and to assist the reader in interpreting this report, such general assumptions and limiting conditions are set forth below. Specific assumptions, if any, are referred to in the transmittal letter and their location in the report detailed.

Title is assumed to be marketable and free and clear of all liens and encumbrances, easements, and restrictions except those specifically discussed in the report. The property is appraised assuming it to be under responsible ownership and competent management and available for its highest and best use.

No opinion is intended to be expressed for legal matters or that would require specialized investigation or knowledge beyond that ordinarily employed by real estate appraisers, notwithstanding the fact that such matters may be discussed in the report.

No opinion is expressed on the value of subsurface oil, gas, water, or mineral rights or whether the property is subject to surface entry for the exploration or removal of such except as expressly stated.

The date of value to which the opinions expressed in this report apply is set forth in the letter of transmittal. The appraiser assumes no responsibility for economic or physical factors occurring at some later date, which may affect the opinions herein stated. The opinion of value is considered reliable only as of the date of the appraisal.

The valuation is reported in dollars of U.S. currency prevailing on the date of the appraisal.

Maps, plats, and exhibits included herein are for illustration only as an aid in visualizing matters discussed within the report. They should not be considered as surveys or relied upon for any other purpose unless specifically identified as such.

All information and comments pertaining to this and other properties included in the report represent the personal opinion of the appraiser, formed after examination and study of the subject and other properties. While it is believed the information, estimates and analyses are correct, the appraiser does not guarantee them and assumes no liability for errors in fact, analysis or judgment.

Neither all nor any part of the contents of this report (especially any conclusions as to value, the identity of the appraiser or the firm with which he is connected, or any reference to the Appraisal Institute or to the MAI or SRA designation) shall be disseminated to the public through advertising media, public relations media, sales media, or any other public means of communication without written consent and approval of the undersigned.

GENERAL ASSUMPTIONS AND LIMITING CONDITIONS

The appraiser is not required to give testimony or to appear in court by reason of this appraisal, unless prior arrangements have been made.

The distribution of the total valuation in this report between land and improvements applies only under the existing, or proposed/completed program of utilization. The separate valuations for land and buildings must not be used in conjunction with any other appraisal and are invalid if so used.

Certain information concerning market and operating data were obtained from others. This information is verified and checked, where possible, and is used in this appraisal only if it is believed to be accurate and correct. However, such information is not guaranteed.

Opinions of value contained herein are opinions only. There is no guarantee, written or implied, that the subject property will sell for such amounts. Prospective values are based on market conditions as of the effective date of the appraisal. The appraiser is not responsible if unforeseeable events alter market conditions subsequent to the effective date of the appraisal. As a personal opinion, valuation may vary between appraisers based on the same facts.

No responsibility for hidden defects or conformity to specific governmental requirements, such as fire, building and safety, earthquake, or occupancy codes can be assumed without provision of specific professional or governmental inspections. While the general conditions of the property were observed, no guarantee can be made concerning the individual components of the structures including but not limited to the heating system, plumbing, electrical services, roof, possible termite damage or building foundation, wells or septic systems. This appraiser is not qualified to make a complete physical inspection of the property. Such an inspection is beyond the scope of this report and no statements can be made concerning the adequacy or condition of these or other systems.

No investigation - unless presented in other sections of this report - was made by the appraiser to determine if asbestos, fiberglass, or synthetic mineral fiber products are present in improved properties. The existence of such products, if any, would have to be determined by a qualified inspector. It is assumed that there is no asbestos, fiberglass, synthetic mineral fiber products, nor other contaminants present that would materially affect value.

The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) became effective January 26, 1992. I have not made a specific compliance survey and analysis of this property to determine whether or not it is in conformity with the various detailed requirements of the ADA. It is possible that a compliance survey of the property together with a detailed analysis of the requirements of the ADA could reveal that the property is not in compliance with one or more of the requirements of the act. If so, this fact could have a negative effect upon the value of the property. Since I have no direct evidence relating to this issue, I did not consider possible noncompliance with the requirements of ADA in estimating the value of the property.

GENERAL ASSUMPTIONS AND LIMITING CONDITIONS

No investigation - unless presented in other sections of this report - was made by the appraiser to determine if any toxic materials are present on the subject tract. The existence of such materials, if any, would have to be determined by a qualified inspector. It is assumed that no toxic materials are present that would materially affect value or development costs.

A reasonable investigation was made to determine the existence of any underground storage tanks (UST) on the subject site. If USTs are present on the subject site details are provided in other sections of this report. It is assumed there are no USTs present that would materially affect value.

In the event the appraisal is based upon proposed improvements, it is assumed that the improvements will be completed in substantial conformity with plans and specifications, which have been furnished to the appraiser, and with good materials and workmanship. It is also assumed that the proposed foundation and construction techniques are adequate for the existing sub-soil conditions.

Any personal property, fixtures, or intangible items that are not real property, that are included in the valuation- are identified as personal property and discussed herein.

Due to the multiplicity of mathematical calculations used in standard appraisal practice, rounded values, e.g., rounded to whole dollars or whole units of measure such as linear feet or square feet, may result in inexact sums of components. The typical difference in such cases does not materially affect the value conclusions of this appraisal report or the total compensation due to the property owner.

EXTRAORDINARY ASSUMPTIONS/HYPOTHETICAL CONDITIONS

Extraordinary Assumptions/Hypothetical Conditions: The Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice require the disclosure of hypothetical conditions and extraordinary assumptions when employed in the development of an appraisal. The use of these may have affected the assignment results.

As defined in the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice, an extraordinary assumption is “an assumption, directly related to a specific assignment, as of the effective date of the assignment results, which, if found to be false, could alter the appraiser’s opinions or conclusions.”

As defined in the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice, a hypothetical condition is “a condition, directly related to a specific assignment, which is contrary to what is known by the appraiser to exist on the effective date of the assignment results, but is used for the purpose of analysis.”

The subject is appraised conditioned upon the following:

In the remainder condition the subject is appraised as though the Town of Addison project is complete and in place and the part acquired has been put to the use for which it was acquired.

The subject site is located along Belt Line Road. Adequate, legal access to the subject is assumed available as of the appraisal date.

A legal opinion of the deed covering the subject property is not available. It is assumed that the deed does not contain any right, restriction, or reservation that would affect the value conclusions of this report.

The above are set forth for appraisal purposes and no legal reasoning is intended. The reader should be aware that in the event any of the above proves false or improperly applied, the conclusions of this appraisal could be changed or invalidated.

MARKET AREA

A market area, as defined in The Dictionary of Real Estate Appraisal, 5th Edition, copyrighted 2010, is:

"The area associated with a subject property that contains its direct competition."

When analyzing value influences, the focus is on market area. A market area is defined in terms of the market for a specific category of real estate and thus, is the area in which alternative, similar properties effectively compete with the subject property in the minds of probable, potential purchasers and users. A market area can encompass one or multiple neighborhoods or districts.

Market Area Influences

The subject property is located in the town of Addison, Texas, situated in the Dallas-Fort Worth metropolitan area. The market area is considered to be the town of Addison, and the surrounding cities of Carrollton, Farmers Branch, and Dallas, and ultimately the Dallas Fort Worth Metropolitan area as the subject property competes with similar properties in this trade area. An area analysis and a subject vicinity description are presented in the following pages.

DALLAS/FORT WORTH METROPOLITAN ANALYSIS

The subject property in this report is located in the Dallas/Fort Worth Metropolitan Area, one of the major financial and population centers in the nation. Therefore, an overview of the Metroplex is appropriate.

Downtown Dallas



Fort Worth

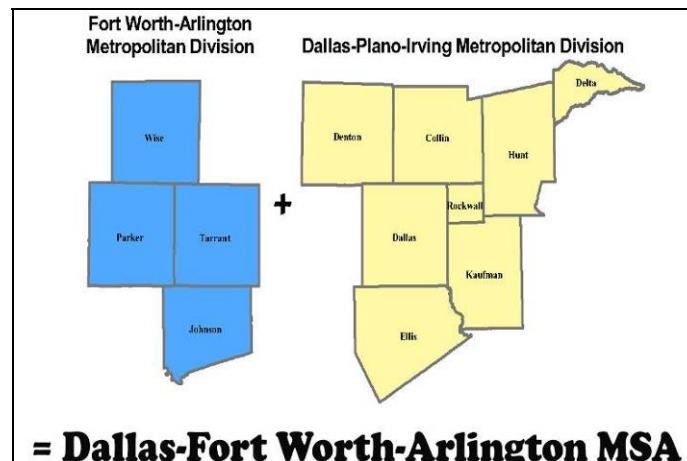


Photograph Courtesy of the Dallas Convention & Visitors Bureau

CLASSIFICATION

The classifications represented in the Dallas/Fort Worth area are:

Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) and Metropolitan Division (MD)



With a population of over 6.4 million, Dallas/Fort Worth and the surrounding area is the fourth largest MSA under this classification. The DFW MSA is comprised of two Metropolitan Divisions; Dallas-Plano-Irving or Dallas MD on the east and Fort Worth-Arlington or Fort Worth MD on the west. The Dallas MD includes Collin, Dallas, Delta, Denton, Ellis, Hunt, Kaufman, and Rockwall Counties with a 2013 estimated population of 4.3 million. The Fort Worth MD is comprised of Johnson, Parker, Tarrant, and Wise Counties with a 2013 estimated population of 2.3 million.

DALLAS/FORT WORTH METROPOLITAN ANALYSIS

CITY AND COUNTY CHARACTERISTICS

History/Introduction

The city of Dallas, located in Dallas County, began as a small Trinity River settlement founded in 1841 by John Neely Bryan. Shortly after its founding, Dallas became part of the wagon train route, the Central National Highway of the Republic of Texas. Dallas was incorporated in 1857 despite its small population, and by 1870 had a population of only 2,960.

In the 1870's, Dallas citizens, bent on making their mark in the Southwest, coaxed the Houston & Texas Central Railroad, which ran north/south, and the westbound Texas Pacific Railroad to the city, thereby becoming a crossing point for the Northeast and Southwest.

With the advent of the railroad, Dallas quickly grew to 38,500 by 1890, and by 1920, the nation was referring to Dallas as "Big D". The city's growth has been mostly attributable to the efforts and influences of the business and private sector. Dallas became the center of finance and business in the Southwest when it petitioned for and received one of the twelve District Federal Reserve Banks in 1913. Since that time, Dallas has become the fifth largest financial center in the United States.

Situated in North Texas, Dallas and Fort Worth serve as the principal cities of the DFW metropolitan area (commonly called the Metroplex). Dallas is the main economic center while Fort Worth is the second largest cultural and economic center of the Metroplex.

Demographics/Population

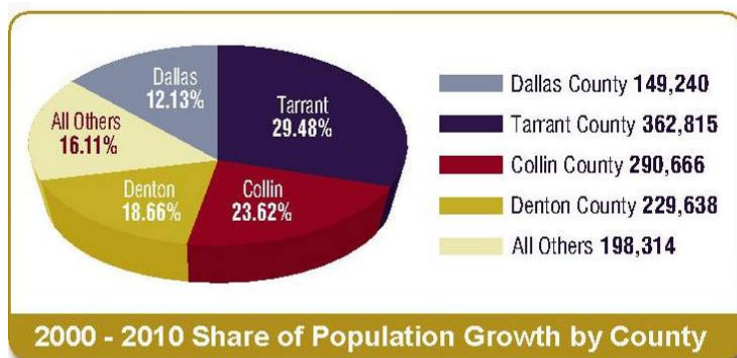
The DFW MSA is the fourth largest metro area in the nation and larger than 33 US states. Dallas is the third largest city in Texas and ninth in the nation. Dallas County is the ninth most populous county in the nation at 2,385,990 persons. Within the Dallas MD is an estimated 2012 population of 4,298,130. Fort Worth ranks as the fifth largest city in the state of Texas and eighteenth in the United States. The city serves as the county seat for Tarrant County, which consists of a 2012 population of 1,831,230. Within the Fort Worth MD is a population count of 2,163,280.

From 2000 to 2008, the Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington MSA was second only to the Atlanta region in growth nationwide. With a growth rate of 2.7%, the MSA population increased by an estimated 947,907 persons.

The Dallas MD experienced a growth rate of 24.5% between 2000 and 2012, indicating slightly lower growth than in the Fort Worth MD, which experienced a 26.5% growth rate. Over the past twelve years, the MSA as a whole has grown in population by 25.2%.

DALLAS/FORT WORTH METROPOLITAN ANALYSIS

The breakdown of growth by the four major counties of the MSA are as follows:



Dallas/Fort Worth also ranks sixth in the nation in terms of urbanized land area. The urbanized area that includes the two cities and their contiguous suburbs consumed 1,407 miles of open land between 1990 and 2000 and grew by more than one-third.

Urban Area (1990-2000)	Total Area (square miles)	Urban Area (1990-2000)	Total Area (square miles)
New York	3,353	Dallas/Fort Worth	1,407
Los Angeles	1,859	Boston	1,736
Chicago	2,123	Washington DC	1,157
Philadelphia	1,799	Detroit	1,261
Miami	1,116	San Francisco	758

The subsequent table illustrates growth trends, in total numbers and annualized percentages, of all the major cities, suburbs, and statistical regions from 1990 to 2012.

DALLAS/FORT WORTH METROPOLITAN ANALYSIS

POPULATION ANNUALIZED GROWTH RATES						
AREA	1990	2000	2010	2011	2012	2011-2012 Percent Change
DFW MSA	3,885,415	5,161,544	6,366,542	6,409,700	6,461,410	0.8
Dallas MD	2,553,362	3,451,226	4,230,520	4,262,910	4,298,130	0.8
Collin County	264,036	491,675	782,341	792,150	804,390	1.5
Dallas County	1,852,810	2,218,899	2,368,139	2,380,510	2,385,990	0.2
Denton County	273,525	432,976	662,614	669,930	683,010	2.0
Ellis County	85,167	111,360	149,610	151,030	152,580	1.0
Hunt County	64,343	76,596	86,129	86,860	87,290	0.5
Kaufman County	52,220	71,313	103,350	103,440	104,600	1.1
Rockwall County	25,604	43,080	78,337	78,990	80,270	1.6
Fort Worth MD	1,361,034	1,710,318	2,136,022	2,146,790	2,163,280	0.8
Johnson County	97,165	126,811	150,934	151,440	153,060	1.1
Parker County	64,785	88,495	116,927	117,570	118,860	1.1
Tarrant County	1,170,103	1,446,219	1,809,034	1,818,240	1,831,230	0.7
Wise County	34,679	48,793	59,127	59,540	60,130	1.0
Addison	8,783	13,250	13,056	13,060	13,680	4.7
Allen	18,309	43,554	84,246	84,820	86,600	2.1
Arlington	261,721	322,969	365,438	365,530	365,860	0.1
Carrollton	82,169	109,576	119,097	119,360	121,150	1.5
Coppell	16,881	35,958	38,659	38,870	38,950	0.2
Dallas	1,006,877	1,188,580	49,047	49,210	49,540	0.7
Denton	66,270	80,537	113,383	114,520	115,810	1.1
Duncanville	35,008	36,081	38,524	38,600	38,610	0.0
Farmers Branch	24,250	27,508	28,616	28,600	28,620	0.1
Fort Worth	447,619	534,694	741,206	748,450	757,810	1.3
Frisco	6,138	33,714	116,989	121,670	125,500	3.1
Garland	180,650	215,768	226,876	227,670	228,060	0.2
Grand Prairie	99,616	127,427	175,396	176,320	176,980	0.4
Irving	155,037	191,615	216,290	218,080	218,850	0.4
Lewisville	46,521	77,737	95,290	95,430	96,000	0.6
McKinney	21,283	54,269	131,117	133,010	136,180	2.4
Mesquite	101,484	124,523	139,824	139,890	139,950	0.0
Murphy	1,547	3,109	17,708	17,860	18,020	0.9
Plano	128,713	222,030	259,841	260,500	261,900	0.5
Richardson	74,840	91,802	99,223	99,870	100,450	0.6
Wylie	8,716	14,965	41,427	42,040	42,690	1.5
<i>Source: North Central Texas Council of Governments</i>						

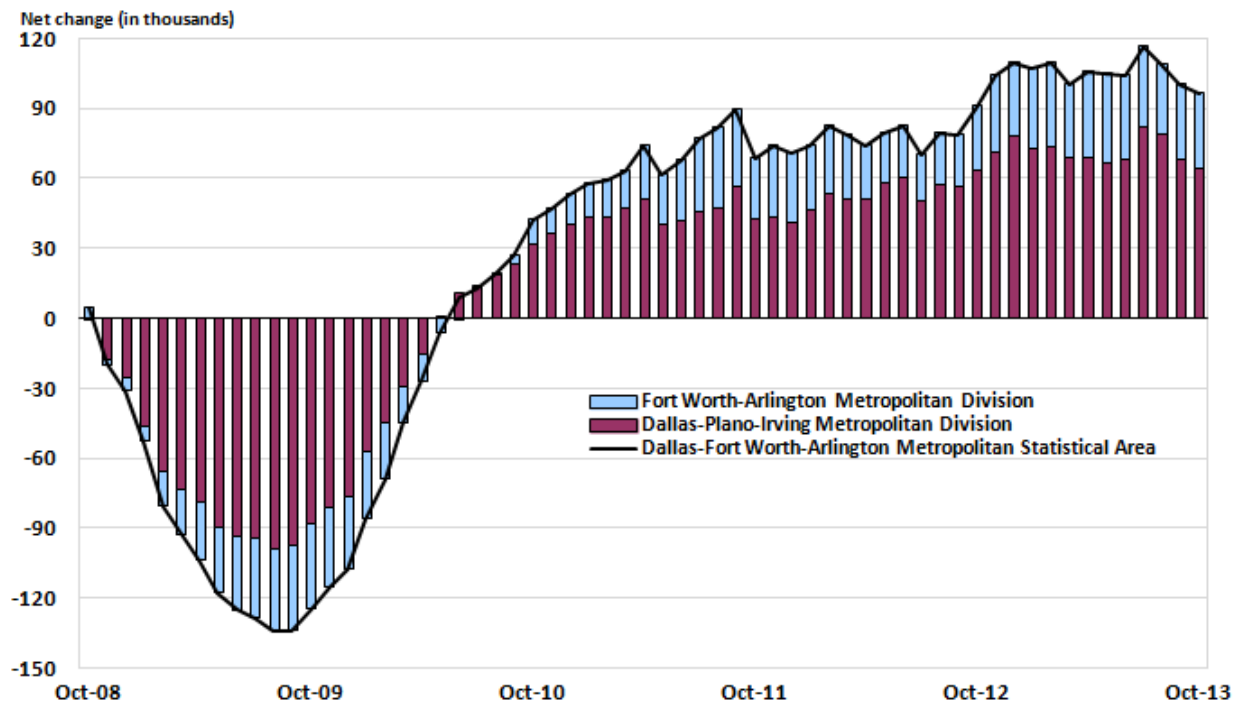
DALLAS/FORT WORTH METROPOLITAN ANALYSIS

EMPLOYMENT AND ECONOMIC BASE

DFW MSA Employment

From 1995 to 2000, the DFW MSA was consistently one of the leaders in new job creation, with annual gains in the range of 70,000 to 125,000 jobs. However, the region posted job losses totaling 36,500, or -1.3% decline for the year ending 2001, primarily due to layoffs in the high tech and telecom sectors. This was a record loss and twice the previous record of 19,500 job losses in 1991. In total, only three years of negative job growth are recorded in the last fifteen years. Employment bases of the MSAs are growing and the unemployment figures are typically slightly superior to the U.S. as a whole. Total nonfarm employment in the Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington Metropolitan Statistical Area stood at 3,114,800 in July 2013, up 111,800 over the year, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported. From July 2012 to July 2013, local nonfarm employment rose 3.7 percent, more than twice the national increase of 1.7 percent. Regional Commissioner Stanley W. Suchman noted that among the 12 largest metropolitan areas in the country, Dallas ranked first in the rate of job growth.

Chart 1. Total nonfarm employment, over-the-year net change in the Dallas metropolitan area and its divisions, October 2008–October 2013



DALLAS/FORT WORTH METROPOLITAN ANALYSIS

Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington was 1 of the nation's 12 largest metropolitan statistical areas in July 2013. All of these areas experienced over-the-year job growth during the period, with five exceeding the national average of 1.7 percent. The fastest rate of job growth was registered in Dallas, up 3.7 percent, closely followed by Houston-Sugar-Land-Baytown, up 3.6 percent.

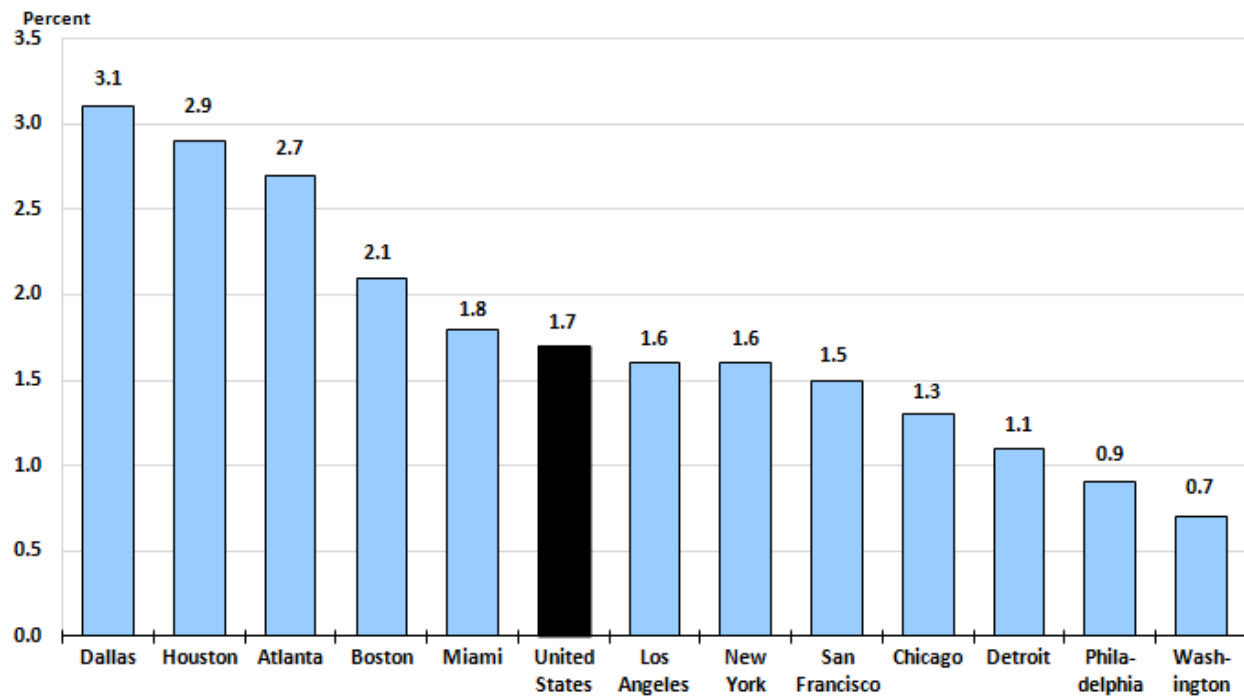
Civilian Employment (In Thousands)

August 2013

United States	144,509,000	State of Texas	11,981.9
Abilene	80.1	Longview	111.1
Amarillo	127.4	Lubbock	139.8
Austin-Round Rock-San Marcos	931.1	McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	277.6
Beaumont-Port Arthur	169.4	Midland	92.6
Brownsville-Harlingen	146.1	Odessa	84.1
Bryan-College Station	107.3	San Angelo	53.8
Corpus Christi	208.9	San Antonio-New Braunfels	968.9
Dallas-Plano-Irving MD	2,150.5	Sherman-Denison	54.3
El Paso	293.7	Texarkana	59.0
Fort Worth-Arlington MD	1,077.6	Tyler	95.5
Houston-Baytown-Sugarland	2,916.2	Victoria	58.7
Killeen-Temple-Fort Hood	159.1	Waco	110.2
Laredo	94.8	Wichita Falls	66.7

Source: Texas Workforce Commission -Texas Labor Market Review, September 2013

Chart 3. Over-the-year percent change in employment, United States and 12 largest metropolitan areas, October 2013

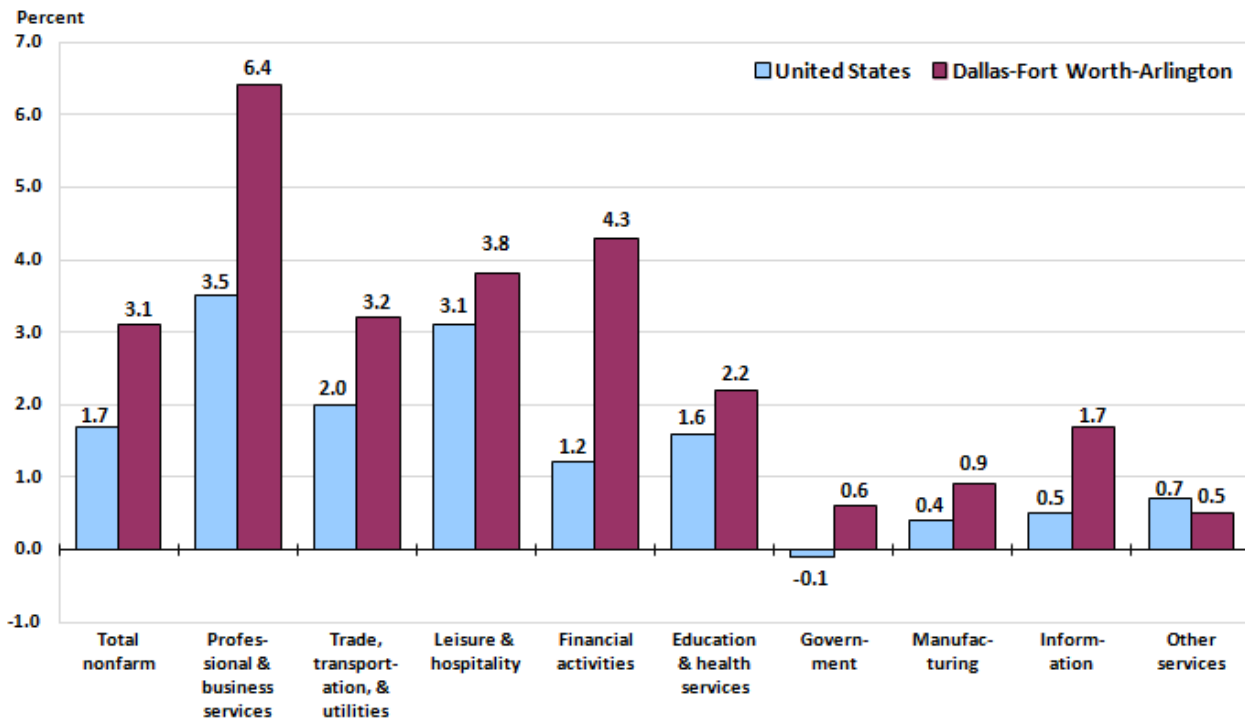


Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

DALLAS/FORT WORTH METROPOLITAN ANALYSIS

In previous years, the DFW diversified economic base has generated employment opportunities, which caused substantial amounts of growth and expansion. The Dallas/Fort Worth job market has changed from a traditional manufacturing and low-skill employment to the service, high tech, and high skill employment. The subsequent chart illustrates employment growth in industry sectors in Dallas/Fort Worth and nationwide.

Chart 2. Over-the-year percent change in employment by industry supersector, United States and the Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington metropolitan area, October 2013



Trade, professional, business, and other services, manufacturing, and government make up the bulk of the jobs within the Dallas/Fort Worth area.

Local Companies

The metropolitan area boasts a long list of national and international corporate headquarters, with many major companies relocating to DFW in the past twenty years. The availability of reasonably priced land, lower living cost for employees, favorable climate, and reasonable housing are great incentives.

DFW MSA is home to 19 Fortune 500 Companies. These companies include Exxon Mobil, AT&T, AMR Corporation, Texas Instruments, Fluor, Kimberly-Clark, J.C Penney, Energy Transfer Holdings, Energy Transfer Equity, Atmos Energy, and several others.

DALLAS/FORT WORTH METROPOLITAN ANALYSIS

The largest North Texas private companies based on revenue include 7-Eleven, Inc., Energy Future Holdings, Michaels Stores Inc., Baylor Health Care System, The Neiman Marcus Group, Texas Health Resources, Glazers Distributors, Sammons Enterprises, Sabre Holdings, and Mary Kay Inc.

Below are the top ten private-sector employers located in North Texas:

Dallas/Fort Worth	
Top Ten Employers	No. of Local Employees
American Airlines	24,700
Bank of America	20,000
Texas Health Resources	19,230
Dallas ISD	18,314
Baylor Health Care System	17,097
AT&T Inc.	15,800
Lockheed Martin	14,126
JPMorgan Chase	13,500
UT Southwestern Medical Center at Dallas	13,122
City of Dallas	12,836
<i>Source: Dallas Business Journal 2013 Book of Lists</i>	

The largest North Texas public companies based on revenue include Exxon Mobil Corp., AT&T Inc., AMR Corp., Fluor Corp., Kimberly-Clark Corp., J.C. Penney Co. Inc., Southwest Airlines Co., Holly Frontier Corp., Texas Instruments Inc., and Dean Foods.

Below are the top ten public-sector employers located in North Texas:

Dallas/Fort Worth	
Top Ten Employers	No. of Local Employees
Dallas ISD	18,314
UT-Southwestern Medical Center at Dallas	13,122
City of Dallas	12,836
United States Postal Service	10,439
Fort Worth ISD	10,129
Parkland Health & Hospital System	8,134
Arlington ISD	7,907
Dallas County	7,411
Garland ISD	7,300
Dallas County Community College District	7,076
<i>Source: Dallas Business Journal 2013 Book of Lists</i>	

DALLAS/FORT WORTH METROPOLITAN ANALYSIS

DALLAS/FORT WORTH INVESTMENT CRITERIA

According to the Real Estate Research Center's 3rd Quarter 2013 Real Estate Report, investment criteria are as follows:

DALLAS/FT. WORTH

3RD QUARTER 2013

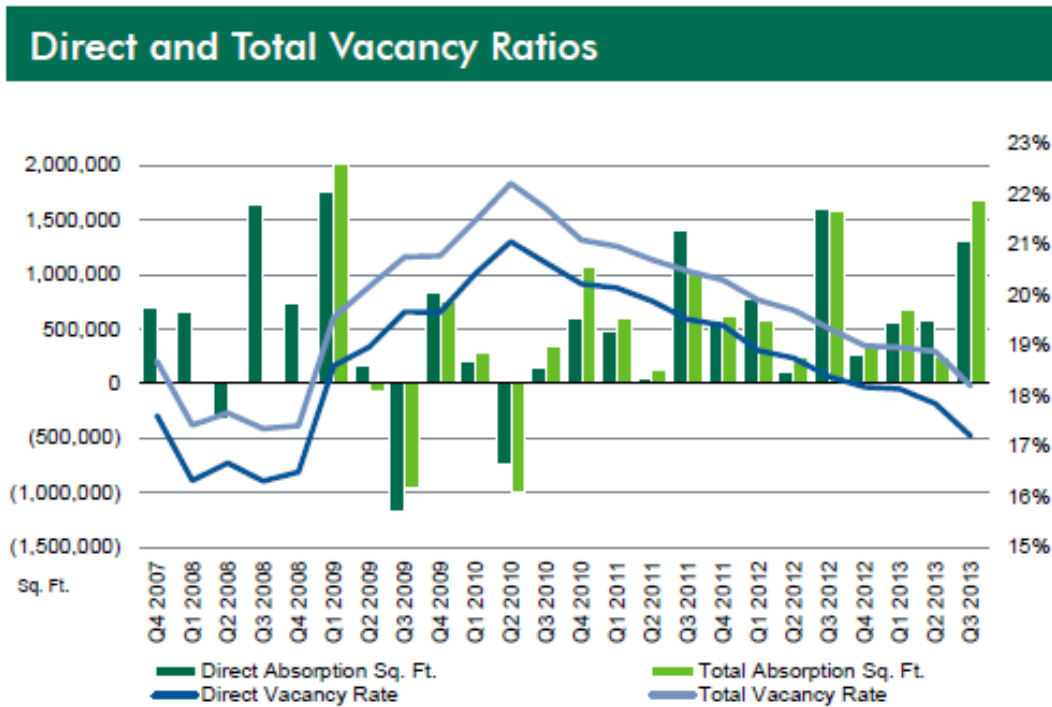
Dallas/Ft. Worth Investment Criteria First-Tier ¹ Investment Properties													
	Pre-Tax Yield (%)			Going-In Cap Rate (%)			Terminal Cap Rate (%)			Anticipated 1-Year Growth Rates			
	RERC Estimate	South Region	U.S.	RERC Estimate	South Region	U.S.	RERC Estimate	South Region	U.S.	National Value	South Value	National Rent	South Rent
Offc - CBD	8.7	9.3	9.0	7.1	7.6	7.3	7.9	8.4	8.0	2.1	1.6	1.9	1.4
Offc - Suburban	9.2	9.5	9.4	7.6	7.8	7.7	8.2	8.5	8.4	1.9	2.0	1.5	1.6
Ind - Warehouse	8.8	9.4	9.1	7.2	7.8	7.6	7.8	8.4	8.2	2.6	2.6	2.1	2.0
Ind - R&D	9.4	9.8	9.6	7.7	8.1	7.9	8.4	8.8	8.5	1.9	2.1	1.7	1.8
Ind - Flex	9.5	9.8	9.6	7.9	8.2	7.9	8.5	8.9	8.6	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.5
Ret - Reg Mall	8.5	9.1	9.1	7.0	7.5	7.5	7.7	8.2	8.1	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2
Ret - Pwr Center	8.9	9.1	9.2	7.5	7.6	7.5	8.1	8.2	8.2	1.7	1.9	1.5	1.5
Ret - Neigh/ Comm.	9.0	9.3	9.3	7.5	7.8	7.7	8.1	8.3	8.4	2.1	2.5	1.9	2.1
Apartment	7.9	8.3	8.1	5.9	6.5	6.3	6.6	7.2	7.0	3.5	3.6	3.0	3.4
Hotel	10.1	10.3	10.2	8.2	8.4	8.5	9.0	9.2	9.2	2.6	3.1	2.2	2.7
Average	9.0	9.4	9.3	7.4	7.7	7.6	8.0	8.4	8.3	2.2	2.2	1.9	1.9

¹ First-tier investment properties are defined as new or newer quality construction in prime to good locations.
Source: RERC Investment Survey.

DALLAS/FORT WORTH METROPOLITAN ANALYSIS

Office Market

According to the *CB Richard Ellis 3rd Quarter 2013 D/FW Marketview*, the Dallas/Fort Worth office market is experiencing a steady decline in vacancy rates. Overall, vacancy rates have been declining, with lease rates slightly decreasing in the most recent quarters. With the uncertainty in the global economy, investors have become lease aggressive in the office market, with the quantity of proposed office projects declining. Medical offices continue as the strongest sector within the office inventory.

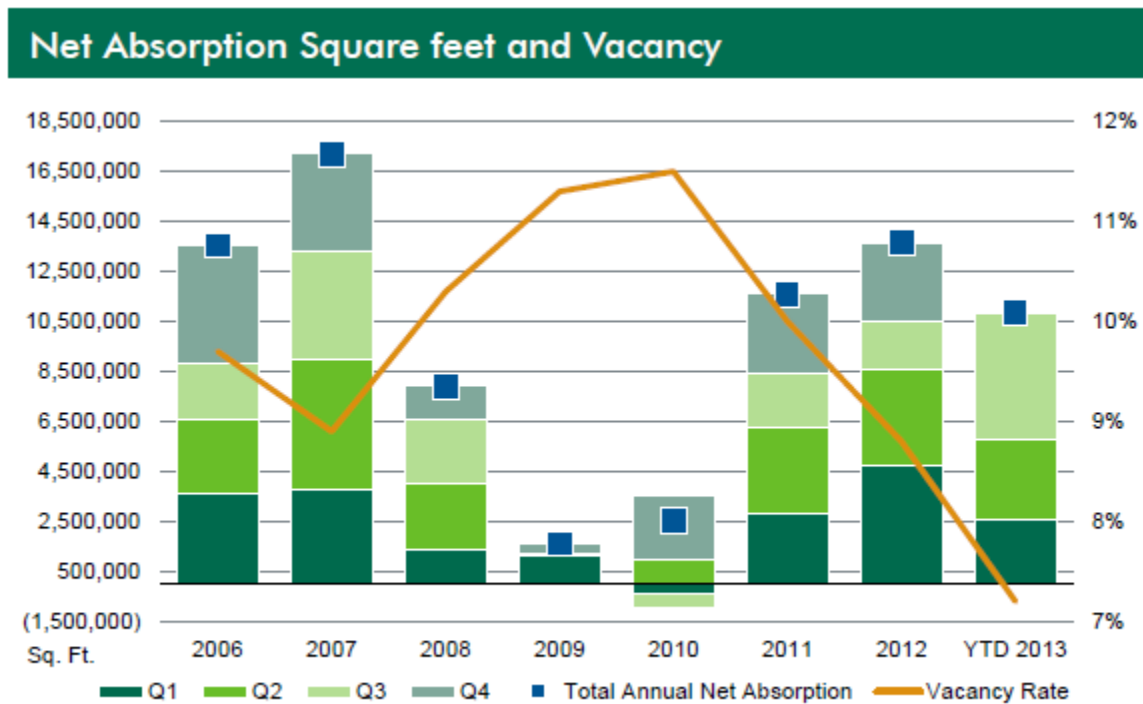


Source: CBRE Research, Q3 2013.

DALLAS/FORT WORTH METROPOLITAN ANALYSIS

Industrial Market

According to *CB Richard Ellis*, the industrial market showed signs of continued recovery into 2013. During the past three years, absorption has decreased and then bottomed out; however, for the sixth consecutive quarter, net absorption in the Dallas/Fort Worth industrial market has increased and vacancy rates have dropped. This indicates a growth in demand for space that will be necessary to move the market back to its pre-recession health. As tenants continue to read about the sluggish economy, they expect lower rent as a result. Supply will be increasing slightly, as construction has picked up and two speculative industrial developments have been announced.



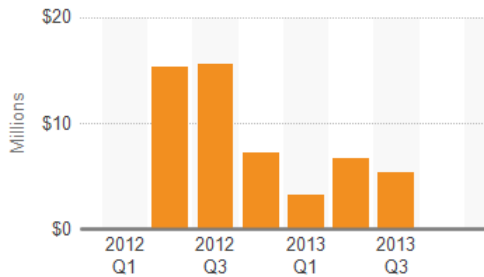
Source: CBRE Research, Q3 2013.

DALLAS/FORT WORTH METROPOLITAN ANALYSIS

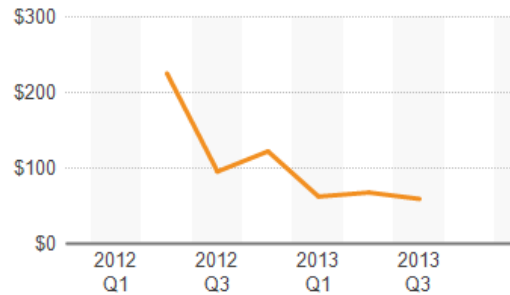
Hospitality

The Dallas/Fort Worth Metropolitan Area remains strong in terms of the hospitality industry. The overall state of Texas market showed a 7% increase in revenue growth in the third quarter of 2013, largely driven by a 9.5% increase in the oil and gas exploration and production regions. However, Dallas/Fort Worth benefitted from a solid 5% gain in room revenue. With current broader market occupancy currently at 62.6%, the third quarter saw a 3.4% increase in occupancy from the previous period, and a 1.3% increase from the same period one year ago.

Sales Volume

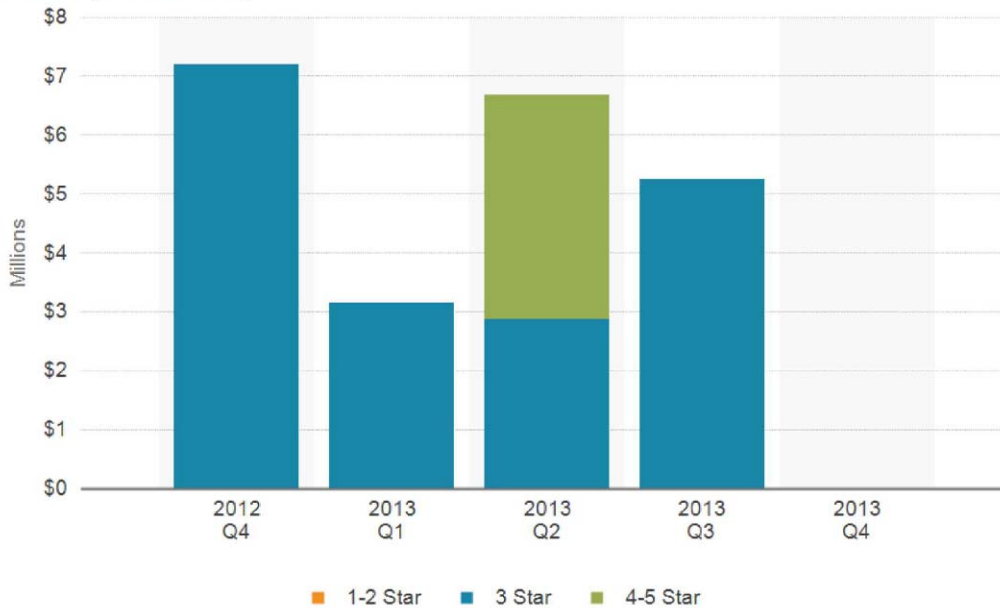


Average Sales Price Per SF



Sales volume as well as average sales price per square foot has declined in 2013 in comparison to 2012. This marks not only a decrease in properties offered for sale, but a recent shift away from upscale and full service properties. As displayed in the chart below, the midscale, limited service market remains consistent.

Sales Vol by Star Rating



Source: CoStar

DALLAS/FORT WORTH METROPOLITAN ANALYSIS

Retail

The Dallas/Fort Worth retail market continues to improve as occupancy and demand increases and rental rates remain level. Retail net absorption has been positive since 3rd quarter 2009 and is anticipated to continue. Of the total retail market inventory, neighborhood centers dominated the distribution with 32% of the market and strip centers at 24% of the inventory.

The Dallas/Fort Worth retail market is comprised of 84.7 million square feet. Relative to the other markets in the US, Dallas/Fort Worth is the 2nd largest by inventory size. Currently, Dallas/Ft. Worth has 13 square feet of neighborhood & community retail space per capita compared to the U.S. inventory level of 12.9 square feet per capita. The current Dallas/Fort Worth retail vacancy rate of 8.4% ranks 76th overall in the US. The vacancy rate has decreased by 500 basis points over the last year. Over the next five years, the vacancy rate is expected to decrease slightly.

Dallas/Fort Worth retail sales per capita are \$15,143. This is the 52nd largest sales per capita among US markets. Retail sales per capita are expected to grow by an annual rate of 3.1% over the next five years. This is projected to drive the Dallas/Fort Worth annual absorption of 1.2% as a percent of total inventory over the next five-years.

Currently, 1,163,127 square feet of neighborhood and community retail space is under construction, representing 1.4% of total inventory. Annual new supply is projected to represent 0.9% of total inventory. Over the last four years, retail rents have fallen by 0.6% in Dallas/Fort Worth. The outlook in retail market fundamentals is expected to drive annual rental growth of 2.2% over the next five years. The 2012 estimated retail health ratio for Dallas/Fort Worth is 91.3 as compared to the average for all markets ratio of 99.7.

Retail Trends

In 2011, 64 retail transactions closed totaling \$1,095.9 million. Year-to-date 2012, 40 retail transactions have closed totaling \$1,015.2 million. This level of transaction activity compares to 2007 when 126 retail transactions closed for a total of \$2,260.0 million.

New developments of higher density, mixed-use centers offer unique opportunities to both businesses and residents of the Dallas–Fort Worth region. These developments are situated along the new light rail lines and include: Mockingbird Station, West Village, Victory Park, and Park Lane Place in Dallas, and Montgomery Plaza, Museum Place, and Sundance Square in Fort Worth. In addition, historic downtowns are being redeveloped into attractive regional destinations, including downtowns in Plano, McKinney, Denton, Carrollton, and Grapevine.

DALLAS/FORT WORTH METROPOLITAN ANALYSIS

DFW ECONOMY

Market Center/Conventions

Located north of the Dallas Central Business District is the Dallas Market Center. This 150 acre, five building complex is the largest wholesale mart complex in the United States. Since its opening in the early 1950's, this center has grown to include a total of 5.1 million square feet consisting of the International Floral and Gift Center, Market Hall, Trade Mart, and the World Trade Center. The Dallas Market Center annually conducts more than fifty major markets for more than 200,000 professional buyers. The World Trade Center offers many services vital for international commerce, including consular offices, and trade commissions, foreign buying offices, translation and customs brokers.

The Dallas Convention Center (DCC) underwent a \$100 million expansion, completed in 2002. The Convention Center now features the world's largest singular column-free exhibit hall in the world, at 203,000 square feet and comprises one million square feet of exhibit space, ballrooms, meeting rooms, and is the only convention center in the nation to have an art museum on the premises. The latest addition to the Dallas Convention Center is large enough to hold The Ballpark at Arlington (home to the Texas Rangers), and still have enough room so that the longest home run hit out of the ballpark would still be in the Convention Center. The DCC hosts 3,600 conventions annually and is one of the leading conventions sites in the US bringing more than \$4.2 billion to the Dallas economy.

Dallas/Fort Worth International Airport

The Dallas/Fort Worth International Airport, which opened January 1974, has had an enormous impact on the economy of the DFW metroplex. Located roughly sixteen miles northwest of the Dallas CBD and employing approximately 305,000 people, the 18,000-acre space is the second largest airport facility in the nation.

The airport has 5 terminals, 7 runways, 155 gates, and 191 destinations. D/FW Airport includes 12 instrument landing approaches and 3 control towers giving it the capacity of the three New York airports combined. D/FW is the only airport where four planes can land simultaneously. Twenty passenger airlines operate out of D/FW, of which eleven are commuter airlines, and nine are foreign flag airlines.

D/FW International Airport ranks eighth in the world, serving 57,806,918 passengers in 2011, 5,509,372 of which were international travelers. DFW also ranks fourth in the world in terms of operations with 646,803 takeoff/departures in 2011. Approximately 158,375 passengers travel daily through D/FW Airport. In 2011, 58% of the passenger makeup consisted of connecting flights while 42% was local.

American Airlines makes D/FW its home base with a high amount of total passengers on a monthly basis. D/FW Airport is also home to an impressive global distribution center with several cargo carriers, 2.6 million square feet of cargo facilities and a foreign trade zone with direct highway access. Covering more than 250 acres, this area is developing into a full service free trade zone. D/FW generates an estimated \$16.6 billion annually to the metroplex economy.

DALLAS/FORT WORTH METROPOLITAN ANALYSIS

Alliance Airport

The Alliance Airport is the world's first industrial/ air cargo and corporate airport in the nation and is designed to serve the needs of business as opposed to passenger service. Alliance Airport is located 15 miles north of downtown Fort Worth, 12 miles northwest of the Dallas/Fort Worth International Airport, and 29 miles to the northwest of downtown Dallas. This project, created by Ross Perot Jr., the city of Fort Worth and the FAA, is a master-planned industrial and commercial facility, which houses more than 140 companies – including over 62 from the Fortune 500, Global 500 and Forbes' List of Top Private Companies. Alliance is the only Foreign Trade Zone in North Texas with combined air, rail and highway access. In conjunction with the airport, Circle T Ranch, a 2,500-acre master-planned community, and Heritage, a 2,300-acre residential community, are transforming northern Tarrant County into a modern urban environment. Alliance Town Center is becoming the center of activity for the growing North Fort Worth area. The center includes a 500-acre retail center, Heritage Marketplace, luxury apartments, hospitals and more.

Las Colinas

Located on major traffic routes between the Dallas/Fort Worth International Airport, downtown Dallas, and the dense residential area of North Dallas, Las Colinas has become one of the major mixed-use developments in the nation. This master planned community covers approximately 12,000 acres within the city of Irving. With 22.3 million square feet of office space, Las Colinas is currently home to more than 2,000 companies. Las Colinas features three private country clubs and four championship golf courses surrounded by residential communities. The Four Seasons Las Colinas Resort has hosted the PGAs Byron Nelson Championship since it opened in 1986. It also contains high-rise office towers, retail centers, apartment complexes, and leisure facilities.

DALLAS/FORT WORTH QUALITY OF LIFE

Education

Educational facilities offered by the city of Dallas and the surrounding areas have grown to keep pace with the increasing population. As of 2010, the DFW MSA consisted of almost 100 school districts and over 1,800 schools with a total enrollment of over 1.1 million. Teacher-pupil ratios ranged from 15 to 3:15. The Dallas and Fort Worth Independent School districts ranked fifth among the largest school districts in the nation.

DALLAS/FORT WORTH METROPOLITAN ANALYSIS

Twenty, four-year colleges and universities, and five community college districts with a combined total 20 campuses are within one hundred miles of the DFW MSA. Several notable institutions of higher education are located within the MSA.

- Dallas Baptist University
- Texas Christian University
- Texas Wesleyan University
- Baylor College of Dentistry
- Southern Methodist University
- Texas A&M University - Commerce
- University of Dallas
- University of North Texas
- Texas Woman's University
- University of Texas at Dallas
- University of Texas at Arlington
- University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center

Along with these colleges and universities are 75 technical and vocational programs in the Dallas/Fort Worth area. More than 280,000 full- and part-time students attend public and private four-year colleges, universities, professional schools, community colleges or senior and graduate level institutions located in this region.

Recreation

Dallas and Fort Worth both offer a wide range of recreational and cultural amenities. Located within 100 miles of DFW are 406 area parks encompassing almost 23,000 acres and more than 60 lakes and reservoirs covering approximately 550,000 acres. DFW has more than 175 museums and galleries, 50 pro and community theatres and dozens of local symphony and chamber orchestras, ballet groups and opera associations. The Dallas Arts District, a sixty-acre section of the Dallas Central Business District, is taking shape into what is expected to become a major focal point in the Dallas arts community. Anchored by the Dallas Museum of Art, the Meyerson Symphony Center, and Nasher Sculptor Garden, the Dallas Arts District is the largest urban arts district in the country.

The Fort Worth Cultural District is home to several museums that are applauded for their architecture and the quality of their collections. Such museums include the Amon Carter Museum of American Art, Kimbell Art Museum, Modern Art Museum of Fort Worth, National Cowgirl Museum and Hall of Fame, Cattle Raisers Museum, and the Fort Worth Museum of Science and History.

Downtown Fort Worth encompasses Sundance Square in thirty-five historic blocks where people live, work, stay, and play. Sundance Square is filled with great places to eat, shops and galleries, nightclubs, live music and theater, Bass Performance Hall, and more.

The Fort Worth Stockyards is a nationally recognized historic district and is a major tourist attraction in the area. Stockyards Station is the only location that holds a daily longhorn cattle drive, the Fort Worth Herd. Cowboys drive the herd down East Exchange Avenue twice daily. The Stockyards is also home to the world's first indoor rodeo and opens the doors Friday and Saturday nights. Billy Bob's Texas, once a barn for prize cattle during the stock shows, is now 100,000 square feet where you can enjoy real bull riding, games, and performances by some of the biggest country music artists.

DALLAS/FORT WORTH METROPOLITAN ANALYSIS

Dallas/Fort Worth is host to a wide range of sporting events throughout the year: home to the Dallas Cowboys, Texas Rangers, Dallas Mavericks, Dallas Stars, and FC Dallas Soccer. The area is also host to the Cotton Bowl (Arlington), Byron Nelson Golf Tournament (Irving), Colonial Golf Tournament (Fort Worth), and the Mesquite Rodeo (Mesquite).

Texas Motor Speedway, a development of Bruton Smith, city of Fort Worth and Denton County, opened in 1997. This facility, located at State Highway 114 and Interstate 35W, has a capacity of 200,000 persons. TMS draws huge crowds and lends to accelerated development to the area north of Alliance Airport. Major events to TMS are the NASCAR Nextel Cup, Samsung/Radio Shack 500, Dickies 500, NASCAR Busch Grand National Series, O'Reilly 300, O'Reilly Challenge, IRL, and the Bombardier Learjet 500.

Lone Star Park, a class I horse racing facility, opened in Grand Prairie in 1997. The facility is located on Belt Line Road just to the north of Interstate 30. Lone Star Park covers 315 acres, includes a 36,000 square foot pavilion for simulcasting, and a seven story, 280,000 square foot grandstand with a capacity of roughly 8,000 people. The track has a one-mile dirt oval and a 7-furlong turf track, and has accommodations for 1,600 horses across 32 barns. In 2004, it was the site of the Breeder's Cup, becoming the ninth racetrack to ever host a Breeders' Cup. At only seven years old, Lone Star Park is the youngest track to host the event.

Health Care

The city of Dallas excels in offering health care and medical related research facilities to the Southwest. Baylor Health Care Systems has been named 18th among the nation's Top 100 integrated health care networks by SDI, a leading health care market insight and analytics firm and the nation's premier rating system for IHN's. The Southwest Medical School of the University of Texas was ranked 17th among research medical schools and 23rd among primary care medical schools in the nation. Also, located in the Dallas area is the Wadley Institute of Molecular Medicine blood disease and cancer research facilities, and the headquarters for the American Heart Association, National Association for Retarded Children, and the American Association for Respiratory Therapy. Baylor college of Medicine is ranked 12th in medical research and 13th in primary care. Parkland Memorial Hospital ranks in the top 50 in five different medical fields.

Medical facilities in Fort Worth include: Baylor Health System, Cook's Children Health Care System, University of North Texas Health Science Center at Fort Worth, JPS Hospital, Plaza Medical Center of Fort Worth, The Center for Cancer and Blood Disorders, and Texas Health Harris Methodist Hospital Fort Worth.

Infrastructure

Water and wastewater needs are supplied by Dallas Water Utilities, North Texas Municipal Water District, Trinity River Authority, and Tarrant Regional Water District.

DALLAS/FORT WORTH METROPOLITAN ANALYSIS

CONCLUSIONS

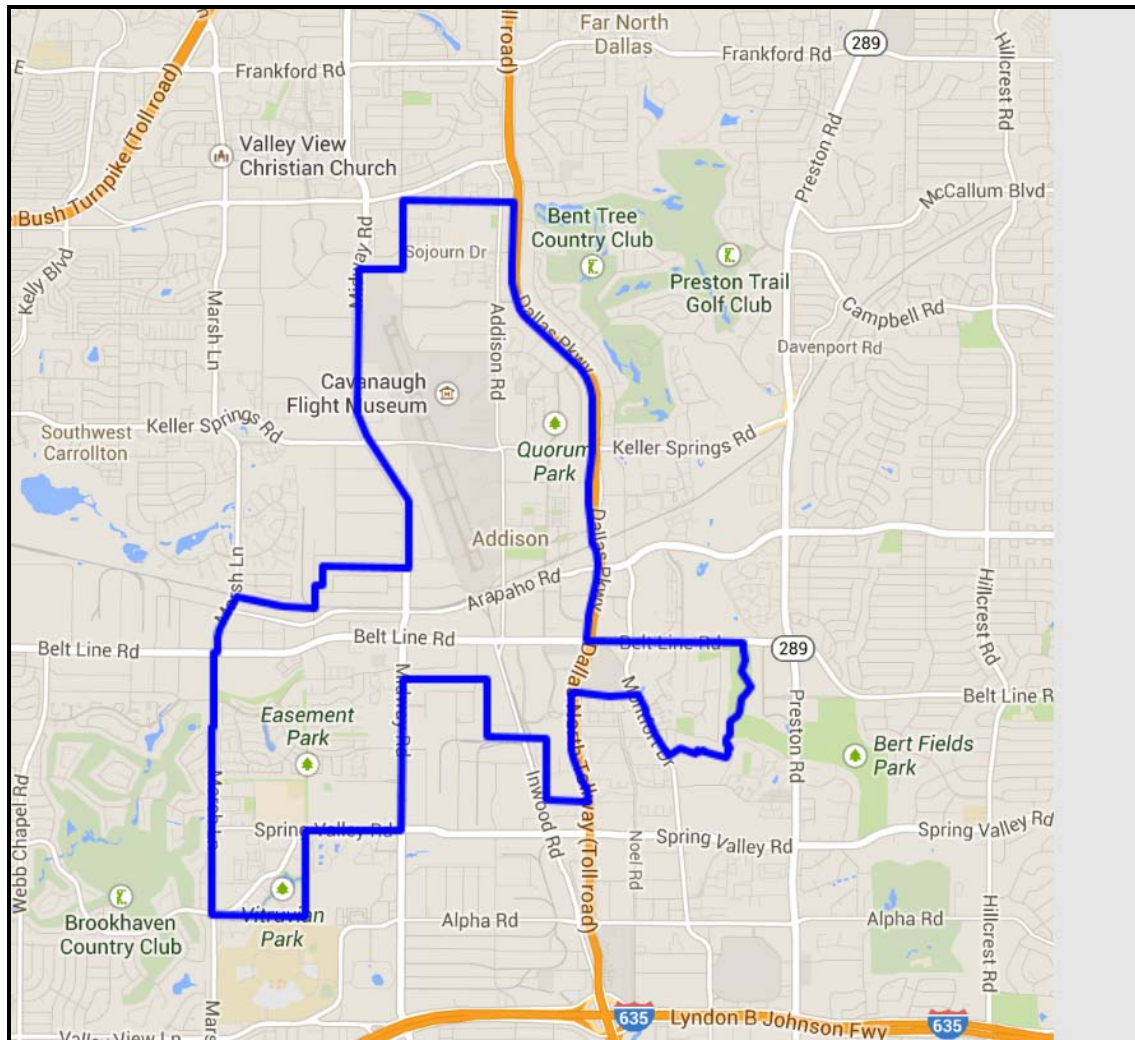
The foregoing city data and local area economic base activity are presented to establish growth and income patterns, which materially affect real estate development, real estate sales volume and value. The Dallas/Fort Worth area, based upon past performances and reasonable forecasts, should continue an upward growth trend, both in population and employment, particularly in the suburban cities.

As population in the suburban communities continues to increase, and as traffic in and around the Central Core becomes more congested, both residents and local firms are beginning to look toward new, outlying employment centers. This is especially seen in North Dallas along the LBJ Freeway/Dallas Parkway Corridors as well as master planned areas such as Las Colinas and Legacy Business Park.

Development trends from 2007 through 2009 were downward and sales volumes slowed dramatically. Over the past few years, a modest improvement seems to be a consensus.

TOWN OF ADDISON ANALYSIS

The town of Addison, Texas is located 13 miles north of downtown Dallas, 16 miles northeast of DFW airport, and 11 miles north of Love Field airport. The town is bordered by the city of Carrollton to the west, Farmers Branch to the southwest, and Dallas to the south, east, and north.



History

Incorporated on June 15, 1953, the Town of Addison is located in the area known at one time as Peters Colony, and settled circa 1846. The area was not known as Addison until 1902, named after Addison Robertson, who served as the community's second postmaster. With the adoption of a new charter, the community became the Town of Addison on April 3, 1982.

In 1975, an election to allow liquor by the drink served in town was a major attribute to the expansion of businesses and restaurants. All combined, Addison's restaurants and eating establishments can seat over 20,000 patrons at one time.

TOWN OF ADDISON ANALYSIS

During the late 1970's and early 1980's, Addison experienced explosive growth. The Town of Addison is included in the Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington Metropolitan Statistical Area, and hence benefits from the economic and population growth trends of the Dallas-Plano- Irving Metropolitan Division.

Government

Governed by a council-manager form of government, the Town Council consists of a Mayor and six members who are elected by at-large elections. The Council enacts ordinances and determines policies, adopts the budget, and appoints the City Manager, who is the chief administrator.

Population, Transportation, and Commerce

Addison contains an estimated 15,179¹ people in a total of 8,419 households. During the day, the population of the town of Addison is estimated to increase to over 100,000 persons, attributable to the large number of employers in the area, as well as the more than 170 restaurants, 27 hotels with over 4,000 rooms, and a large number of retail stores and office buildings along the primary thoroughfares. Furthermore, Addison is corporate headquarters to Dresser, Mary Kay Cosmetics, Jani-King, Palm Harbor Homes, and MillionAire. Average per capita income is estimated to be \$47,727 and average household income is \$63,279, with an average unemployment rate of 6.1%.

The town of Addison covers 4.4 square miles of land, roughly one-half of which is improved with Addison Airport. The airport runway is 7,203 x 100 feet, and is equipped for ILS/DME and VOR/DME instrument approaches. The airport has an average of 366 aircraft operations each day, with 88% being considered general aviation, and 12% being air taxi, charter, or commercial flights. Aircraft based at the airport total 774, 49% of which are single engine, 24% of which are multiple engine, 24% of which are jet aircraft, and 3% of which are helicopters.

Primary thoroughfares providing north/south linkage include the Dallas Parkway/Dallas North Tollway, Addison Road, Inwood Road, Midway Road, and Marsh Lane. East/west linkage is provided by Keller Springs Road, Arapaho Road, Belt Line Road, and Spring Valley Road.

The area is one of the heaviest-developed business centers in northern Dallas, with dense concentrations of low-, mid-, and high-rise office buildings, industrial districts, and retail and restaurant uses. Though Addison is better than 90 percent built out, the town continues to prosper into the new millennium, and prime real estate and redevelopment opportunities remain at and near the Addison Airport and are anticipated for the future.

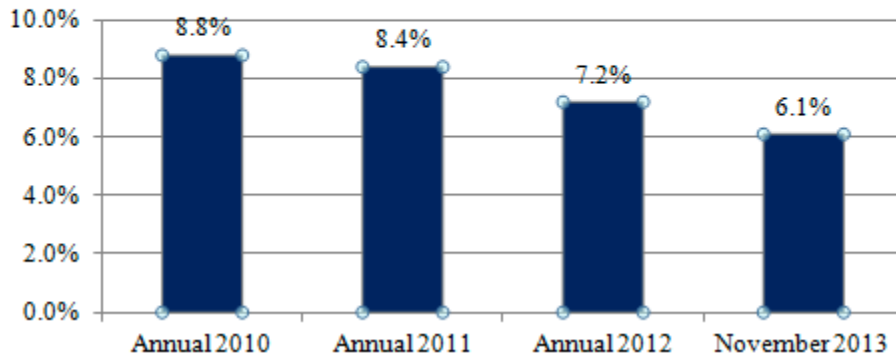
¹ CBRE, *MarketView*.

Employment and Unemployment

The Texas Workforce Commission does not specifically track the unemployment rate for Addison. Addison historical unemployment rates are estimated to be at or lower than Dallas County as a whole.

**Unemployment Rate
Dallas County**

(Source: Texas Workforce Commission)

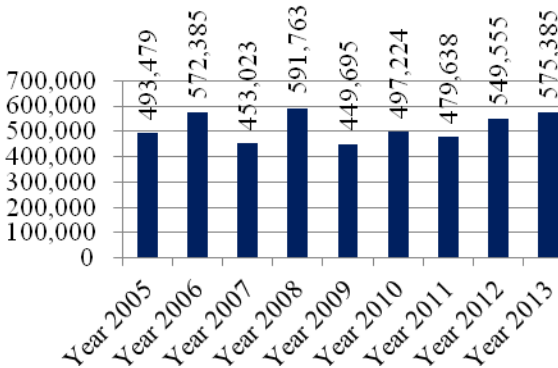


Retail Sales

In 2013, retail sales in the town of Addison totaled over \$575 million. Sales in 2005 totaled \$493 million, indicating 2% annual compounded growth. The number of retail businesses has increased from 427 in 2005 to 655 in 2013, indicating 5.5% annual compounded growth.

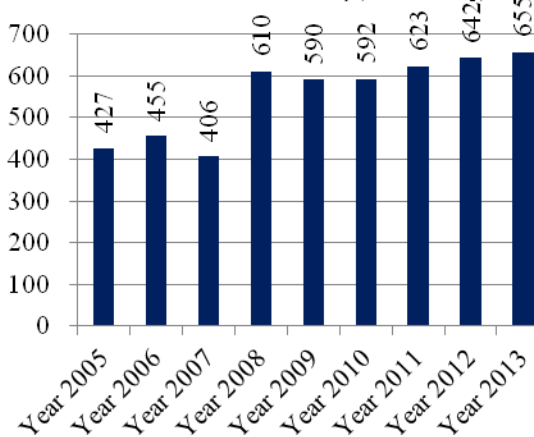
**Gross Retail Sales
(\$1,000s)**

Source: 2013 Texas Retail Survey (Eureka Group)



Retail Businesses

Source: 2013 Texas Retail Survey (Eureka Group)



TOWN OF ADDISON ANALYSIS

Community Services

The town of Addison is served by the Dallas Independent School District and the Carrollton-Farmers Branch Independent School District. Fire and police protection are provided by the town of Addison. Electrical and telephone services are available through various providers, and natural gas is provided by Atmos Energy. Water and sewer services are also provided by the town of Addison.

Located between Addison Road, Addison Circle Drive, Quorum Drive, and Festival Way, Addison Circle Park is a 10-acre open space that serves as the special event site for the Town of Addison's community events such as: Taste of Addison, Kaboom Town, Oktoberfest, and others throughout the year.

Town of Addison Real Estate Market

The town of Addison is extensively developed with industrial, office, retail, and multifamily housing, with each property type considered in general terms below.

Industrial

A surveyed region, which includes Addison and neighboring areas, indicates a total of 101,377,615 square feet of industrial space, with a vacancy rate of 8.0% and average lease rates ranging from \$4.63 to \$7.51 per square foot on NNN terms.²

Office

In a manner similar to the industrial analysis, a surveyed region, which includes Addison and neighboring areas, indicates a total of 37,126,805 square feet of office space, with a vacancy rate of 14.5% and average lease rates of \$20.95 per square foot on full service terms.³

Retail

A surveyed region, including Addison and neighboring areas, indicates a total of 28,332,820 square feet of office space, with a vacancy rate of 8.7% and average lease rates of \$14.76 per square foot on NNN terms.⁴

Multi-Family Residential Apartments

In a survey of an area designated as "North Dallas/Addison", 106 properties are considered, with 28,727 units. The average rent per month is \$1.02 per square foot, with 92% occupancy.⁵

² CBRE, *MarketView*.

³ CBRE, *MarketView*.

⁴ CBRE, *MarketView*.

⁵ CBRE, *MarketView*.

TOWN OF ADDISON ANALYSIS

Single-Family and Multi-Family Owned Units

According to the 2010 United States Census for Addison, 73.4% of the 8,419 households are located in multifamily complexes (either condominium ownership or apartments). The remaining 2,239 units are detached single-family.⁶ Given the significant level of build-out in the town, new development is nominal. However, City Homes recently completed construction of 183 condominiums in the Addison Circle Urban Center. The homes range between 1,500 to more than 2,000 square feet.

Condominium list prices range from \$73,500 to \$280,000, or \$94.80 to \$141.03 per square foot. Detached single-family list prices range from \$182,500 to \$849,900, or \$93.63 to \$193.00 per square foot. Townhome list prices range from \$157,000 to \$382,000, or \$110.81 to \$189.14 per square foot.⁷

CONCLUSIONS

The Town of Addison is located along the prestigious Dallas Parkway corridor, and is a major employment center of northern Dallas. The locale is enhanced by residential areas in neighboring communities, and the area is expected to continue to be a major focal point in the commercial real estate market in the Dallas metropolitan area. Residential construction is evident in isolated areas throughout the town, but land availability will tend to retard this growth in the future.

The transportation network in the area is good and surrounding land uses are considered to be compatible and homogenous. The area is in proximity to employment centers and quality schools and services, and is considered a stable residential and commercial environment, with no noticeable nuisances or hazards. The majority of improvements are in the early to middle stages of economic life, and sufficient neighborhood services are accessible to service the community. The long-term prospects for the area and the subject property are positive.

⁶ United States Census, Addison, Texas Estimated 2012 Population.

⁷ North Texas Real Estate Information Systems (Local MLS), January 22, 2013.

SUBJECT VICINITY

SUBJECT VICINITY

The subject is located in the Belt Line Road corridor in the Town of Addison. The vicinity is west of Midway Road and east of Marsh Lane, and approximately one mile west of the Dallas North Tollway and 2.5 miles north of Interstate Highway 635 (LBJ Freeway).

The area consists of a variety of mostly commercial improvements, ranging from retail buildings and shopping centers, restaurants, office buildings, and others. The majority of improvements are adequately maintained and in average condition. The area is in a stable phase of its life cycle, with an estimated 95% of the land in use.

The traffic system is adequate to service the locale, with Belt Line Road as the primary east-west thoroughfare, and Midway Road and Marsh Lane the primary north-south routes. A number of connecting streets are interspersed throughout the area.

The following pages provide demographic data for the vicinity.

Neighborhood Demographics

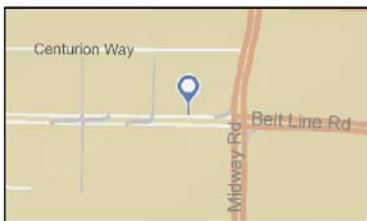
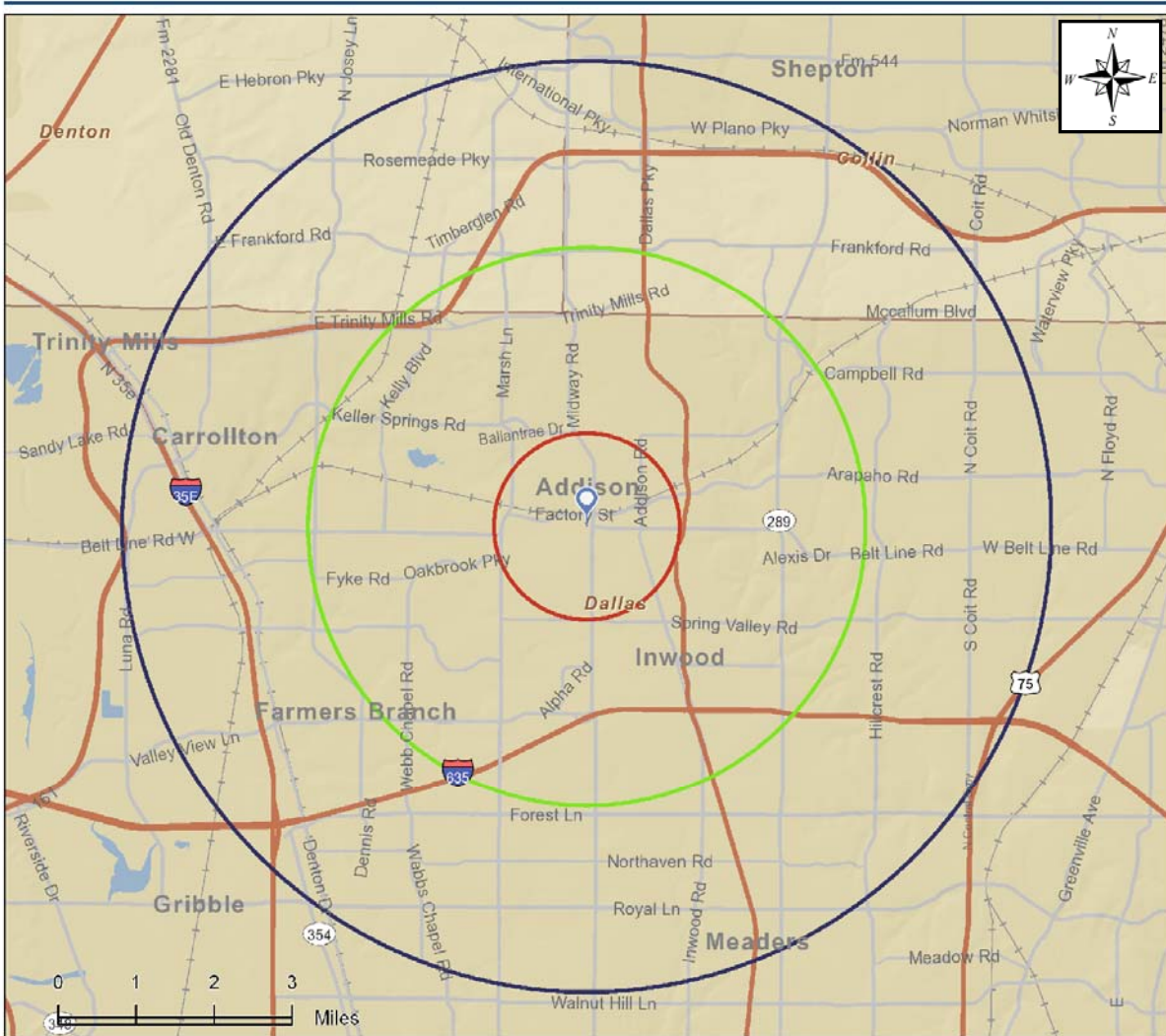
The following Executive Summary provided by Site To Do Business provides demographic and income data for 1-mile, 3-mile, and 5-mile radii centered on the subject's location.



Site Map

4145 Belt Line Rd, Addison, Texas, 75001
Ring: 1, 3, 5 Miles

Prepared by Wendell Pyles
Latitude: 32.954458
Longitude: -96.8399





Executive Summary

4145 Belt Line Rd, Addison, Texas, 75001
Rings: 1, 3, 5 mile radii

Prepared by Wendell Pyles
Latitude: 32.954458037
Longitude: -96.83989976

	1 mile	3 miles	5 miles
Population			
2000 Population	6,840	119,955	336,493
2010 Population	7,995	126,019	340,297
2013 Population	8,230	127,563	348,468
2018 Population	8,633	133,743	371,785
2000-2010 Annual Rate	1.57%	0.49%	0.11%
2010-2013 Annual Rate	0.90%	0.38%	0.73%
2013-2018 Annual Rate	0.96%	0.95%	1.30%
2013 Male Population	48.9%	49.2%	49.5%
2013 Female Population	51.1%	50.8%	50.5%
2013 Median Age	35.0	34.7	35.1

In the identified area, the current year population is 348,468. In 2010, the Census count in the area was 340,297. The rate of change since 2010 was 0.73% annually. The five-year projection for the population in the area is 371,785 representing a change of 1.30% annually from 2013 to 2018. Currently, the population is 49.5% male and 50.5% female.

Median Age

The median age in this area is 35.1, compared to U.S. median age of 37.3.

Race and Ethnicity

2013 White Alone	66.6%	64.7%	65.8%
2013 Black Alone	10.2%	11.7%	10.8%
2013 American Indian/Alaska Native Alone	1.3%	0.7%	0.6%
2013 Asian Alone	6.2%	6.1%	6.4%
2013 Pacific Islander Alone	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%
2013 Other Race	12.2%	13.6%	13.2%
2013 Two or More Races	3.5%	3.2%	3.1%
2013 Hispanic Origin (Any Race)	29.5%	34.4%	34.1%

Persons of Hispanic origin represent 34.1% of the population in the identified area compared to 17.4% of the U.S. population. Persons of Hispanic Origin may be of any race. The Diversity Index, which measures the probability that two people from the same area will be from different race/ethnic groups, is 75.3 in the identified area, compared to 62.1 for the U.S. as a whole.

Households

2000 Households	3,923	56,153	143,600
2010 Households	4,455	58,448	144,682
2013 Total Households	4,562	59,019	148,028
2018 Total Households	4,773	61,848	158,013
2000-2010 Annual Rate	1.28%	0.40%	0.08%
2010-2013 Annual Rate	0.73%	0.30%	0.71%
2013-2018 Annual Rate	0.91%	0.94%	1.31%
2013 Average Household Size	1.80	2.15	2.35

The household count in this area has changed from 144,682 in 2010 to 148,028 in the current year, a change of 0.71% annually. The five-year projection of households is 158,013, a change of 1.31% annually from the current year total. Average household size is currently 2.35, compared to 2.35 in the year 2010. The number of families in the current year is 83,722 in the specified area.

Data Note: Income is expressed in current dollars

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2010 Summary File 1. Esri forecasts for 2013 and 2018. Esri converted Census 2000 data into 2010 geography.



Executive Summary

4145 Belt Line Rd, Addison, Texas, 75001
Rings: 1, 3, 5 mile radii

Prepared by Wendell Pyles
Latitude: 32.954458037
Longitude: -96.83989976

	1 mile	3 miles	5 miles
Median Household Income			
2013 Median Household Income	\$59,011	\$52,969	\$54,983
2018 Median Household Income	\$74,599	\$64,300	\$69,624
2013-2018 Annual Rate	4.80%	3.95%	4.83%
Average Household Income			
2013 Average Household Income	\$78,311	\$80,649	\$86,892
2018 Average Household Income	\$91,811	\$95,908	\$103,244
2013-2018 Annual Rate	3.23%	3.53%	3.51%
Per Capita Income			
2013 Per Capita Income	\$42,290	\$37,393	\$36,965
2018 Per Capita Income	\$49,444	\$44,438	\$43,926
2013-2018 Annual Rate	3.18%	3.51%	3.51%

Households by Income

Current median household income is \$54,983 in the area, compared to \$51,314 for all U.S. households. Median household income is projected to be \$69,624 in five years, compared to \$59,580 for all U.S. households

Current average household income is \$86,892 in this area, compared to \$71,842 for all U.S. households. Average household income is projected to be \$103,244 in five years, compared to \$83,667 for all U.S. households

Current per capita income is \$36,965 in the area, compared to the U.S. per capita income of \$27,567. The per capita income is projected to be \$43,926 in five years, compared to \$32,073 for all U.S. households

Housing

2000 Total Housing Units	4,102	59,843	151,529
2000 Owner Occupied Housing Units	1,218	21,259	66,685
2000 Owner Occupied Housing Units	2,705	34,893	76,916
2000 Vacant Housing Units	179	3,691	7,928
2010 Total Housing Units	4,811	64,186	157,812
2010 Owner Occupied Housing Units	1,322	22,240	66,870
2010 Renter Occupied Housing Units	3,133	36,208	77,812
2010 Vacant Housing Units	356	5,738	13,130
2013 Total Housing Units	4,933	65,388	162,155
2013 Owner Occupied Housing Units	1,346	21,971	67,253
2013 Renter Occupied Housing Units	3,216	37,048	80,776
2013 Vacant Housing Units	371	6,369	14,127
2018 Total Housing Units	5,101	67,874	171,570
2018 Owner Occupied Housing Units	1,494	23,400	72,763
2018 Renter Occupied Housing Units	3,279	38,448	85,250
2018 Vacant Housing Units	328	6,026	13,557

Currently, 41.5% of the 162,155 housing units in the area are owner occupied; 49.8% are renter occupied; and 8.7% are vacant. Currently, in the U.S., 56.4% of the housing units in the area are owner occupied; 32.3% are renter occupied; and 11.3% are vacant. In 2010, there were 157,812 housing units in the area - 42.4% owner occupied, 49.3% renter occupied, and 8.3% vacant. The annual rate of change in housing units since 2010 is 1.21%. Median home value in the area is \$237,615, compared to a median home value of \$177,257 for the U.S. In five years, median value is projected to change by 2.37% annually to \$267,138.

Data Note: Income is expressed in current dollars

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2010 Summary File 1. Esri forecasts for 2013 and 2018. Esri converted Census 2000 data into 2010 geography.

Conclusions

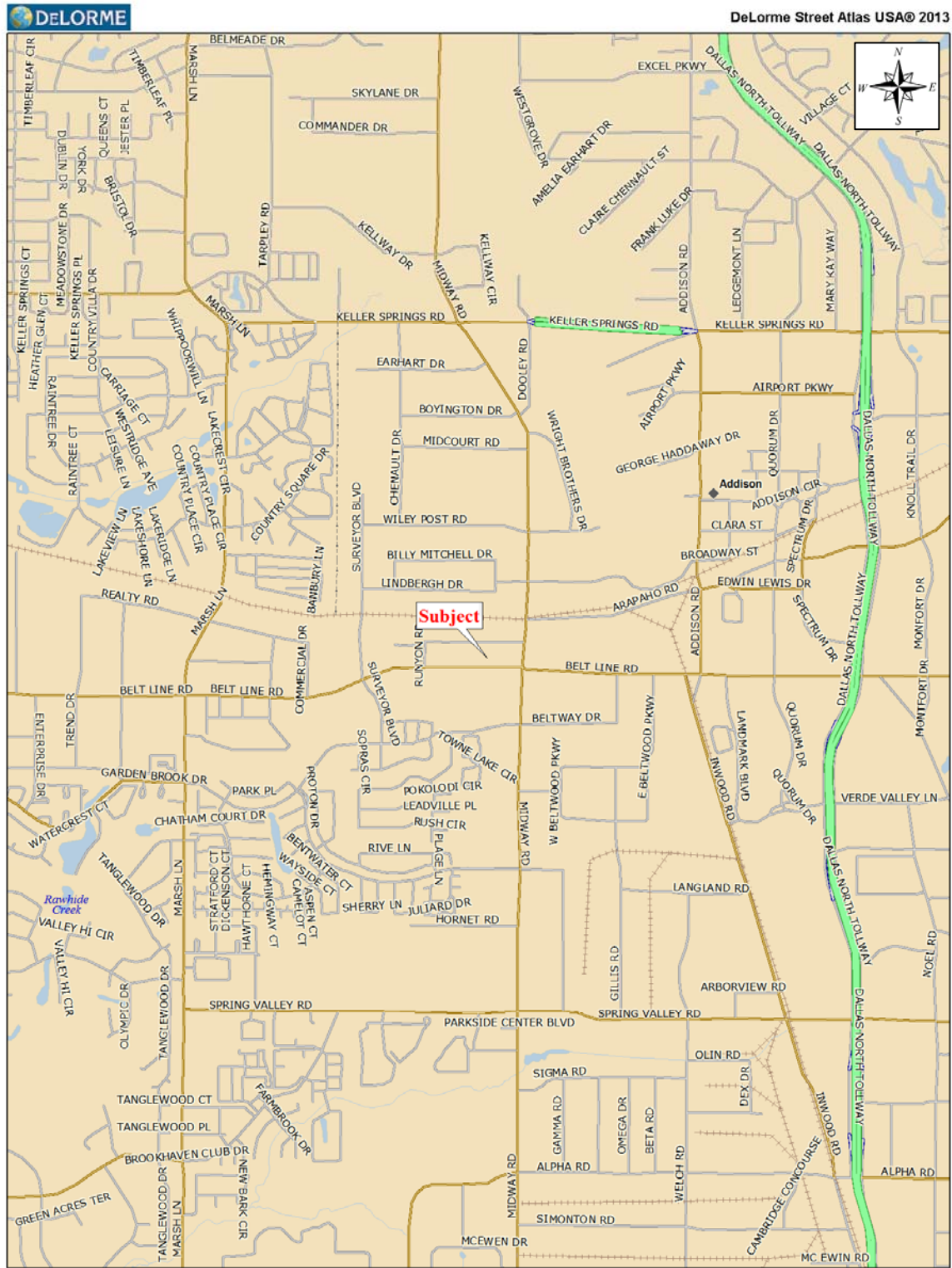
The immediate neighborhood is a diverse employment center in northern Dallas, and is enhanced by the surrounding residential areas. The transportation network in the area is good. Major roadways, regional freeways and toll roads provide good access for the area.

The area has enjoyed favorable economic opportunities. Characterized as a stable commercial and residential environment, the vicinity is a mixture of retail and restaurant buildings, office buildings, hotels, and office-warehouses and light industrial uses. The subject is congruent with neighborhood land uses.

The subject area is in a stable phase of development and in proximity to employment centers and quality schools and services with few improvements needing repairs and/or renovations. Consequently, some new construction, as well as renovation of older properties, is more likely to occur within the subject area in the near future. Additionally, there appears to be no detrimental influences upon the area that would inhibit the income-producing capabilities of the improved properties.

No noticeable nuisances or hazards are in the area and the majority of improvements are in the early to middle stages of economic life, and sufficient area services are accessible to service the community. The long-term prospects for the area and the subject property are positive.

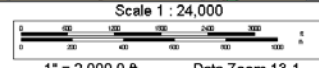
LOCATION MAP



Data use subject to license.

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SUBJECT PROPERTY

The whole subject property is improved with a retail strip center, located at 4135-4145 Belt Line Road, Addison, Dallas County, Texas.

SITE DATA

Site/Dimensions/Frontage

Based on the information available, the whole property tract is mostly rectangular in shape, and contains 259,153 square feet, or 5.949 acres. The subject fronts the northern line of Belt Line Road for approximately 743 linear feet, and the southern line of Centurion Way for approximately 741 feet. The subject is approximately 350 feet deep, in the western portion of the tract.

Abutting Uses

The subject abuts office developments along the north side, another retail strip center along the east side, commercial development including a freestanding restaurant and a shopping center along the south side, and limited service hotel along the west side.

Linkages

The subject is accessible to arterial linkages and the distance to employment centers, retailers, restaurants, and schools are considered within reason from the town of Addison. In terms of travel time and actual distances by road, the subject property is within community standards.

Access

Belt Line Road is a six-lane, divided thoroughfare. Centurion Way is a two-lane, undivided roadway. Overall, access for the neighborhood is rated as good. Access to and from the subject is good and via the two curb cuts along the northern line of Belt Line Road and three curb cuts along the southern line of Centurion Way. Visibility and exposure of the subject are rated good.

Topography/Flood Zone

The topography of the tract is mostly level and at street grade, and is not problematic to development. According to FEMA flood hazard map 48113C0180J dated August 23, 2001, the subject is determined to be outside the 100-year floodplain, being within Zone 'X'. Drainage of the site appears graded. No representation is made that the site will or will not flood. A hydrological study or survey is required for confirmation of flood-designated boundaries.

Environmental Conditions

To our knowledge, a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment has not been completed for the subject property as of the date of inspection. A current Phase I ESA is recommended. The subject is appraised predicated on the absence of detrimental environmental conditions. The conclusions of this appraisal report would be materially changed if detrimental environmental conditions affect the subject.

SUBJECT PROPERTY

Utilities/Community Services

Electricity, water, sewer, and phone services are available to the subject. Electric service and telecommunication services are available by various providers. Natural gas service is available from Atmos Energy. Water and wastewater is provided by the town of Addison. Police and fire protection are provided by the Town of Addison. The property is located within the Dallas Independent School District.

Zoning

The site is zoned LR (Local Retail) by the Town of Addison. The LR (Local Retail) district is to encourage development in the town with retail uses including: bank, office building, book store, cleaning, drug store, retail sales, grocery store, sporting goods, furniture, or parking lot. Additionally, the site is within the Belt Line District, which has a purpose to implement the adopted recommendations of the Comprehensive Plan by encouraging new development and redevelopment in the Belt Line Corridor. Retail strip centers are allowed in this zoning district.

Soils

Soils in this area vary and can require specific engineering considerations. This condition is considered typical for the area, and no unusually unstable soil-bearing capacities are known.

Easements

A complete survey of the site is not available for analysis. A 10-foot drainage and utility easement is located along the southern line of the property. This valuation assumes that utility and access easements typical of this property type are present and that no detrimental easement conditions exist. This should not be considered as a guaranty or warranty, however, that adverse easements do not exist. Were the property to have any easements detrimental to the subject, the opinion of value concluded herein may be invalid.

Deed Restrictions

To our knowledge, no deed restrictions affect or limit the use of the property; however, this should not be considered as a guaranty or warranty that no such restrictions exist. Deed restrictions are a legal matter: normally discoverable only by a title search by a title attorney. It is recommended that a title search be made if any questions regarding deed restrictions arise.

SUBJECT PROPERTY

Wetlands

No visual evidence was observed to indicate whether wetlands exist on the subject site. Wetlands, as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, are those areas that are inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. Swamps, bogs, fens, marshes, and estuaries are subject to federal environmental law.

SUBJECT IMPROVEMENTS

Improvements

The land is improved with a retail strip center. According to field measurements, the buildings consist of 45,428 square feet of gross building area, which includes 18,560 square feet in the eastern building, and 26,868 square feet in the western building.

Orientation

The buildings are mostly rectangular in shape and oriented to Belt Line Road. The distance is approximately 60 feet from the western building to the proposed acquisition.

Age, Construction and Condition

According to tax records, the buildings were constructed in 2006. The buildings are Class C, of concrete tilt-up, with glass storefronts and brick veneer construction on a concrete slab foundation. Quality is rated as average, and the improvements appear to be in good condition.

Our opinion of the improvements' effective age is 8 years, which is equal to the actual age. According to Marshall & Swift Valuation Service, the typical economic life span for buildings of the same construction class and design as the subject is typically 40 years. Therefore, the subject is said to have a remaining economic life of 32 years (40 years less the effective age of 8 years).

No functional or economic obsolescence is noted. No items of deferred maintenance are observable.

Site Improvements

Site improvements are comprised of concrete parking and drives, concrete curbing, light standards, pole and building-mounted signage, two dumpster enclosures, an irrigation system and landscaping. Landscaping includes trees, shrubs, bushes, and grass. Overall, the improvements appear to be goodly maintained and in good condition. Quality is rated as good. No items of deferred maintenance are observable.

SUBJECT PROPERTY

Parking

The site has 306 striped parking spaces, which include the handicapped spaces. The parking requirement for the subject improvements is one space per 200 square feet of building area. The subject has 45,428 square feet of building space requiring 227 parking spaces ($45,428 \text{ SF} \div 200 \text{ SF} = \pm 227$ spaces). The parking, access, and circulation are adequate under the current requirements.

Occupancy and Rentals

Current tenancy includes limited service and fast food restaurants such as Arezzo Italian Street Food, The Hub Sports Grill, Which Wich, Bobo Teas and Treats, JC's Burgers, and Best Thai. Other tenants are Addison Dentist, F Cozy Reflexology, First Community Bank, Baylor Rehabilitation Center, Luxury Nail and Day Spa, Skyline Vapor, and Salon Boutique Academy. The property is approximately 83% leased. The center has two spaces currently offered for lease for a negotiable rate. According to the rent roll provided by the property manager, the currently occupied spaces are leased for between \$16.00 and \$39.50 per square foot on a triple net basis.

Functional Utility

Functional utility is defined as the ability of a property or building to be useful and to perform the function for which it is intended according to current market tastes and standards. The subject is a retail strip center. The improvements are functionally adequate given the architectural style, design and layout, traffic patterns, and the size and configuration of the improvements for this property type.

External Obsolescence

External obsolescence is considered to be the loss in value of the property resulting from an influence of negative forces not inherent with the property. It can be caused by the exertion of detrimental external forces upon the area or property itself. Specific examples are significant fluctuations in the local economy, noise from nearby expressways or airports, excessive taxes, supply and demand imbalances, special assessments or certain other governmental actions, the lack of financial liquidity in the marketplace, or the infiltration of unharmonious groups or land uses. This form of obsolescence is rarely, if ever, curable. The subject regional area is currently experiencing stable rental rates and occupancy levels. Based upon the stable market conditions within the extended area the property does not appear to suffer from external obsolescence.

CONCLUSIONS

The subject is improved with a retail strip center, with adequate frontage and access via the two curb cuts along the northern line of Belt Line Road and three curb cuts along the southern line of Centurion Way. Condition of the improvements is good. The property appears to be a legal conforming use.

REAL ESTATE TAX ANALYSIS

The Texas legislature created a system of centralized appraisal districts for each Texas county so that all real estate within a given county is valued for tax purposes through a standard appraisal process. Property assessments are based on market value. Property valuations under the central appraisal district system became effective in 1982.

In Dallas County, the Dallas Central Appraisal District is responsible for ad valorem tax appraisals of all real estate within the county. Based on the ad valorem tax appraisal, various tax districts levy annual taxes on property located within their respective districts. Typical taxing jurisdictions include assessments from the county, city, and school districts in which the property is located. The total ad valorem tax burden is the sum of the assessments for the various taxing authorities.

The subject property is situated within the town of Addison, and falls within the taxing jurisdictions of the town of Addison, Dallas County, Parkland Hospital, Dallas County Community College, and Dallas Independent School District. Pertinent 2013 tax rates for the subject are detailed below.

2013 TAX RATES (per \$100)	
Town of Addison	\$ 0.571800
Dallas County	\$ 0.253100
Parkland Hospital	\$ 0.276000
Dallas County Community College	\$ 0.124700
Dallas Independent School District	\$ 1.282085
Total	\$ 2.507685

The Dallas Central Appraisal District account for the subject assessment for 2013 is summarized as follows:

Account Number	Land	Improvements	Total
10000740000030000	\$ 1,952,320	\$ 126,230	\$ 2,078,550
1000074000003A0000	\$ 639,290	\$ 796,700	\$ 1,435,990
Total	\$ 2,591,610	\$ 922,930	\$ 3,514,540

Based on the preceding assessed value and pertinent tax rates, the subject's annual tax liability is calculated as follows:

Assessed Value	Tax Rate/\$100	Indicated Tax Liability
\$3,514,540	x \$2.507685	= \$ 88,134

The assessed value equates to \$3,514,540, or \$77.37/SF of building area, and is below the concluded market value in this appraisal. This difference is typically due to the valuation methods of the appraisal district.

Additionally, the assessed land value equates to \$10.00/SF of land area, and is below the concluded market value in this appraisal. This difference is typically due to the valuation methods of the appraisal district.

AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHS



Red line - approximate subject property boundary – *appraiser's estimate.*

AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHS



Red line - approximate subject property boundary – *appraiser's estimate*.

SUBJECT PHOTOGRAPHS

PHOTOGRAPHED FEBRUARY 1, 2014



Looking easterly along existing right-of-way, property sign in foreground.



Looking easterly along Belt Line Road, subject on left.

SUBJECT PHOTOGRAPHS



Viewing northeasterly and eastern retail building.



Viewing northwesterly at western building.

SUBJECT PHOTOGRAPHS



Westerly view at on-premise sign.



Northerly view of breezeway between buildings.

SUBJECT PHOTOGRAPHS



Westerly view along area of proposed acquisition.



Westerly view from approximate center of property at area of proposed acquisition.

SUBJECT PHOTOGRAPHS



Looking easterly at area of proposed acquisition.



Looking easterly at area of proposed acquisition.

SUBJECT PHOTOGRAPHS

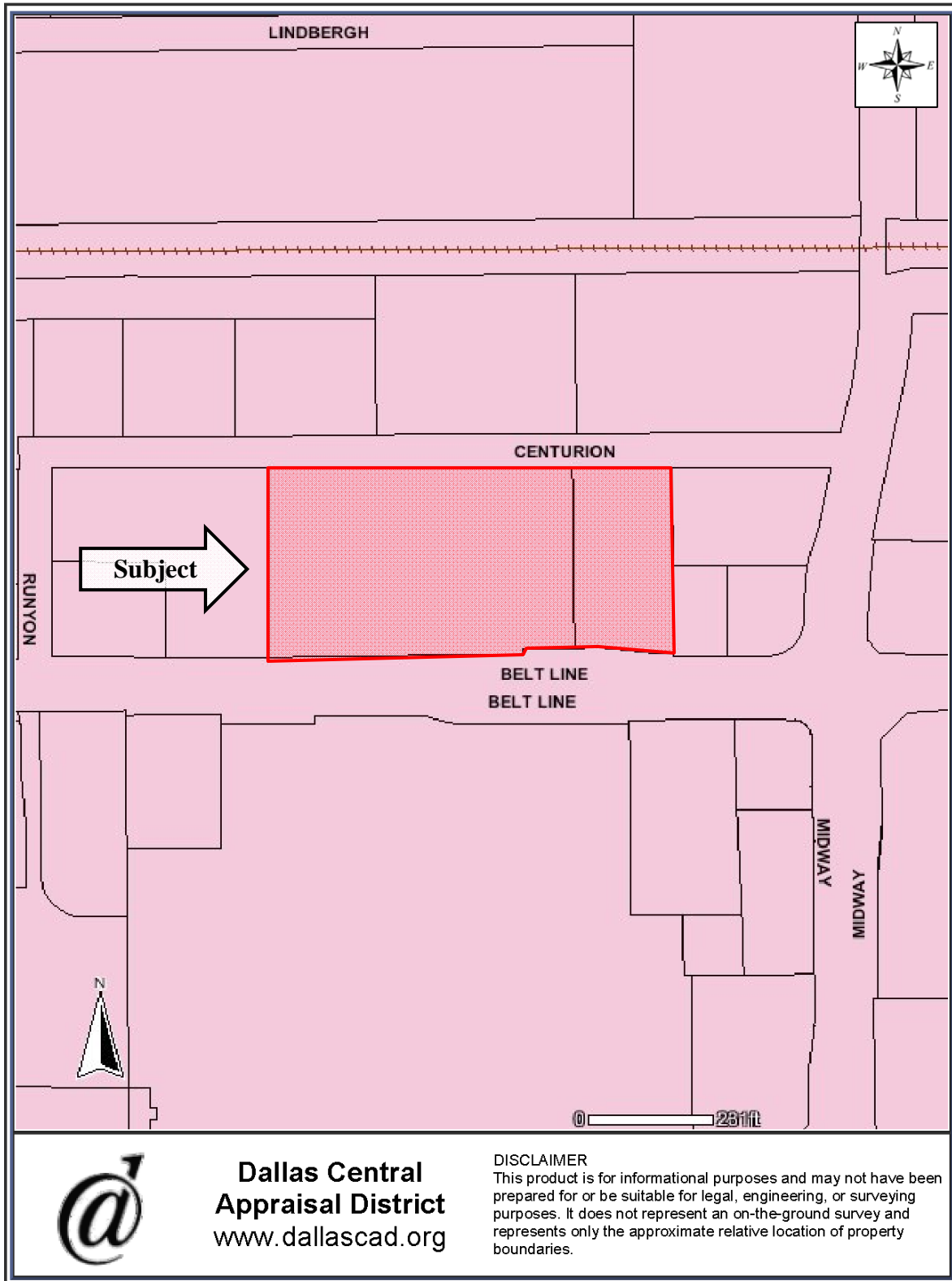


Southeasterly view of proposed acquisition encumbering parking area.

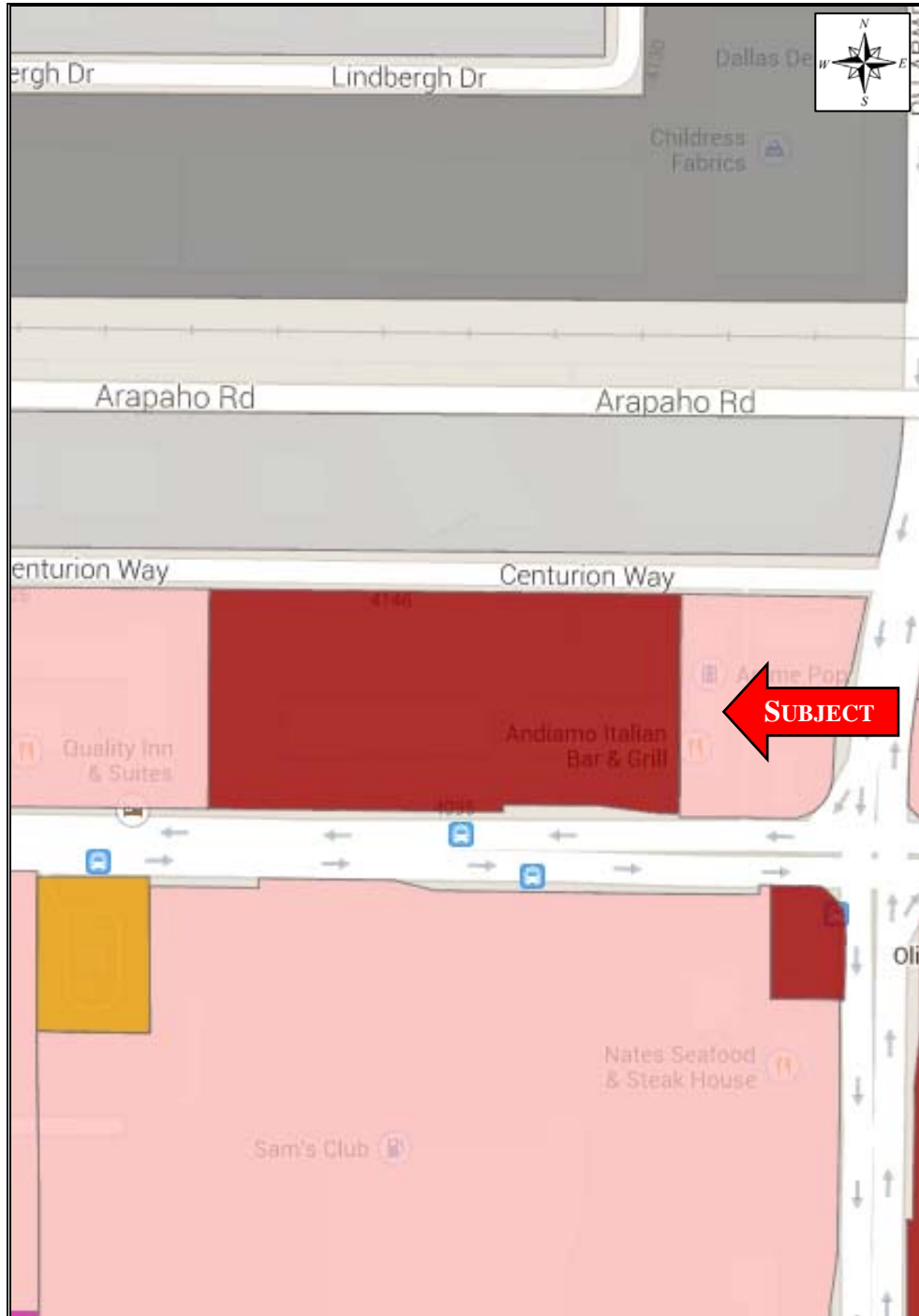


Southwesterly view of proposed acquisition encumbering parking area.

PARCEL MAP

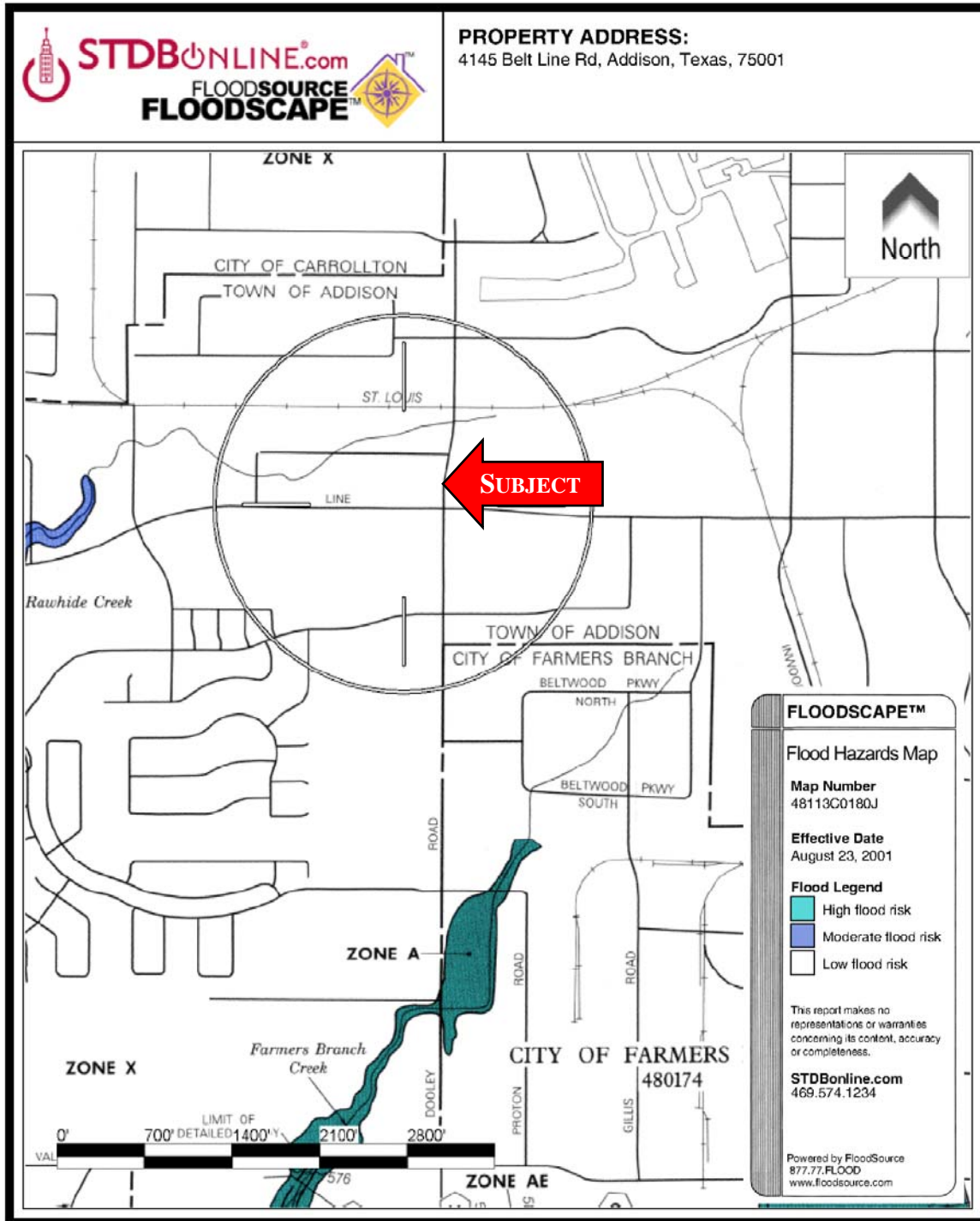


ZONING MAP



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FLOOD MAP



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HIGHEST AND BEST USE

Highest and Best Use analysis should consider the reasonably probable and legal use of vacant land or improved property considering legally permissible, physically possible, financially feasible, and maximally productive.

The subject is a 5.949-acre tract of land and is mostly rectangular in shape. The size and shape of the tract is supportive of a number of potential developments.

HIGHEST & BEST USE AS IF VACANT

Possible Use: In arriving at an opinion of highest and best use for the subject, it is first necessary to determine if the physical characteristics of the site - such as soil conditions, topography, shape and frontage were favorable for development. Soil conditions vary throughout the area and sometimes require particular engineering. The subject fronts the northern line of Belt Line Road for approximately 743 linear feet, and the southern line of Centurion Way for approximately 741 feet. The subject is approximately 350 feet deep, in the western portion of the tract. According to the enclosed flood map No. 48113C0180J, the subject is determined to be outside the 100-year floodplain, being within Zone 'X'. The site is of sufficient size, shape, and frontage to be economically adaptable to numerous uses. The size and shape of the site is adequate for commercial development.

Permissible Use: The site is zoned LR (Local Retail) by the Town of Addison. The LR (Local Retail) district is to encourage development in the town with retail uses including: bank, office building, book store, cleaning, drug store, retail sales, grocery store, sporting goods, furniture, or parking lot. Additionally, the site is within the Belt Line District, which has a purpose to implement the adopted recommendations of the Comprehensive Plan by encouraging new development and redevelopment in the Belt Line Corridor.

Feasible Use: The surrounding properties and land uses are considered for compatibility in determination of feasible use. The subject abuts office developments along the north side, another retail strip center along the east side, commercial development including a freestanding restaurant and a shopping center along the south side, and limited service hotel along the west side. Based on the land usage pattern of the surrounding area, the layout, location and frontage/visibility of the site, the most feasible use is considered to be for retail development.

Maximally Productive Highest & Best Use: The subject fronts the northern line of Belt Line Road for approximately 743 linear feet, and the southern line of Centurion Way for approximately 741 feet. Belt Line Road is a six-lane, divided thoroughfare. Centurion Way is a two-lane, undivided roadway. For a retail development, the location is considered good for appeal within the submarket. Access is rated as good and exposure of the subject is rated as good. Electricity, water, sewer, and phone services are available to the subject. Based on the foregoing and land use patterns, the highest and best use of the subject tract is for retail development, as demand emerges in the market.

HIGHEST AND BEST USE

HIGHEST & BEST USE AS IMPROVED

Possible Use: The improvements were built in 2006, according to the Dallas County Appraisal District. The improvements are of good quality and in good condition. Overall, the improvements are goodly maintained and have no deferred maintenance. The intended use of the improvements is for a retail strip center use. The physical characteristics and accompanying amenities support the continued use as such.

Permissible Use: The site is zoned LR (Local Retail) by the Town of Addison. The LR (Local Retail) district is to encourage development in the town with retail uses including: bank, office building, book store, cleaning, drug store, retail sales, grocery store, sporting goods, furniture, or parking lot. Additionally, the site is within the Belt Line District, which has a purpose to implement the adopted recommendations of the Comprehensive Plan by encouraging new development and redevelopment in the Belt Line Corridor. Retail strip centers are allowed in this zoning district.

Feasible Use: The existing improvements have an effective age of approximately 8 years, based on the modified economic life concept. With proper maintenance, a property of this type typically has a useful life of 40 years. Remaining economic life of the improvements is estimated at 32 years, based on a useful life of 40 years and an effective age of 8 years, and no other use of the improvements could provide a greater return in the current market.

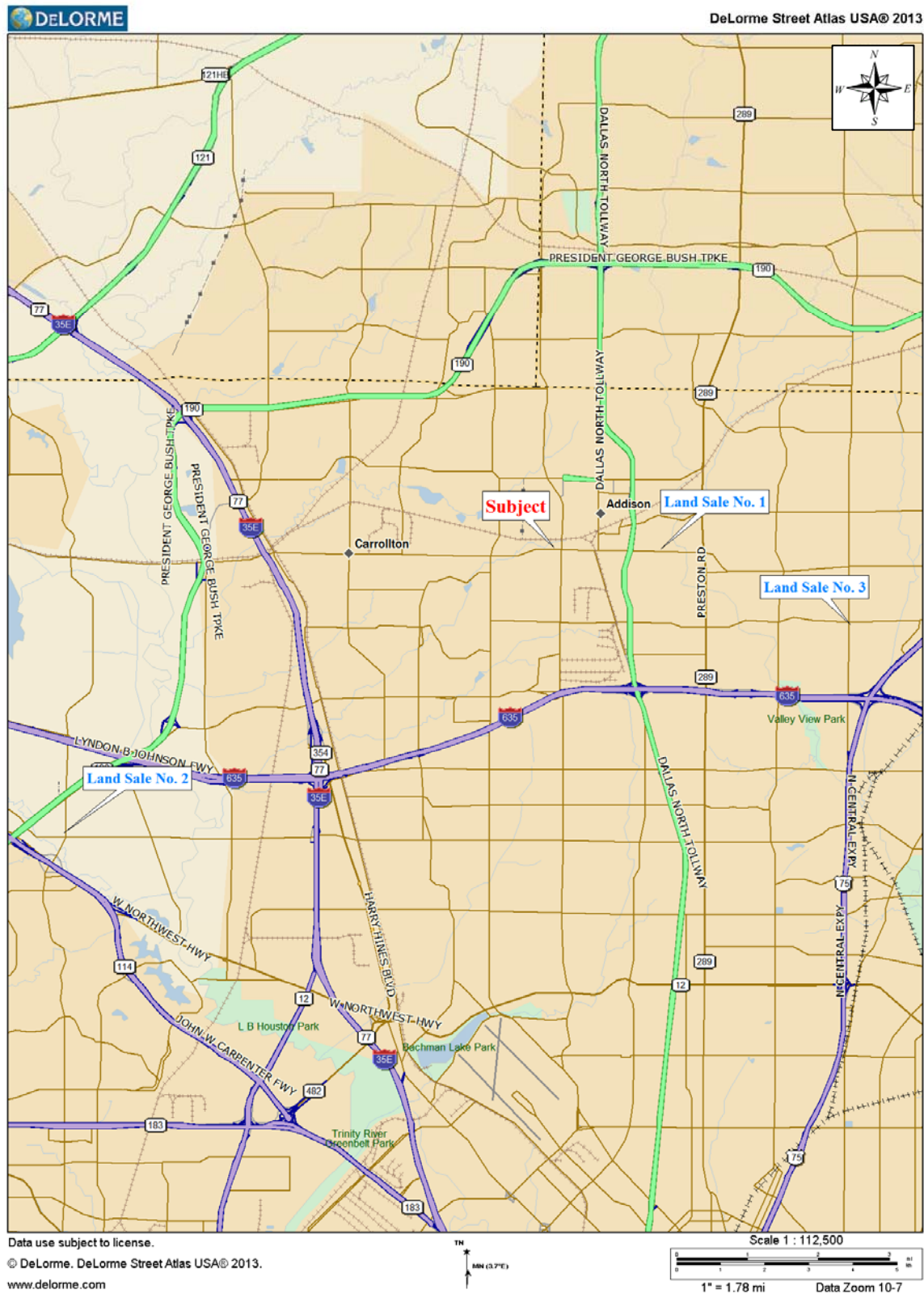
Maximally Productive Highest & Best Use: As improved, the property is improved with a retail strip center and is suitable for retail strip center use. Therefore, the continued use as a retail strip center represents the highest and best use of the land and improvements.

LAND VALUATION

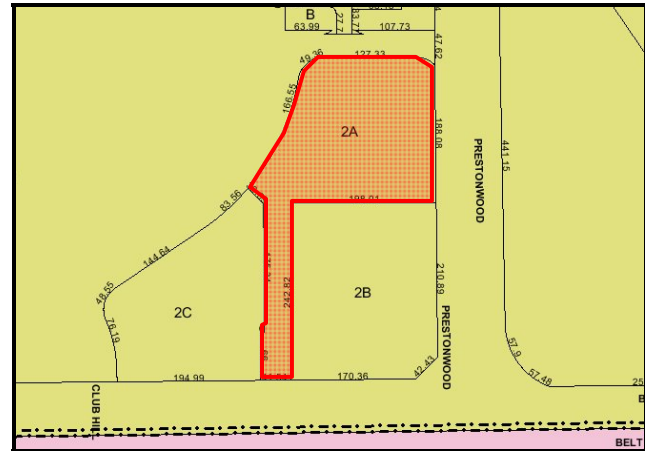
The *sales comparison* method is the best method of developing an opinion of value of the subject. In this method, known sales of similar use land in the market area are compared to the subject to arrive at an indication of value. In arriving at value conclusions, the tracts are compared as to the rights conveyed, financing terms, sale conditions, market conditions, location, and physical characteristics. This approach is used to value land that is vacant or considered vacant for appraisal purposes.

The market was carefully researched for recent sales, listings, or other transactions, which would provide a valid basis for developing an opinion of the market value of the subject by comparison. After reviewing and analyzing the sales, the sales detailed on the following pages were extracted from this sample and utilized for the land valuation.

LAND SALES MAP

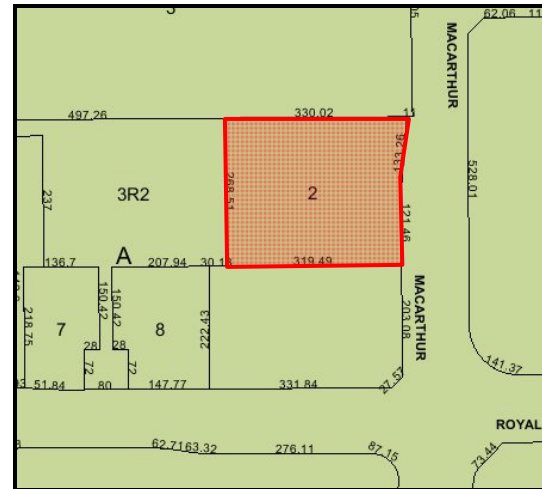


Land Sale No. 1



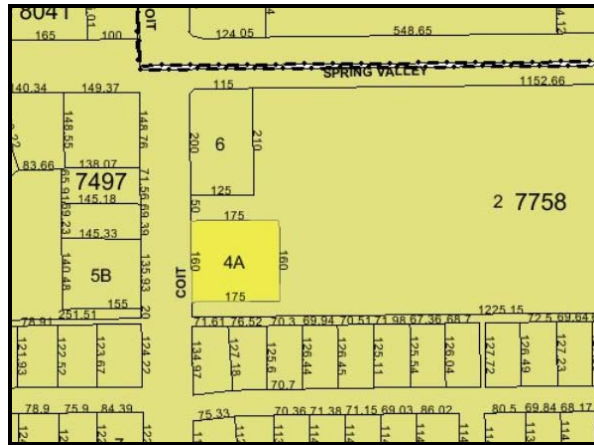
Location	Adj. NW/c of Belt Line Road and Prestonwood Boulevard Dallas, Dallas County, Texas
Mapsc0	DA-15-A
Legal Description	Being a 1.1773 acre tract of land out of Lot 2, Block B/8222, Official City Numbers, of Prestonwood Town Center II Addition, an addition of the City of Dallas, Dallas County, Texas
Grantor	Beltline Stampede, Ltd.
Grantee	784 Gunclub, LLC
Date of Sale	February 27, 2013
Record Data	
Document No.	201300061040
Consideration	\$800,000
Conditions of Sale	Cash (or cash equivalent) to the seller
Land Area	
Acres	1.177
Square Feet	51,285
Price Per SF	\$15.60
Zoning	PD-614 (Planned Development)
Comments	This tract is located adjacent to the northwest corner of Belt Line Road and Prestonwood Boulevard. The site wraps a bank branch, and has approximately 42 feet of frontage on Belt Line Road and approximately 188 feet of frontage along Prestonwood Boulevard. The transaction was reportedly an investment purchase with no marketing or outside brokerage assistance. The broker stated that a slightly higher price was paid for the site as it was the last piece of vacant land in the area. This site previously transacted for \$570,000, or \$11.12 per square foot, in August 2011.
Confirmed	JS

Land Sale No. 2



Location	E/s of North MacArthur Boulevard, ±225' N of Royal Lane Irving, Dallas County, Texas
Mapsco	DA-21B-E
Legal Description	Lot 2, Block A of Makko MacArthur I Addition, an addition to the City of Irving, Dallas County, Texas
Grantor	Makko MacArthur I, LP
Grantee	In-N-Out Burgers, Corp.
Date of Sale	April 6, 2011
Record Data	
Document No.	201100087823
Consideration	\$1,555,000
Conditions of Sale	Cash (or cash equivalent) to the seller
Land Area	
Acres	2.021
Square Feet	88,024
Price Per SF	\$17.67
Zoning	PUD (Planned Unit Development)
Comments	This tract is located along the eastern line of North MacArthur Boulevard, approximately 225 feet north of Royal Lane. The tract has approximately 255 feet of frontage on North MacArthur Boulevard. This tract is located in a highly concentrated commercial district near the confluence of two major regional freeways. Subsequent to the sale, the property was developed with a nationally branded fast food restaurant.
Confirmed	JCW

Land Sale No. 3



Location	E/s Coit Road, approx. 250 feet south of Spring Valley Road Dallas, Dallas County, Texas
Mapsc0	DA-16-K
Legal Description	Being Lots 4 and 5, in Block A/7758 of Willingham Coit Road Addition
Grantor	WPC Coit/SV, LP
Grantee	Firebrand Properties, LP
Date of Sale	June 21, 2010
Record Data	
Document No.	201000155147
Consideration	\$735,000
Conditions of Sale	Cash to the seller
Land Area	
Acres	0.643
Square Feet	28,000
Price Per SF	\$26.25
Zoning	SUP-315 (Special Use Permit)
Comments	This tract, with 160 feet of frontage on Coit Road, was formerly improved with an active clothing retailer. Following the razing of the original improvements, the site was replatted and sold in fee to the current owner. The property has been subsequently improved with a fast food restaurant.
Confirmed	KH

LAND VALUATION

LAND SALES SUMMARY					
Sale No.	Location	Size		Price/SF	Date of Sale
		SF	AC		
1	Adj. NW/c of Belt Line Road and Prestonwood Boulevard	51,285	1.18	\$15.60	Feb-13
2	E/s of North MacArthur Boulevard, ±225' N of Royal Lane	88,024	2.02	\$17.67	Apr-11
3	E/s Coit Road, approx. 250 feet south of Spring Valley Road	28,000	0.64	\$26.25	Jun-10
Subject	4135-4145 Belt Line Road	259,153	5.95		

Comparable Adjustments

Adjustments to the comparables are considered in the categories of financing terms, conditions of sale, market conditions/time, location, size, zoning, and availability of utilities and other factors. Adjustments for each factor are typically made after a comparison indicates the appropriate direction and size of each adjustment. Adjustments are based on experience and extrapolations of market indicators.

EXPLANATION OF ADJUSTMENTS

Property Interest Transferred

Adjustments are not necessary.

Financing Terms

Adjustments are not necessary.

Sale Conditions

Adjustments for conditions of sale usually reflect the motivations of the buyer and the seller. Any sales that reflect unusual sale conditions are adjusted accordingly and the circumstances of these non-arm's length transactions are detailed on the sale summary pages. No adjustments are warranted as each of the sales transpired with no reported uncommon sale conditions.

Market Conditions

The sales occurred between June 2010 and February 2013. Adjustments for market conditions are applied if property values have increased or decreased since the transaction dates. Based on our observations and analysis, real estate has appreciated approximately three percent annually since mid-2010. Each sale is adjusted accordingly.

Location

An adjustment for location within a market area may be required when the locational characteristics of a comparable property are different from those of the property. Most comparable properties in the same market area have similar locational characteristics, but variations may exist within that area of analysis. Sale Nos. 1, 2, and 3 are similarly located as the subject, requiring no adjustment.

Access

Access is defined as the points, or number of points available for ingress/egress to the subject site, or ease of access to a site from major routes in the area. Sale properties are adjusted based on their inferiority/superiority as compared with the subject. The subject has access from two curb cuts along the northern line of Belt Line Road and three curb cuts along the southern line of Centurion Way. Each of the comparable sales has inferior access in comparison to the subject, and are adjusted +5% accordingly.

Frontage

Frontage is the number of feet of frontage along the subject roadway or roadways. Sale properties are adjusted based on their inferiority/superiority as compared with the property. The property has approximately 1,484 feet of frontage along Belt Line Road and Centurion Way. The comparable sales each have less frontage than the subject, and are each adjusted +5% for their respective inferiorities.

Exposure

Exposure is the visibility of the subject to the roadways or neighboring properties. Sale No. 1 is adjusted 5% for its inferior exposure. Sale Nos. 2 and 3, with similar exposure as compared to the subject, require no adjustments.

Land Sales - Traffic Exposure		
Sale No.	Location	Vehicle Count
1	Adj. NW/c of Belt Line Road and Prestonwood Boulevard	39,700
2	E/s of North MacArthur Boulevard, ±225' N of Royal Lane	49,400
3	E/s Coit Road, approx. 250 feet south of Spring Valley Road	42,900
<i>Subject</i>	<i>4135-4145 Belt Line Road</i>	<i>52,200</i>

Size

The subject is 5.949 acres. The size adjustment is based on the premise that, in general, the larger the tract, the less its selling price on a per unit basis. Recent experience with other properties indicates an approximate 5% - 15% adjustment for each doubling/halving (100%) in size. A 5% adjustment for each doubling/halving (100%) in size is utilized. Each sale is adjusted accordingly for size.

Zoning

The site is zoned LR (Local Retail) by the Town of Addison. The LR (Local Retail) district is to encourage development in the town with retail uses including: bank, office building, book store, cleaning, drug store, retail sales, grocery store, sporting goods, furniture, or parking lot. Additionally, the site is within the Belt Line District, which has a purpose to implement the adopted recommendations of the Comprehensive Plan by encouraging new development and redevelopment in the Belt Line Corridor. Retail strip centers are allowed in this zoning district. Sale Nos. 1, 2, and 3 are similar as compared to the property in terms of designation and highest and best use, and do not require adjustments.

Utilities

Electricity, water, sewer, and phone services are available to the subject. Each of the sales has water, sewer, electricity and phone service available to the respective sites and is not adjusted.

Topography

The terrain is characterized as mostly level. Drainage is considered natural. According to FEMA flood hazard map 48113C0180J, the subject is determined to be outside the 100-year floodplain, being within Zone 'X'. Each of the comparable sales is located outside of designated flood area, warranting no adjustments.

Functional Utility

In terms of utility, Sale 1 has a significant portion of the site located in a narrow, elongated area that is unsuitable for development, yet is suitable for access of the location of signage. Sale No. 1 is adjusted +10% for inferior utility. The sales are of sufficient size and shape to support numerous development types, requiring no adjustments.

LAND VALUATION

LAND SALES DATA

The grid below outlines the pertinent characteristics of each of the comparables and the adjustments applied.

LAND SALES ADJUSTMENTS			
Sale No.	1	2	3
No. of Acres	1.177	2.021	0.643
Size - SF	51,285	88,024	28,000
Sale Date	Feb-13	Apr-11	Jun-10
Sale Price	\$800,000	\$1,555,000	\$735,000
Sale Price Per SF	\$15.60	\$17.67	\$26.25
Rights Conveyed	0%	0%	0%
Financing	0%	0%	0%
Sale Conditions	0%	0%	0%
Market Conditions	3%	9%	11%
Adjusted Price	\$16.07	\$19.26	\$29.14
Location	0%	0%	0%
Access	5%	5%	5%
Frontage	5%	5%	5%
Exposure	5%	0%	0%
Size	-10%	-7%	-15%
Zoning	0%	0%	0%
Utilities	0%	0%	0%
Topography	0%	0%	0%
Functional Utility	10%	0%	0%
Net Adjustment	15%	3%	-5%
Adjusted Price/SF	\$18.48	\$19.84	\$27.68

Land Value Opinion

After the adjustment process, the comparables range from \$18.48 to \$27.68 per square foot. Based on the foregoing, it is our opinion that the market data support an estimated fee simple value of \$20.00 per square foot for subject, with an indicated value opinion of the subject land of \$5,183,060.

Total Land Area			
No. of Square Feet		\$/SF	Indicated Value
259,153	x	\$20.00	= \$5,183,060
Value by Sales Comparison (rounded)			\$5,180,000

COST APPROACH

The purpose of the cost approach is to develop an opinion of the cost to construct a reproduction of, or replacement for, the existing structure and then deduct all accrued depreciation in the property being appraised from the cost new of the reproduction or replacement structure. When the value of the land and an entrepreneurial profit, if appropriate, are added to this figure, the result is an indication of the value of the leased fee interest in the property.

When applicable, the cost approach reflects market thinking by recognizing that market participants relate value to cost. Investors tend to judge the value of an existing structure by considering the prices and rents of similar buildings and the cost to create a new building with optimal physical and functional utility. Investors adjust the prices they are willing to pay by estimating the costs to bring an existing structure up to the level of physical and functional utility they desire.

The cost approach is based on the estimated replacement cost of the improvements less depreciation from all causes, to which is added the market value of the land based on comparable sales.

REPLACEMENT COST

The cost estimates in the following tables are abstracted from the *Marshall Valuation Service*. The *Marshall Valuation Service* is a national cost index providing cost data for determining replacement costs of buildings and other improvements, and is published by Marshall & Swift, LP.

CALCULATOR METHOD

*SECTION 13 PAGE 33
May 2012*

NEIGHBORHOOD SHOPPING CENTERS (412)

CLASS	TYPE	EXTERIOR WALLS AND FRONTS	INTERIOR FINISH	LIGHTING, PLUMBING AND MECHANICAL	HEAT	Sq. M.	COST Cu. Ft.	Sq. Ft.
C →	Good	Stucco or brick on block, light frame, good roof, mansard and storefronts	Drywall, some paneling, good VCT and acoustic tile, carpet	Good lighting and outlets per unit, small restrooms	Package A.C.	\$1,040.02	\$8.05	\$96.62
	Average	Good block, tilt-up, bearing or light frame, plain fronts, some trim	Drywall, acoustic tile, VCT, some carpet and masonry partitions	Adequate lighting and outlets per unit, small restrooms	Package A.C.	864.89	6.70	80.35
	Low cost	Low-cost fronts, block, tilt-up panels, bearing walls	Painted walls, drywall or acoustic tile, asphalt tile, few partitions	Minimum lighting, outlets and plumbing per unit	Forced air	684.59	5.30	63.60

For building structure and components, the calculator method is utilized. The improvements most closely resemble an average cost quality Class C Neighborhood Shopping Center, as described in the Marshall Valuation Service Handbook, Section 13, Page 33. To the base cost, various multipliers are applied to reflect local market conditions and changes in construction costs.

COST APPROACH

DIRECT COSTS

Base Building Costs

<u>Component</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Base Cost</u>		
Building 1 - Retail Strip Center	26,868 SF	\$ 80.35		\$ 2,159,000
Building 2 - Retail Strip Center	18,560 SF	\$ 80.35		<u>\$ 1,491,000</u>

Improvements cost before adjustments for time, location, and perimeter **\$ 3,650,000**

<u>Total Base Costs</u>	<u>Multipliers</u>				
	<u>Current</u>	<u>Local</u>	<u>Perimeter</u>		
\$3,650,000	x 1.05	x 0.91	x 0.93	\$	3,243,000

Site Improvements

Parking, Drives & Sidewalks	\$ 384,000
Landscaping, Signage & Lighting	<u>\$ 61,000</u>
Total Site Improvements	\$ 445,000

Total Direct Costs **\$ 3,688,000**

INDIRECT COSTS

Architectural, Legal, Engineering Fees, Permits, etc.	@ 4%	<u>\$ 148,000</u>
Total Indirect Costs		\$ 148,000

ENTREPRENEURIAL INCENTIVE **\$ 384,000**

**Total Direct and Indirect Costs
or Total Construction Costs** **\$ 4,220,000**

Replacement Cost New (RCN) **\$ 4,220,000**

The total replacement construction costs include contractor profit, architect fees, engineering fees and permits, but exclude land cost, and amount to \$4,220,000 or \$92.89 per square foot. This cost is within the range for average to good quality construction costs for Neighborhood Shopping Centers, as estimated by the Marshall and Swift Cost Valuation Service Cost Manual, Section 13, Page 33 (after adjustment for time and location).

DEPRECIATION

Appropriate items of depreciation must be deducted from the cost to replace the subject improvements as estimated above. Depreciation in this case is defined as "a loss in value from any cause". The accrued depreciation applicable is typically broken down as follows:

a. Physical Depreciation

Curable - refers to items of deferred maintenance.

Incurable - deterioration that is not practical or economically feasible to correct.

b. Functional Obsolescence - adverse effect on value resulting from defects in design, can also be caused by changes that, over time, have made some aspects of a structure, material, or design obsolete by current standards.

Curable - to be curable the cost must be at least offset by the anticipated increase in value.

Incurable - deficiencies or superadequacies not economically feasible to correct.

c. External (Economic) Obsolescence - result of diminished utility of a structure due to negative influences from outside the site and is always incurable. The total loss in value due to such influences is allocated between the land and the improvements with only that portion attributable to the improvements deducted from the current replacement cost.

Curable Physical

No items of deferred maintenance were noted at the inspection.

Incurable Physical

A property suffers from deterioration as a result of the aging process. The method of estimating accrued depreciation utilized here is the modified economic age-life method. Briefly, this method consists of first estimating the cost to cure all curable items, deducting that figure from the replacement cost, and then applying to the remainder the deduction based on the ratio of effective age to total economic life.

COST APPROACH

DEPRECIATION

Replacement Costs	\$	4,220,000
Less: Curable Items	\$	-
Value of Improvements	\$	4,220,000

Total Economic Life	40 years
Remaining Economic Life	32 years
Effective Age	8 years

Depreciation Percentage

Applied Percentage - M&S, Sec. 97, Pg. 24 ≈ 11%

Less: Incurable Items			
\$4,220,000	x	11.0%	\$ 464,000
Depreciated Value			\$ 3,756,000

COST APPROACH SUMMARY

Estimated Total Construction Costs	\$	4,220,000
Less: Curable Items	\$	-
Less: Depreciation	\$	464,000
Total Depreciated Value of Improvements	\$	3,756,000
Plus: Indicated Value of Land	\$	5,183,000
Final Opinion of Value via the Cost Approach	\$	8,939,000
Rounded	\$	8,940,000

COST SUMMARY

As the subject consists of a retail strip center (totaling 45,428 square feet), the costs are applied to this property. The estimated costs of the entire property, including land, and improvements are **\$8,940,000** (rounded).

SALES COMPARISON APPROACH

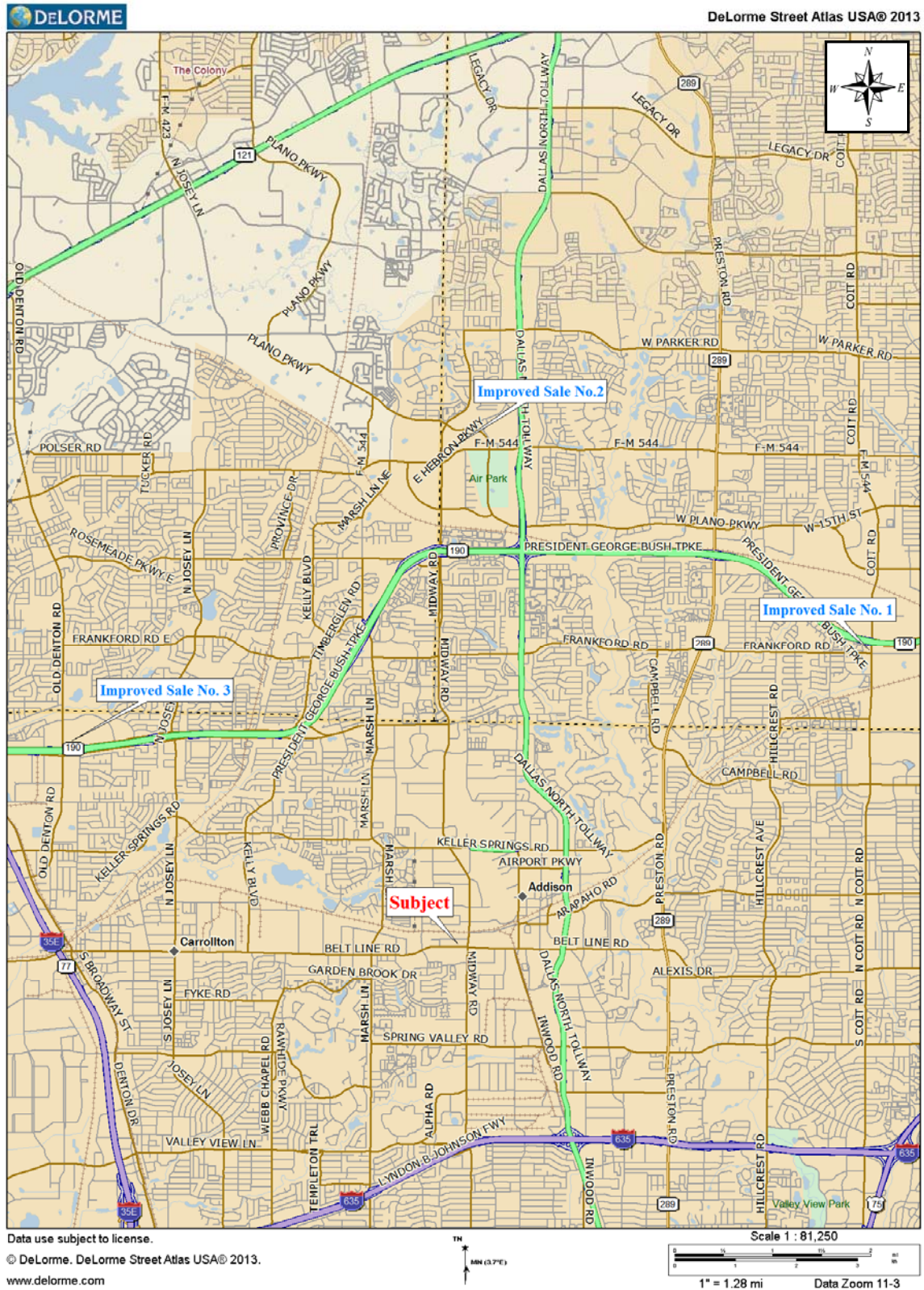
The sales comparison approach is a method of estimating market value whereby a property is compared with similar properties that have sold recently. One premise of the sales comparison approach is that the market will determine a price for the property being appraised in the same manner that it determines the price of comparable, competitive properties. The principle of substitution is basic in this approach as it implies that a prudent person will not pay more for a property than an acceptable alternative available in the market.

In the sales comparison approach, the property appraised is compared with known prices paid for similar properties in the open market. Typically, for most properties, the most common units of comparison used are the overall price paid per unit, and sales price per square foot.

The following summary information on improved sales judged to be comparable to the property appraised is included herein, establishing the probable value of the subject property by the sales comparison approach.

SALES COMPARISON APPROACH

IMPROVED SALES MAP



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SALES COMPARISON APPROACH

Improved Sale No. 1



Location	7877 Frankford Road Dallas, Collin County, Texas
Mapsc	DA-6-F
Grantor	Luther H. and Mary E. Manies
Grantee	David Drekaj
Record Data	
Date	November 1, 2013
Document No.	20131104001497740
Consideration	\$750,000
Sale Price/SF	\$145.69
Conditions of Sale	Cash (or cash equivalent) to the seller
Physical Description	
Land Area	
Acres	0.64 AC
Square Feet	27,661 SF
Building Coverage	18.61%
Gross Building Area	5,148 SF
Year Built	1998
Occupancy @ Sale	100%
Description	Retail Strip Center
Condition	Average
Comments	This property is located adjacent to the northwest corner of Frankford Road and Coit Road. This property is a retail strip center.

SALES COMPARISON APPROACH

Improved Sale No. 1 (Continued)

Pro-Forma Operating Statement - Sale No. 1			
Income Data		Total	\$/SF
Gross Rental Income	\$	82,368	\$ 16.00
Less: Expense Reimbursement	\$	16,474	\$ 3.20
Less: Vacancy @ 10%	\$	9,884	\$ 1.92
Effective Gross Income	\$	88,957	\$ 17.28
Total Expenses	\$	22,651	\$ 4.40
Net Operating Income	\$	66,306	\$ 12.88

Source: Appraiser's estimate

Units of Comparison	
Overall Rate (Ro)	8.84%
Sales Price/SF	\$145.69
NOI/EGI Ratio	74.54%

SALES COMPARISON APPROACH

Improved Sale No. 2

Location	6505 West Park Boulevard Plano, Collin County, Texas
Mapsko	DA-655-P
Grantor	Regency Centers, LP
Grantee	Hartman Prestonwood Properties, LLC
Record Data	
Date	September 19, 2011
Document No.	20110919000995690
Consideration	\$11,950,000
Sale Price/SF	\$106.90
Conditions of Sale	Cash (or cash equivalent) to the seller
Physical Description	
Land Area	
Acres	16.62 AC
Square Feet	724,142 SF
Building Coverage	15.44%
Gross Building Area	111,788 SF
Year Built	1999
Occupancy @ Sale	71%
Description	Retail Strip Center
Condition	Average
Comments	This property is located along the northern line of Park Boulevard, with frontage on eastern line of Midway Road, and the southern line of Plano Parkway. This property is a retail strip center.

SALES COMPARISON APPROACH

Improved Sale No. 2 (Continued)

Pro-Forma Operating Statement - Sale No. 2			
Income Data		Total	\$/SF
Gross Rental Income	\$	1,956,290	\$ 17.50
Less: Expense Reimbursement	\$	469,510	\$ 4.20
Less: Vacancy @ 10%	\$	242,580	\$ 2.17
Effective Gross Income	\$	2,183,220	\$ 19.53
Total Expenses	\$	592,476	\$ 5.30
Net Operating Income	\$	1,590,743	\$ 14.23

Source: Appraiser's estimate & broker's data

Units of Comparison	
Overall Rate (Ro)	13.31%
Sales Price/SF	\$106.90
NOI/EGI Ratio	72.86%

SALES COMPARISON APPROACH

Improved Sale No. 3

Location	1017 East Trinity Mills Road Carrollton, Dallas County, Texas
Mapsc	DA-2-L
Grantor	Carrollton Shops, LLC
Grantee	JGEP Investments, Inc.
Record Data	
Date	February 18, 2011
Document No.	201100044500
Consideration	\$2,500,000
Sale Price/SF	\$167.22
Conditions of Sale	Cash (or cash equivalent) to the seller
Physical Description	
Land Area	
Acres	1.80 AC
Square Feet	78,321 SF
Building Coverage	19.09%
Gross Building Area	14,950 SF
Year Built	2005
Occupancy @ Sale	100%
Description	Retail Strip Center
Condition	Average
Comments	This property is located along East Trinity Mills Road (President George Bush Turnpike frontage road), east of Old Denton Road. This property is a retail strip center.

SALES COMPARISON APPROACH

Improved Sale No. 3 (Continued)

Pro-Forma Operating Statement - Sale No. 3		
Income Data	Total	\$/SF
Gross Rental Income	\$ 269,100	\$ 18.00
Less: Expense Reimbursement	\$ 53,820	\$ 3.60
Less: Vacancy @ 10%	\$ 32,292	\$ 2.16
Effective Gross Income	\$ 290,628	\$ 19.44
Total Expenses	\$ 73,255	\$ 4.90
Net Operating Income	\$ 217,373	\$ 14.54

Source: Appraiser's estimate & broker's data

Units of Comparison	
Overall Rate (Ro)	8.69%
Sales Price/SF	\$167.22
NOI/EGI Ratio	74.79%

SALES COMPARISON APPROACH

Summary of Improved Sales				
Sale No.	Address	YOC	Size SF	Price/SF
1	7877 Frankford Road Dallas, Collin County, Texas	1998	5,148	\$145.69
2	6505 West Park Boulevard Plano, Collin County, Texas	1999	111,788	\$106.90
3	1017 East Trinity Mills Road Carrollton, Dallas County, Texas	2005	14,950	\$167.22

The sales in the sample were selected from a larger group as being most similar in overall physical characteristics as compared to the subject. The sale sample ranges in price from \$106.90 to \$167.22 per square foot, range in size from 5,148 square feet to 111,788 square feet, and were constructed between 1998 and 2005.

Comparable Adjustments

Adjustments to the comparables are considered in the categories of financing terms, conditions of sale, market conditions/time, location, size, zoning, and availability of utilities and other factors. Adjustments for each factor are typically made after a comparison indicates the appropriate direction and size of each adjustment. Adjustments are based on experience and extrapolations of market indicators.

EXPLANATION OF ADJUSTMENTS

Rights Conveyed

The rights conveyed of the sales represent fee simple ownership for each of the comparable sales, resulting in no required adjustment.

Financing

The sales were purchased with cash, or third party financing which do not require adjustments.

Sale Conditions

All of the sales are arm's length transactions. Sale condition adjustments are not necessary.

Market Conditions

The sales were transacted from February 2011 to November 2013. Adjustments for market conditions are applied if property values have increased or decreased since the transaction dates. Based on our observations and analysis, real estate has appreciated approximately three percent annually since mid-2010. The sales are adjusted accordingly.

SALES COMPARISON APPROACH

Location

The subject is located along the north side of Belt Line Road, approximately 300 feet west of Midway Road, in the city of Addison, Dallas County. The sales are similarly located as the subject and do not require adjustments for location.

Physical Characteristics

Physical aspects are considered for each sale, and include size, age, condition, and quality.

Access

Access has significant bearing on real estate in the market. Access is defined as the points, or number of points available for ingress/egress to the subject site or ease of access to the site from abutting roadways. Sale properties are adjusted based on their inferiority/superiority as compared with the subject. Sale Nos. 1, 2, and 3, with multiple curb cuts and access available from surrounding properties, are similar in access as compared to the subject, with no adjustment.

Exposure

Exposure is a function of traffic volume or drive-by business potential. Sale properties are adjusted based on their inferiority/superiority as compared with the subject. Sale Nos. 1, 2, and 3 are adjusted 5%, 0%, and 0%, based on each sale's exposure.

Improved Sales - Traffic Exposure		
Sale No.	Location	Vehicle Count
1	7877 Frankford Road	26,700
2	6505 West Park Boulevard	71,800
3	1017 East Trinity Mills Road	78,700
<i>Subject</i>	<i>4135-4145 Belt Line Road</i>	<i>52,200</i>

Size

The subject comprises 45,428 square feet of total building area. The sales range in size from 5,148 square feet to 111,788 square feet. The size adjustment is based on the premise that, in general, the larger the tract, the less its selling price on a per unit basis. Typically, a 5%-15% adjustment for each doubling or halving in size compared to the subject is appropriate. A factor of approximately 5% is used. The sales are adjusted -14%, 7%, and -5%, respectively for size.

SALES COMPARISON APPROACH

Age

The subject was built in 2006. Sale No. 1 was built in 1998, Sale No. 2 in 1999, and Sale No. 3 in 2005. The subject's effective age is estimated at 8 years, with significant remaining economic life. Inadequate market data are available for an analysis to isolate precise factors for perceived differences in effective age. However, effective age, in addition to the actual age of structures, is considered an important consideration from a buyer standpoint. With each of the comparable sales in relatively average condition, Sale Nos. 1 and 2 are adjusted +5% for slight inferiority in effective age, while Sale No. 3 requires no adjustment.

Condition

The improvements are in good condition. Sale Nos. 1, 2, and 3 are similarly well-maintained condition, warranting no adjustments.

Quality

Due to the varying construction designs and conditions of the comparables, a degree of subjectivity is likewise required in comparing the construction quality of the sale properties to the subject. Inherent in this adjustment is recognition of the aesthetic appeal and finish of each property. The subject is of good quality construction. The sales are similar as compared to the subject and are not adjusted.

SALES COMPARISON APPROACH

ADJUSTMENTS

The following grid summarizes the adjustment process.

IMPROVED SALES ADJUSTMENTS			
Sale No.	1	2	3
Year Built	1998	1999	2005
Size SF	5,148	111,788	14,950
Sale Date	Nov-13	Sep-11	Feb-11
Sale Price	\$750,000	\$11,950,000	\$2,500,000
Sale Price Per SF	\$145.69	\$106.90	\$167.22
Rights Conveyed	-0-	-0-	-0-
Financing	-0-	-0-	-0-
Sale Conditions	-0-	-0-	-0-
Immediate Expenditures	-0-	-0-	-0-
Market Conditions	1%	7%	9%
Adjusted Price	\$147.15	\$114.38	\$182.27
Location	-0-	-0-	-0-
Access	-0-	-0-	-0-
Exposure	5%	-0-	-0-
Size	-14%	7%	-5%
Age	5%	5%	-0-
Condition	-0-	-0-	-0-
Quality	-0-	-0-	-0-
Net Adjustment	-4%	12%	-5%
Adjusted Price/SF	\$141.26	\$128.11	\$173.16

The adjusted sales range from \$128.11 to \$173.16 per square foot, with an average of \$147.51 per square foot and a median of \$141.26 per square foot.

Reconciliation

In the square foot analysis, the adjusted sales range from \$128.11 to \$173.16 per square foot. Each of the comparable sales is considered as an indicator of value. Given the size, quality, condition, and location of the subject a unit value of \$170.00 per square foot is supported by the sale data. This equates to an indicated value of **\$7,725,000** (rounded).

VALUE INDICATED BY THE SALES PRICE PER SQUARE FOOT METHOD			
<u>Size SF</u>		<u>\$/SF</u>	<u>Indicated Value</u>
45,428	x	\$170.00	= \$7,722,760
Value by Sales Comparison			\$7,725,000

INCOME CAPITALIZATION APPROACH

The premise of the income capitalization approach is that an indication of value can be derived by capitalizing the net income a property will produce - under prudent management - at an appropriate rate which reflects the current market conditions, trends, and investor requirements.

The income capitalization approach consists of the following steps:

- Market Analysis: Research the market to determine relevant income parameters i.e., rental rate, vacancy rates, absorption trends, escalations, allowances, and other factors.
- Estimate of Operations: Estimate potential gross income. Then, deduct a vacancy and collection loss allowance to derive effective gross income. Finally, estimate and deduct expenses of operation to derive net operating income.
- Capitalization: Select an applicable capitalization method and technique. Develop the appropriate rate or rates, and capitalize the net operating income or income stream to derive an indication of value.

A summary of competing properties in the subject area is also included the following pages.

Dallas/Fort Worth Retail MarketView

Q4 2013

CBRE Global Research and Consulting

▼ VACANCY 8.3%
▼ CONSTRUCTION 2,316,912 Sq. Ft.
▲ DELIVERIES 1,113,865 Sq. Ft.
▼ TRADE VOLUME -19% YoY
▼ UNEMPLOYMENT 6.0%
▲ JOB GROWTH 97,000 YoY

Directional arrows based on change from the previous quarter. Data reflects market totals.

ABSORPTION REACHED ITS HIGHEST LEVEL SINCE THE RECESSION, WHILE OCCUPANCY CLIMBED TO A RECORD-HIGH.

Quick Stats

	Q4 2013	Qtr	Yr
Vacancy	8.3%	↓	↓
Under Construction	2,316,912	↓	↓
Delivered Construction	1,113,865	↑	↑
Net Absorption	1,386,641	↑	↑
Unemployment Rate	6.0%	↓	↔

Hot Topics

Net absorption crosses the 1 million sq. ft. mark for the first time since 2008

- Total net absorption increased from 789,106 sq. ft. to nearly 1.4 million sq. ft. over the last quarter, causing occupancy to climb by 20 basis points to a record-high level of 91.7%.

New construction leads absorption growth

- As retailers struggle to find suitable space available in the DFW market, many have chosen to build instead. As a result, 67% of all total net absorption was attributable to new construction in Q4 2013.

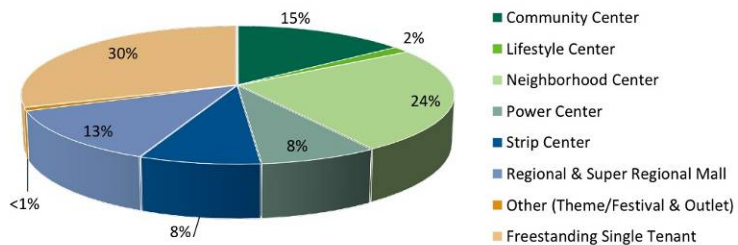
Q4 2013 outperformed the rest of the year for development

- 2013 experienced slow development activity for most of the year, but ended with marked improvement in Q4 2013. 1.1 million sq. ft. of new construction delivered in Q4 2013, higher than the 651,238 sq. ft. combined total for the first three quarters of 2013.

Outstanding employment growth

- Employment grew by 3.1% over the last 12 months in DFW, compared to a growth rate of 1.7% nationally.

DFW Retail Market by Classification



Source: CBRE Research, Q4 2013.

Dallas/Fort Worth (DFW) continues to see retail expansion and improving market fundamentals at the tail-end of 2013. Leasing activity is strengthening as net absorption climbed above the 1 million square feet (sq. ft.) mark in Q4 2013, reaching the highest level it's been since the recession. Of the 1.4 million sq. ft. of total net absorption, over 900,000 sq. ft. (or 67%) was attributable to new build-to-suit construction. This influx of new construction marks the much-anticipated kick start to a new wave of development for the DFW retail market which will grow stronger in 2014.

Retailers are attracted to DFW for its strong employment and population

growth. According to the US Bureau of Labor Statistics, employment in DFW grew by nearly 23,000 jobs during Q4 2013, and the unemployment rate dropped by 30 basis points to 6.0%. DFW residents are a strong consumer force, with per capita income estimated at \$45,749. According to Moody's Analytics, per capita income has grown by 1.1% over the last 12 months, and is expected to grow another 6.5% by this time next year.

As retailers have expanded in 2013, the DFW retail market absorbed a net total of over 3.0 million sq. ft. for the year. Space availability continues to tighten, causing record high occupancy rates and strong demand for new development.

RETAIL FOURTH QUARTER MARKETVIEW

Q4 2013 Dallas/Fort Worth Retail | MarketView

Market Statistics

Market	Net Rentable Area Sq. Ft.	Direct Vacant Sq. Ft.	% Direct Vacant	Total Vacant Sq. Ft.	% Total Vacant	Average Asking Rate Annual, NNN Per Sq. Ft.	Qtr Total Net Absorption Sq. Ft.	2013 YTD Total Net Absorption Sq. Ft.
Central Dallas	9,406,284	477,172	5.1%	477,172	5.1%	\$15.70	(49,484)	66,710
East Dallas Outlying	3,411,201	103,191	3.0%	103,191	3.0%	\$18.26	36,536	48,929
Far North Dallas	53,668,731	5,381,816	10.0%	5,495,280	10.2%	\$14.61	245,070	475,411
Near North Dallas	21,142,612	1,248,829	5.9%	1,248,829	5.9%	\$14.31	7,046	83,422
North Central Dallas	29,919,674	2,173,652	7.3%	2,334,394	7.8%	\$15.23	375,310	573,749
Southeast Dallas	13,226,494	935,203	7.1%	935,203	7.1%	\$11.02	(51,904)	127,644
Southwest Dallas	17,375,118	1,675,809	9.6%	1,703,506	9.8%	\$10.06	53,533	70,540
West Dallas	30,534,442	2,764,857	9.1%	2,777,357	9.1%	\$14.47	32,951	172,210
Central Fort Worth	23,559,881	2,326,202	9.9%	2,343,723	9.9%	\$8.71	209,288	322,668
Mid-Cities	49,258,703	3,572,416	7.3%	3,654,860	7.4%	\$14.09	323,379	664,421
Suburban Fort Worth	21,414,368	1,583,315	7.4%	1,704,715	8.0%	\$12.13	204,916	422,578
TOTAL Dallas	178,684,556	14,760,529	8.3%	15,074,932	8.4%	\$14.07	649,058	1,618,615
TOTAL Fort Worth	94,232,952	7,481,933	7.9%	7,703,298	8.2%	\$12.30	737,583	1,409,667
TOTAL DFW	272,917,508	22,242,462	8.1%	22,778,230	8.3%	\$13.23	1,386,641	3,028,282

Source: CBRE Research, Q4 2013.

Unemployment Rate Total Non-Agricultural Jobs



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, December 2013.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS/DEMOGRAPHICS

Seasonally adjusted employment growth in DFW was 3.2% over the last 12 months, for a net increase of 97,000 jobs. The unemployment rate in DFW dropped to 6.0% in Q4 2013, down from 6.3% last quarter. Once again, DFW posted a lower unemployment rate for the quarter than Texas (6.2%) and the United States (7.3%). An ample supply of well-educated workers and strong population growth contribute to the area's healthy economy. With a current estimated population of 6.7 million, the DFW metropolitan area is the fourth-largest MSA in the United States. The area's population has grown 30% since 2000, and growth of 8.6% is projected for 2013 to 2018, according to Claritas.

DFW's population is young, with an average age of 35, and affluent, with most of the population (51%) in their prime earning years of 20-54. DFW residents tend to earn more than the national average, supporting an estimated median household income of \$59,237 as of Q3 2013, versus \$52,590 in the U.S.

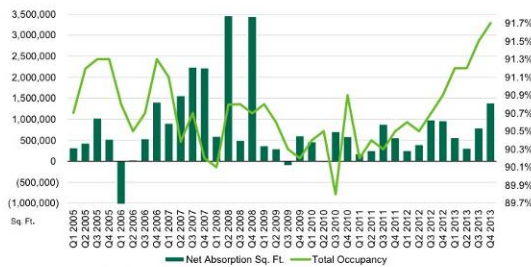
CBRE

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Q4 2013 Dallas/Fort Worth Retail | MarketView

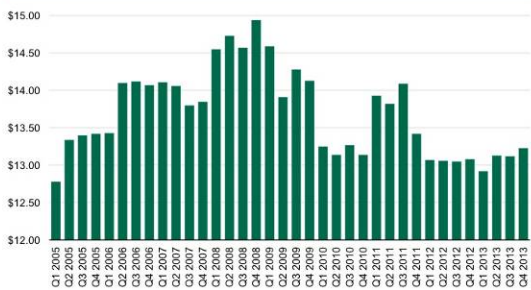
RETAIL FOURTH QUARTER MARKET STATISTICS

Net Absorption and Total Occupancy



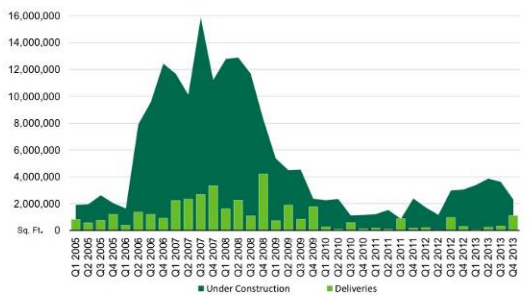
Source: CBRE Research, Q4 2013.

Asking Rates, Annual NNN Per Sq. Ft.



Source: CBRE Research, Q4 2013.

Construction



Source: CBRE Research, Q4 2013.

OCCUPANCY & ABSORPTION

The total occupancy rate has gained significant momentum over the past year, moving upward yet again in Q4 2013 to reach 91.7%. Occupancy growth has been rapid over the last 12 months; the occupancy rate was 90.9% at this time last year. Total net absorption for the fourth quarter grew to 1.4 million sq. ft., the highest it has been in five years. For the year of 2013, the market has absorbed a net total of over 3 million sq. ft. The net total for 2012 was slightly lower at 2.6 million sq. ft. On the heels of a recovering economy, total net absorption in the DFW market has remained positive every quarter for the past three years.

LEASE RATES

The average asking lease rate ticked upward in the fourth quarter, coming in at \$13.23 per sq. ft., an \$0.11 increase over last quarter's average. Increasing absorption of retail space and lagging new development has increased competition for space among tenants. In such an increasingly landlord-favorable market, rising asking rates come as no surprise. With the occupancy rate continuing to rise and new construction remaining relatively low, asking rates will likely continue to inch upward until enough new product is delivered to meet tenant demand.

CONSTRUCTION

The end of 2013 experienced a wave of retail project deliveries, with over 1.1 million sq. ft. reaching completion in DFW during Q4 2013. Currently 2.3 million sq. ft. of new retail space is under construction across the Metroplex. The largest project underway remains the Nebraska Furniture Mart Grandscape development in The Colony. The Nebraska Furniture Mart store will be 560,000 sq.ft. upon completion with an attached 1.3 million sq. ft. warehouse/distribution component. Anticipation of future traffic caused by the project is spurring additional development activity in the area, along State Highway 121. One such project is a 61,000 sq. ft. TopGolf which was completed in Q4 2013.

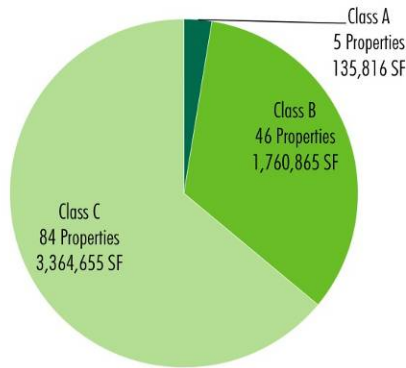
Walmart continues to actively develop in the DFW market, accounting for much of the delivery square footage. Newly constructed Walmart Supercenter stores opened in Fort Worth, Haslet, and Crossroads during Q4 2013, and several more are in the development pipeline throughout the area.



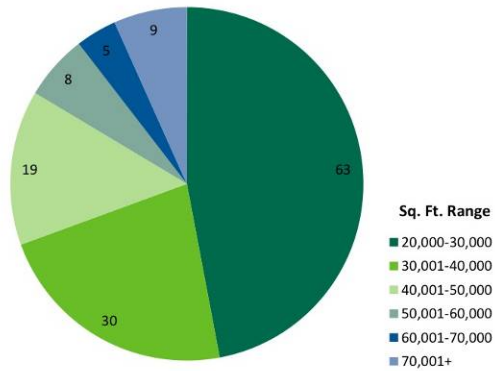
RETAIL FOURTH QUARTER MARKETVIEW

Q4 2013 Dallas/Fort Worth Retail | MarketView

Big Box Space Available by Class



Big Box Space Available by Size Range



Largest Available Big Box Space

Submarket	Address	Former	Sq. Ft. Available
North Central Dallas	5000 Alpha Road	TheGreatIndoors	141,690
North Central Dallas	13342 Midway Road	GabbertFurniture	105,000
Far North Dallas	3161 Broadway Boulevard	SteveNBarrys	104,000
Far North Dallas	1122 W Centerville	Target	100,000
Central Fort Worth	6001-6009 Jacksboro Highway	BaratoBazaar	97,000
Southwest Dallas	845 N Beckley Avenue	Kmart	87,964
Southwest Dallas	7401 S Westmoreland Road	Home Depot	71,842
Far North Dallas	3046-3048 Lavon Drive	Albertson's	66,817
Central Fort Worth	7915-7921 W Camp Bowie Blvd	N/A	66,810
Central Fort Worth	3304-3328 Denton Highway	Kmart	65,733
North Central Dallas	279 Main Street	Albertson's	65,207
Far North Dallas	8800 Lakeview Parkway	Super1Foods	60,000
Southwest Dallas	4101 W Wheatland Road	Albertson's	58,720
Central Fort Worth	1050 Bridgewood Drive	Kroger	56,607
Southwest Fort Worth	8510 S Highway 377	Albertson's	55,785
Far North Dallas	1004-1040 W Centerville Road	Kroger	54,000
Central Fort Worth	6479 Camp Bowie Boulevard	Kroger	53,368
Southwest Dallas	112 W Beltline Road	Minyards	51,721
North Central Dallas	15490 N Dallas Parkway	SportsAuthority	50,000

Key Observations

Big box space availability stands at 5.3 million sq. ft. across the Metroplex at the end of 2013. Since the peak of the recession, big box availability has declined by 50% in DFW. A flight to quality by retailers following the height of the recession caused Class A big box availability to dwindle down to a negligible level, and stagnant development continues to keep these available spaces in the single digits. The redevelopment of Class B and C properties will be necessary to meet the modernized standards of tenants unable to secure Class A space, and new Class A developments are also expected to make their way into the pipeline in 2014 and 2015.

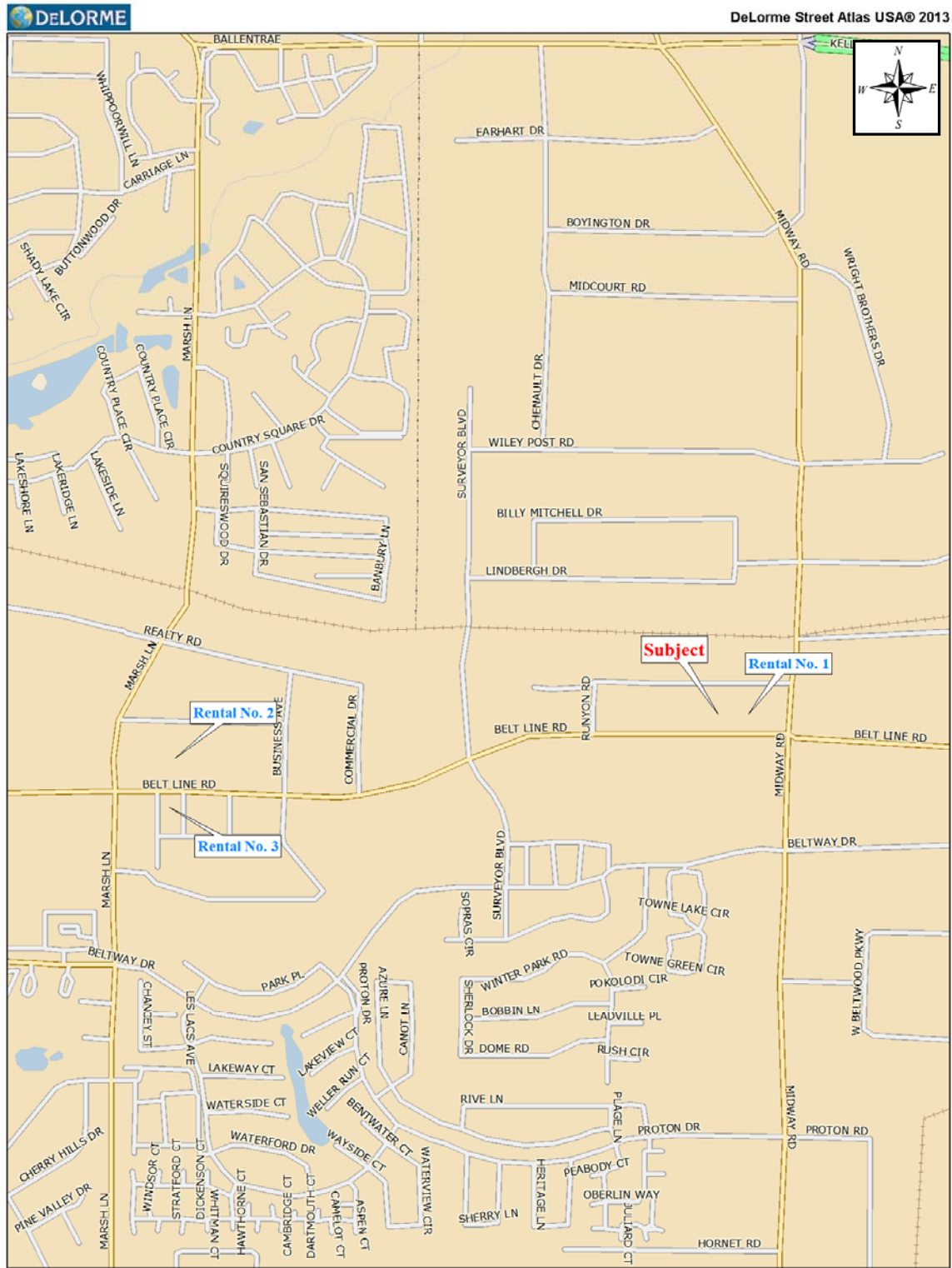
Big box development began to gain momentum in late 2013, compared to record low levels of development for the first three quarters of the year. 734,228 sq. ft. of big box space was delivered in Q4 2013, accounting for more than half of the 1.1 million sq. ft. of total retail deliveries in DFW for the quarter. Each of these delivered big box projects was either pre-leased or occupier-owned. Retailers occupying these new spaces include Walmart Supercenter, Sam's Club, LA Fitness, Academy Sports & Outdoors, Tom Thumb, Spec's, and Sprouts. Another eight build-to-suit, big box projects are under construction in DFW. Future retailers occupying these projects include Walmart, Aldi, and the new to the DFW market grocer WinCo.

Source: CBRE Research, Q4 2013.

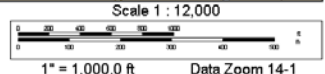


INCOME CAPITALIZATION APPROACH

RENTALS MAP



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INCOME CAPITALIZATION APPROACH

RENTAL NO. 1



Address	4151-4191 Belt Line Road Addison, Dallas County, Texas
Mapsc0	DA-14-B
Year of Construction	1980
Rentable Building Area	20,260 SF
Occupancy	82%
Rental Rate Per SF	\$11.00
Lease Terms	Triple net; 3-year terms
Comments	This property is located wrapping the northwest corner of Belt Line Road and Midway Road. The rental rate for the available space is marketed at \$11.00 per square foot, on a triple net basis, with 3-year terms. This property is a retail strip center, with two buildings.

INCOME CAPITALIZATION APPROACH

RENTAL NO. 2



Address	4135-4145 Belt Line Road Addison, Dallas County, Texas
Mapsc0	DA-14-B
Year of Construction	2006
Rentable Building Area	45,425 SF
Occupancy	83%
Rental Rate Per SF	\$18.55
Lease Terms	Triple Net; Negotiable terms
Comments	This property is located along the northern line of Belt Line Road, west of Midway Road. The rental rate for the occupied spaces average \$18.55, with the available space being marketed between \$15.00 and \$18.00 per square foot, on a triple net basis, with negotiable terms. This property is a retail strip center, with two buildings.

INCOME CAPITALIZATION APPROACH

RENTAL NO. 3



Address	3712 Belt Line Road Addison, Dallas County, Texas
Mapsc0	DA-13-D
Year of Construction	1998
Rentable Building Area	7,602 SF
Occupancy	47%
Rental Rate Per SF	\$18.00
Lease Terms	Triple Net; 3- to 5-year terms
Comments	This property is located adjacent to the southeast corner of Belt Line Road and Marsh Road. The rental rate for the available space is marketed at \$18.00 per square foot, on a triple net basis, with 3- to 5-year terms. This property is a retail strip center.

INCOME CAPITALIZATION APPROACH

RENTAL SURVEY						
Rental No.	Name/Location	Rent/SF	Lease Basis	YOC	Rentable Area	
1	4151-4191 Belt Line Road Addison, Dallas County, Texas	\$11.00	Triple net	1980	20,260 SF	
2	4135-4145 Belt Line Road Addison, Dallas County, Texas	\$18.55	Triple Net	2006	45,425 SF	
3	3712 Belt Line Road Addison, Dallas County, Texas	\$18.00	Triple Net	1998	7,602 SF	

The properties in the survey are similar to the subject and are comparable in design, construction, and use. The facilities range in size from 7,602 square feet to 45,425 square feet. The lease rates of the survey range from \$11.00 to \$18.55 per square foot on a triple net basis, and are representative of market.

For the purpose for this analysis, we conclude the subject leases on a triple net lease basis. That is, the operator/tenant is responsible for operating expenses, including pro rata shares of taxes, insurance, and maintenance. Based on this lease arrangement, the only expense to an owner would be a management fee and any structural maintenance charges. Each of the comparable rents varies in location and quality, and differs in size as compared with the subject.

Market Rent and Gross Rental Income Analysis

In estimating the appropriate market rental rate for the subject, all of the comparables were considered. The subject has rental rates for the occupied spaces ranging from \$16.00 to \$39.50 per square foot. Considering the location of the subject, the quality of finish, careful consideration of data and inspecting each comparable property, the data support an average market rental rate of \$18.00 per square foot, on a triple net lease basis. This estimate recognizes the location, construction, size, quality, and condition of the subject as compared with competing properties in the local market.

Potential Gross Income

Based on the estimated market rate, the potential gross income of the subject property is \$817,704 per year, or \$18.00 per square foot, with the consideration of the subject use.

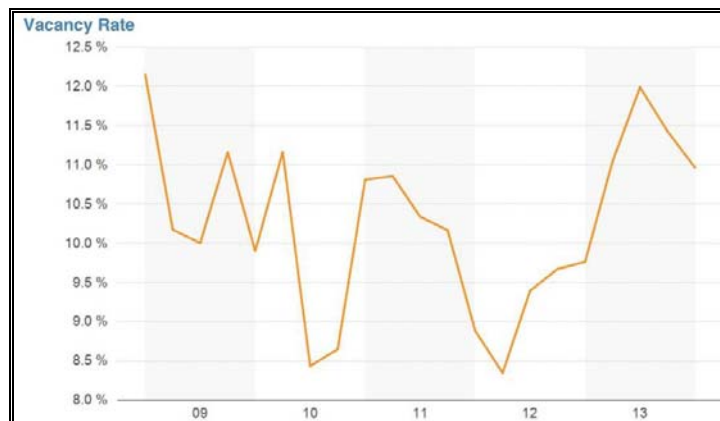
Reimbursements

Under a triple net lease arrangement, the tenant is responsible for operating expenses. Reimbursements for taxes, insurance, and maintenance are estimated at \$123,534 for the retail strip center.

INCOME CAPITALIZATION APPROACH

Vacancy & Collection Loss

According to the Dictionary of Real Estate Appraisal, vacancy and collection (credit) loss is defined as an allowance for reductions in potential income attributable to vacancies, tenant turnover, and non-payment of rent. The portion referring to vacancy is typically derived from market sources such as the market conditions of competing properties and the competitive market. The collection loss is a reflection of the type of tenants within the market or subject. In order to estimate anticipated vacancy and credit loss for the subject, relevant market data sources have been researched, and the operating expenses and comparable properties have been analyzed.



A survey of local management companies and rental properties show that there is a wide range of vacancy rates in the area, which vary from 0% to 50%, with an average of approximately 10%. Current tenancy includes limited service and fast food restaurants such as Arezzo Italian Street Food, The Hub Sports Grill, Which Wich, Bobo Teas and Treats, JC's Burgers, and Best Thai. Other tenants are Addison Dentist, F Cozy Reflexology, First Community Bank, Baylor Rehabilitation Center, Luxury Nail and Day Spa, Skyline Vapor, and Salon Boutique Academy. The property is approximately 83% leased. The center has two spaces currently offered for lease for a negotiable rate. According the rent roll provided by the property manager, the currently occupied spaces are leased for between \$16.00 and \$39.50 per square foot on a triple net basis. Given the subject's size, current/potential tenancy, market occupancy rates, and location, a reasonable market vacancy and credit loss rate for the subject is estimated at 10%, which equates to \$94,124, or \$2.07 per square foot.

INCOME CAPITALIZATION APPROACH

OPERATING EXPENSES

The following annual expense summary is estimated based on operations of similar properties in the subject market. Expenses include both fixed and variable expenses. Fixed expenses include ad valorem property taxes and property insurance. Variable expenses include management/administrative and maintenance/repair costs. Typical leases on properties of this type are structured on a triple net lease basis. That is, the operator/tenant is responsible for operating expenses, including pro rata shares of taxes, insurance, and maintenance. Based on this lease arrangement, the only expense to an owner would be a management fee and any structural maintenance charges.

Where actual operating statements were not available for analysis, estimates are applied in the expense estimates for the subject property.

EXPENSES

Real Estate Taxes

Real estate taxes (as detailed previously in the tax analysis portion of the subject property section) are estimated at \$88,134, or \$1.94 per square foot. This expense is reimbursed. The basis of this expense is the county appraisal district.

Fire & Extended Coverage Insurance

Based on information from third party reports and the owner's financial statements, the estimated typical fire, extended coverage, and liability policy is \$8,600, or \$0.19 per square foot. This expense is reimbursed. The basis of this expense is market estimates and data.

Common Area Maintenance

This expense includes such items as parking lot, security, trash, minor HVAC repairs, and landscaping. Based on information provided by the owner, this expense is estimated at \$26,800 or \$0.59 per square foot. This expense is reimbursed. The basis of this expense is market estimates and data. The Dollars and Cents Report shows CAM charges ranging from \$0.37 to \$2.88 per square foot.

Management Fees

Includes general management, supervision, professional fees, legal fees, printing, keys and locks, sign expenses, and purchasing, etc. Management fees in this market range between 3% and 8% of effective gross income. Based on the market estimates and data, we utilize a 3% management fee based on market estimates, which equates to \$25,413 (\$0.56 per square foot).

INCOME CAPITALIZATION APPROACH

Maintenance/Repairs

This category covers all normal annual maintenance and repair costs to the structure. This expense includes such items as exterior repairs and roof repairs, as well as maintenance of the interior and its equipment, including HVAC units, elevators, plumbing and electrical. Based on information from third party reports, repairs and maintenance are estimated at \$4,200, or \$0.09 per square foot. The basis of this expense is market estimates and data.

Reserves

Reserves are an appropriation from the income of the real estate that is allocated to deferred or anticipated contingencies, such as maintenance. The basis of this expense is market estimates and data. This expense is estimated at \$2,400, or \$0.05 per square foot.

Utilities

The utilities are paid directly to the service provider by the tenant and not included in this pro forma analysis.

Expense Summary

Based on the foregoing, the expenses are estimated at \$3.42 per square foot, or \$155,547 per year.

The following table represents the stabilized pro forma operating statement for the subject property.

INCOME AND EXPENSE SUMMARY			
Rentable Building Area: 45,428 SF			
		Total	\$/SF
Gross Rental Income		\$ 817,704	\$ 18.00
Expense Reimbursements		\$ 123,534	\$ 2.72
Total Potential Income		\$ 941,238	\$ 20.72
Less: Vacancy @ 10%		\$ 94,124	\$ 2.07
Effective Gross Income		\$ 847,114	\$ 18.65
<u>Less: Expenses</u>	<u>Reimbursed</u>		
Real Estate Taxes	X	\$ 88,134	\$ 1.94
Insurance	X	\$ 8,600	\$ 0.19
Common Area Maintenance	X	\$ 26,800	\$ 0.59
Management Fees (3% of EGI)		\$ 25,413	\$ 0.56
Structural Maintenance/Repairs		\$ 4,200	\$ 0.09
Reserves		\$ 2,400	\$ 0.05
Total Expenses		\$ 155,547	\$ 3.42
Net Operating Income		\$ 691,567	\$ 15.23

INCOME CAPITALIZATION APPROACH

CAPITALIZATION

In the sales comparison approach, the pro-forma data indicate overall capitalization rates ranging from 8.7% to 13.3%.

Summary of Improved Sales		
Sale No.	Name/Location	OAR
1	7877 Frankford Road	8.8%
2	6505 West Park Boulevard	13.3%
3	1017 East Trinity Mills Road	8.7%

The overall rate developed by the band of investment method is based on (1) the capitalization rate for debt, called the mortgage constant, and (2) the rate of return required on equity, called the equity capitalization rate. For the subject, a 25-year amortization period is used covering 75% of the value at 6.00% interest, and considering the characteristics of the subject, an equity return of 9.00%. Using the band of investment method, the overall rate is developed as follows:

Amortization Period	25 years	Mortgage Constant (R _m)	-0.077316
Loan-to-Value Ratio	75%		
Equity Component	25%		
Interest Rate (i)	6.00%		
Equity Dividend Rate (R _e)	9.00%		
	<u>% Total Value</u>	<u>Return Required</u>	
Loan	0.750	x	0.07732 (mortgage constant) = 0.05799
Equity	0.250	x	0.09000 (equity dividend rate) = 0.02250
			Overall Rate 0.08049
			Rounded 8.04%

INCOME CAPITALIZATION APPROACH

Secondary data sources are noted regarding overall rates. Real Estate Research Corporation (RERC) conducts a quarterly survey of major knowledgeable real estate participants. This survey tracks target rates of return (discount rates) and capitalization rates for predominately investment-grade properties. The specific criteria for industrial warehouse properties are most applicable to the subject. The RERC survey indicates a going-in capitalization rate of 7.4%, for first tier neighborhood retail properties.

DALLAS/FT. WORTH

4TH QUARTER 2013

Dallas/Ft. Worth Investment Criteria First-Tier ¹ Investment Properties													
	Pre-Tax Yield (%)			Going-In Cap Rate (%)			Terminal Cap Rate (%)			Anticipated 1-Year Growth Rates			
	RERC Estimate	South Region	U.S.	RERC Estimate	South Region	U.S.	RERC Estimate	South Region	U.S.	National Value	South Value	National Rent	South Rent
Offc - CBD	8.7	9.1	8.7	7.0	7.6	7.2	7.8	8.3	7.9	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.0
Offc - Suburban	9.1	9.4	9.4	7.5	7.8	7.7	8.3	8.5	8.4	1.9	2.2	1.8	1.9
Ind - Warehouse	8.7	9.2	9.0	7.1	7.7	7.5	7.8	8.3	8.1	2.6	2.9	2.4	2.6
Ind - R&D	9.3	9.4	9.3	7.8	8.1	7.9	8.4	8.7	8.5	2.1	2.2	1.9	1.8
Ind - Flex	9.4	9.5	9.4	7.9	8.2	8.0	8.5	8.7	8.5	2.1	2.1	1.9	1.7
Ret - Reg Mall	8.5	9.1	8.9	6.9	7.6	7.4	7.6	8.2	8.1	1.9	1.9	1.7	1.7
Ret - Pwr Center	8.9	9.1	9.0	7.4	7.7	7.5	8.1	8.3	8.2	2.2	2.4	2.0	2.1
Ret - Neigh/ Comm.	8.9	9.4	9.1	7.4	7.9	7.7	8.0	8.6	8.3	2.2	2.7	2.0	2.2
Apartment	7.8	8.2	8.0	6.0	6.5	6.2	6.7	7.2	6.9	3.3	3.4	3.1	3.1
Hotel	10.0	10.0	10.0	8.0	8.3	8.3	8.8	9.0	9.0	2.7	3.7	2.6	3.4
Average	8.9	9.2	9.1	7.3	7.7	7.5	8.0	8.4	8.2	2.3	2.6	2.2	2.3

¹ First-tier investment properties are defined as new or newer quality construction in prime to good locations.
Source: RERC Investment Survey.

INCOME CAPITALIZATION APPROACH

In addition to the RERC survey, the Realtyrates.com Market Survey shows average operating data and investment data. The Realtyrates.com survey indicates target rates in the range of 5.56% to 11.10%.

RealtyRates.com INVESTOR SURVEY - 1st Quarter 2014*						
RETAIL - UN-ANCHORED CENTERS						
Item	Input					OAR
Minimum						
Spread Over 10-Year Treasury	0.93%	DCR Technique	1.30	0.050643	0.75	4.94
Debt Coverage Ratio	1.30	Band of Investment Technique				
Interest Rate	3.65%	Mortgage	75%	0.050643	0.037983	
Amortization	35	Equity	25%	0.082256	0.020564	
Mortgage Constant	0.050643	OAR				5.85
Loan-to-Value Ratio	75%	Surveyed Rates				5.56
Equity Dividend Rate	8.23%					
Maximum						
Spread Over 10-Year Treasury	7.15%	DCR Technique	2.25	0.128000	0.50	14.40
Debt Coverage Ratio	2.25	Band of Investment Technique				
Interest Rate	9.87%	Mortgage	50%	0.128000	0.064000	
Amortization	15	Equity	50%	0.180224	0.090112	
Mortgage Constant	0.128000	OAR				15.41
Loan-to-Value Ratio	50%	Survey				14.64
Equity Dividend Rate	18.02%					
Average						
Spread Over 10-Year Treasury	4.04%	DCR Technique	1.78	0.082985	0.63	9.21
Debt Coverage Ratio	1.78	Band of Investment Technique				
Interest Rate	6.76%	Mortgage	63%	0.082985	0.051866	
Amortization	25	Equity	38%	0.126342	0.047378	
Mortgage Constant	0.082985	OAR				9.92
Loan-to-Value Ratio	63%	Surveyed Rates				11.10
Equity Dividend Rate	12.63%					

*4th Quarter 2013 Data

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An overall capitalization rate of 9.00% is judged appropriate for the subject. The net operating income is capitalized using an overall rate of 9.00%, and results in a value indication of \$7,684,078 ($\$691,567 \div 0.0900$). Based on the foregoing, the income capitalization approach supports a market value of \$7,684,078.

Net Operating Income	=	\$691,567
Capitalization Rate		0.0900
Value Indicated By Direct Capitalization		\$7,684,078
Final Value by Direct Capitalization		\$7,685,000

RECONCILIATION – WHOLE PROPERTY VALUE

In the preceding sections of this report, the area data and trends, location amenities, highest and best use, and other elements of value are discussed. The market was researched for comparable data and market trends.

In the final analysis, considering the approaches to value, each approach is analyzed in terms of the quantity and quality of the data used in each approach and applicability to estimating a reliable value.

Summary of Approaches

Cost Approach	\$8,940,000
Sales Comparison Approach	\$7,725,000
Income Capitalization Approach	\$7,685,000

Sufficient sales of tracts of land with similar utility are available to arrive at an opinion of value of the land by market comparison. The sales used are adjusted to reflect current market conditions and differences in physical characteristics.

Land Value at \$20.00 per square foot	\$5,180,000
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Cost Approach

The estimated costs are compared with the Marshall Valuation Service Cost Manual. Additionally, a review of cost manuals, conversations with local building contractors and developers, and the appraiser's experience in valuing similar properties readily support these costs.

The cost approach is most applicable when a property is new or proposed and when the development represents the highest and best use of the site. The age of the improvements is estimated at 8 years. Overall, the cost approach is a reliable valuation method for this analysis.

Sales Comparison Approach

The price per square foot is used in the sales comparison approach to provide an indication of value for the subject. These transactions are considered to reflect the behavior of typical market participants. Although the sales were somewhat different in age, size, and use, they provide reasonable value indications of the subject, after adjustment for these various differences. The value range produced by this approach is a reasonable indicator based on the best available market data.

Income Capitalization Approach

The direct capitalization method is used in the income capitalization approach to develop an indication of market value. Operating expenses are estimated based primarily on actual data from other projects, subject historical records (if available), and data extracted from the tax rolls.

The income capitalization approach is the best approach to determine market value when the real estate market recognizes the value of a property based on the income it produces. The comparables used are representative of market and provided a good indicator of the potential of the subject property.

RECONCILIATION – WHOLE PROPERTY VALUE

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the cost approach is a supporting valuation approach, due to the age of the improvements, which represent the highest and best use of the site. The sales comparison and income capitalization approaches are the most reliable indicators due to both the quality and quantity of the available sale data and current rental market data, and provide a good basis for valuation. Based on the above considerations for the subject property, our final opinion of the market value of the subject in the whole property condition is as follows:

Whole Property (Market Value)	\$7,750,000
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PART TO BE ACQUIRED

Part To Be Acquired

Per the enclosed parcel survey and field notes, the part to be acquired in permanent easement estate (Parcel 43/44E) totals 0.339 acres, or 14,773 square feet, stated. The length of the acquisition area is 746.77 feet along the Belt Line Road right-of-way, 33.28 feet along the eastern boundary, 23.96 feet at the western boundary, and with widths varying between ten and thirty feet throughout the length of the acquisition. The parcel will be used for the construction of underground electrical delivery infrastructure as well as placement of an above ground electrical appurtenance.

Also situated in and/or proximate to the acquisition area are utility lines and appurtenances, such as utility equipment, signs, and markers. These items are assumed the property of others-unrelated entities of subject ownership. It is assumed that the Town of Addison will negotiate the successful movement of these items where necessary, and without burden to the subject owner.

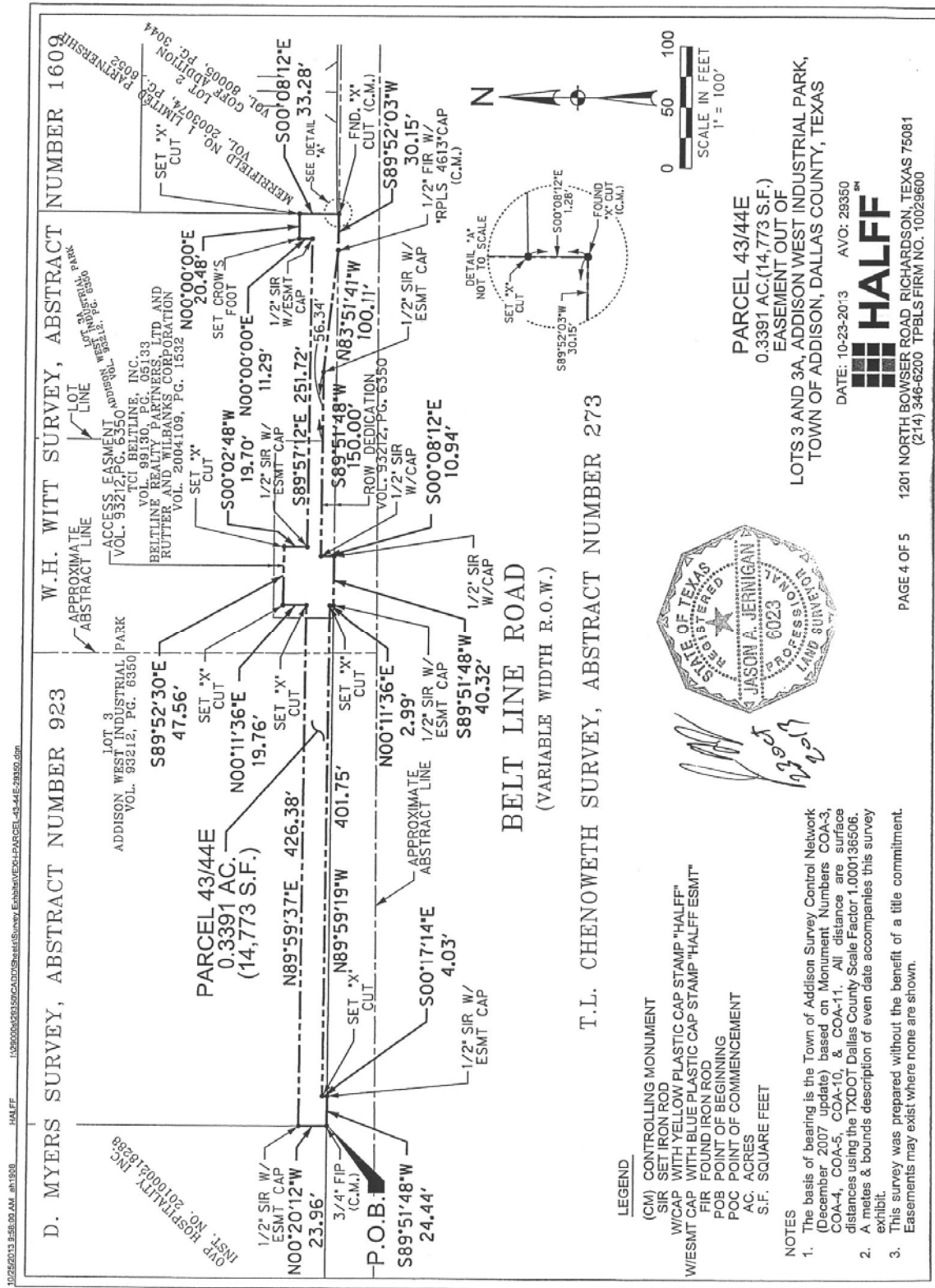
Landowner improvements situated in the proposed acquisition area are concrete paving and curbing, irrigation and landscaping. Landscaping includes trees and ornamental and grass. Items that appear to be the property of others (other than the subject owner) are not considered in the valuation of the subject. A real estate broker's sign is situated in the acquisition area and is considered personal property.

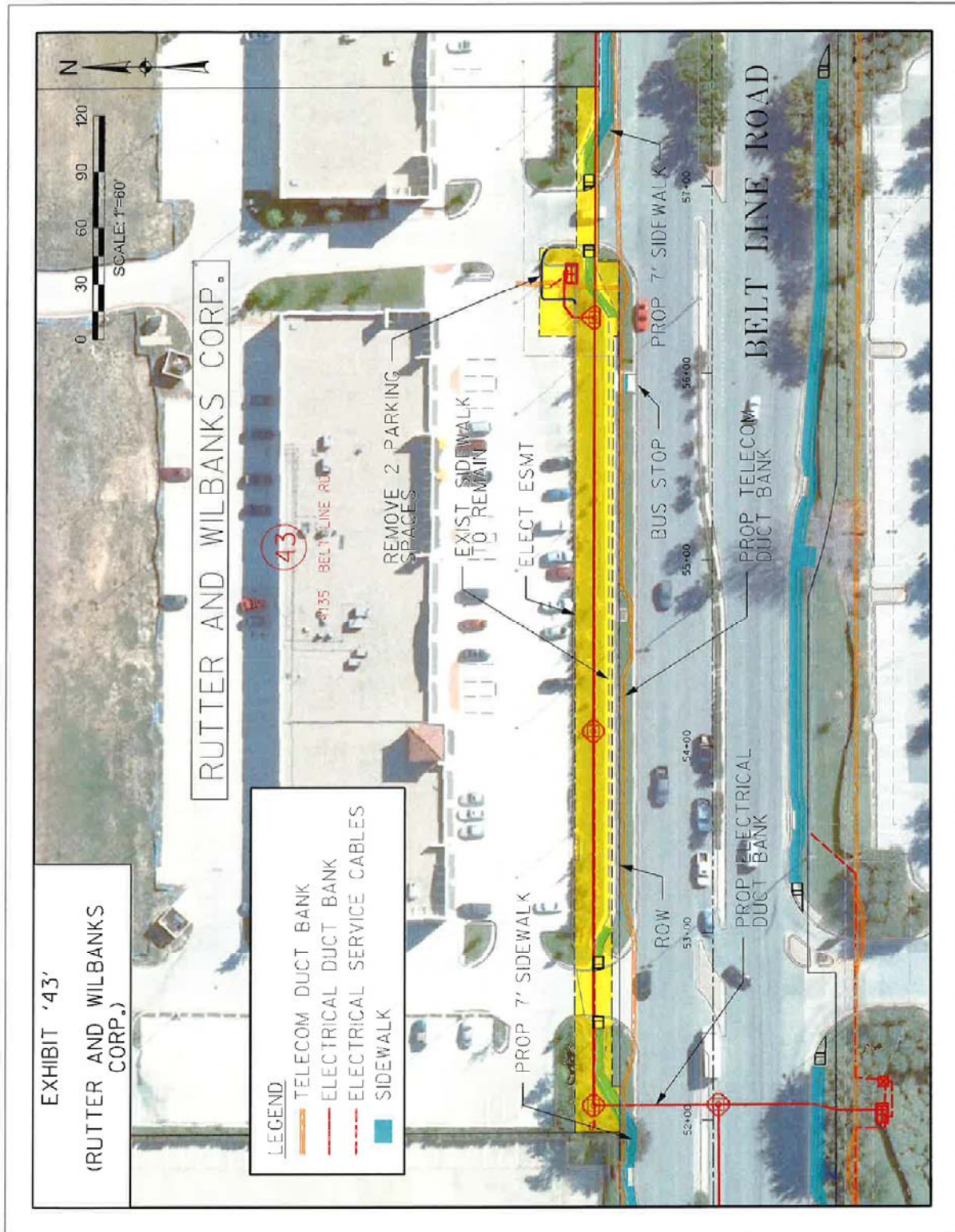
Improvements Located in Permanent Easement Parcel 43/44E - Belt Line Road Project Addison, Dallas County Texas	
<u>Improvements</u>	<u>Quantity</u>
Paving - Concrete	800 SF
Curbing - Concrete	100 LF
Irrigation	13,870 SF
Landscaping	13,870 SF

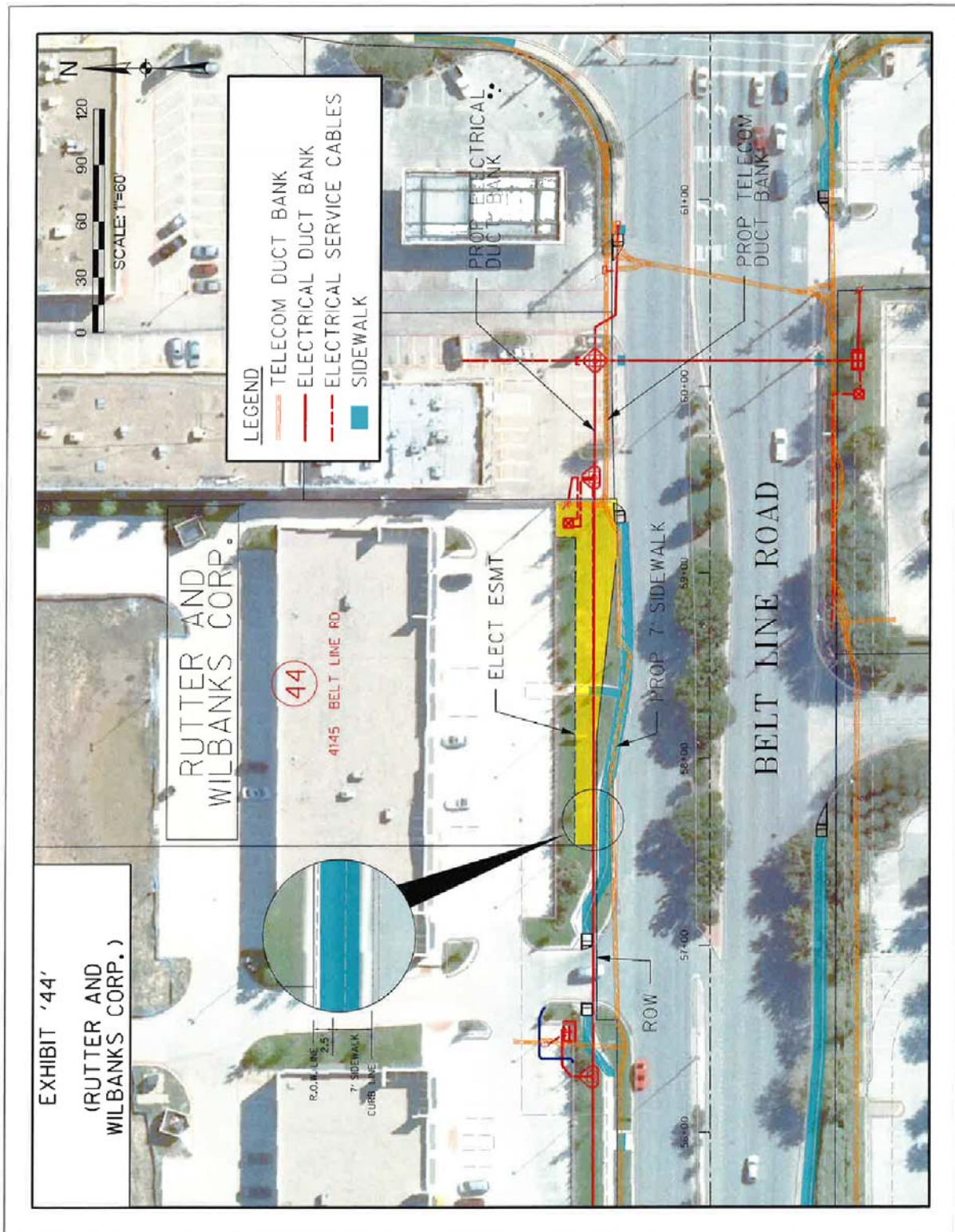
Highest and Best Use

The part to be acquired is a small parcel and would not be developed as a separate property. Its highest and best use is as part of the whole property.

PART TO BE ACQUIRED







PART TO BE ACQUIRED

Compensation

The take line extends through land that includes landowner improvements. The compensation due the property owner for the part taken is comprised of land value plus the depreciated value of the improvements acquired, plus the cost to cure, if any.

Valuation of the Permanent Easement Acquisition

The part to be acquired in easement estate is comprised of a permanent easement. The permanent easement taking will result in an encumbrance of 5.7% of the subject (14,773 square feet ÷ 259,153 square feet = 0.057).

The proposed easement is not considered to be an economic unit within itself, due to the small size and shape, and the highest and best use of the parcel is considered as a part of the whole property. The whole property land value is previously established at \$20.00 per square foot. The value of the easement land immediately before the imposition of the permanent easement equates to \$295,460 for a total of 14,773 square feet.

$$\text{Calculation: } 14,773 \text{ SF} \times \$20.00/\text{SF} = \$295,460$$

The property owner does not retain the rights to surface use of the area within the easement, and cannot construct any building or other structure within the easement area, and cannot change the grade, remove dirt from the surface of the easement or impound water over the easement without the prior approval of the grantee. The easement holder may cut all trees from the easement area. The property owner is relinquishing certain rights in perpetuity to the easement holder. The property owner still incurs certain obligations within the area of the easement including the cost to maintain the surface and payment of ad valorem taxes.

Limited market data are available that demonstrate the value of these rights. For the land encumbered by the permanent easement area, it is our opinion that the property owner is giving rights to the easement holder that equate to 75% of the fee simple value of the land.

Immediately after the imposition of the easement, the value of the land in the easement area is considered no more than 25% of the fee simple value of the land. The resulting value of the permanent easement is calculated as follows:

EASEMENT VALUE

Immediately Before Imposition of Easement: 14,773 SF x \$20/SF	=	\$ 295,460
Immediately After Imposition of Easement: 14,773 SF x \$20/SF x 25%	=	\$ 73,865
Permanent Easement Value		\$ 221,595

PART TO BE ACQUIRED

Within the easement area, the property is improved with concrete paving and curbing, irrigation, and landscaping. The improvements situated in the acquisition parcel are valued at \$59,150.

Improvements (within the permanent easement area)	Value
800 SF - Paving - Concrete @ \$5.50/SF, less 10% depreciation	\$ 3,960
100 LF - Curbing - Concrete @ \$29.90/LF, less 10% depreciation	\$ 2,691
13,870 SF - Irrigation @ \$1.15/SF, less 10% depreciation	\$ 14,356
13,870 SF - Landscaping @ \$2.75/SF, no depreciation	\$ 38,143
Total Contributory Value of Improvements	\$ 59,150

In our opinion, the total value of the part to be acquired in easement estate, including land and improvements is \$280,745.

Total Value of the Take	
Land (easement area)	\$ 221,595
Site Improvements	\$ 59,150
Total	\$ 280,745

REMAINDER BEFORE TAKING

Remainder Before Taking

The indicated value of the remainder before the taking is derived by deducting the projected value of the take from the value of the whole property. The calculation is as follows:

Opinion of value - whole property	\$ 7,750,000
Opinion of value - taking	\$ 280,745
Opinion of value - remainder before the taking	<u>\$ 7,469,255</u>

REMAINDER AFTER TAKING

Remainder After Taking

The remainder after taking is valued by a separate analysis of the property addressing physical characteristics, highest and best use, utility, and marketability.

The remainder is comprised of 5.949 acres, stated, or 259,153 square feet, stated, including the area included in the permanent easement. In the remainder situation, the subject has approximately 743 feet along the northern line of Belt Line Road. The access remains via the two curb cuts along the northern line of Belt Line Road and three curb cuts along the southern line of Centurion Way, at proportionately the same locations as compared to the whole property.

Remainder After The Acquisition As Affected By The Permanent Easement

The remainder after the taking is the same as the whole property, but with a significant area encumbered by the easement. The remainder land area is 259,153 square feet, or 5.949 acres, including the part taken in a permanent easement (14,773 square feet). The easement is situated in an area that includes setback, open space, and landscaping areas. All or part of two of the 306 total parking spaces will be lost as a result of the acquisition and installation of the appurtenance and the imposition of the permanent easement. The highest and best use of the remainder land continues as retail development. While the taking does not diminish the remainder's potential, it will result in an encumbrance of approximately 5.7% of the whole property land area (14,773 square feet ÷ 259,153 square feet = 0.057). The distance from the buildings to the new right of way line along Belt Line Road is approximately 60 feet on the southwestern corner of the western retail building.

The subject has more than the required amount of parking spaces as prescribed by the city code. In the remainder condition, although all or part of two spaces will be lost as a result of the proposed acquisition, the subject will continue to have the functional utility as in the whole property condition. Therefore, in the remainder condition, the subject is not forecast to be adversely effected as a result of the acquisition. As if complete and in place, the road project improvements are a general enhancement in the neighborhood and are not judged to enhance a specific property.

Highest & Best Use – As if Vacant

In the remainder condition, the subject property is encumbered by a permanent easement along the northern property line of the tract. The subject fronts approximately 743 feet along the northern line of Belt Line Road, and 741 feet along the southern line of Centurion Way. The subject is approximately 350 feet deep, in the western portion of the tract. According to the enclosed flood map, No. 48113C0180J, the subject is determined to be outside the 100-year floodplain, being within Zone 'X'. The site is of sufficient size, shape, and frontage to be economically adaptable to numerous uses.

REMAINDER AFTER TAKING

Permissible Use: The site is zoned LR (Local Retail) by the Town of Addison. The LR (Local Retail) district is to encourage development in the town with retail uses including: bank, office building, book store, cleaning, drug store, retail sales, grocery store, sporting goods, furniture, or parking lot. Additionally, the site is within the Belt Line District, which has a purpose to implement the adopted recommendations of the Comprehensive Plan by encouraging new development and redevelopment in the Belt Line Corridor.

Feasible Use: The surrounding properties and land uses are considered for compatibility in determination of feasible use. The subject abuts office developments along the north side, another retail strip center along the east side, commercial development including a freestanding restaurant and a shopping center along the south side, and limited service hotel along the west side. Based on the land usage pattern of the surrounding area, the layout, location and frontage/visibility of the site, the most feasible use is considered to be for retail development.

Maximally Productive Highest & Best Use: For a retail development, the location is considered good for appeal within the submarket. Access is rated as good and exposure of the subject is rated as good. Electricity, water, sewer, and phone services are available to the subject. Based on the foregoing and land use patterns, the highest and best use of the subject tract is for retail development, as demand emerges in the market.

Highest & Best Use – As Improved

The improvements were built in 2006, according to the Dallas County Appraisal District. The improvements are of good quality and in good condition. The intended use of the improvements is for a retail strip center use. The physical characteristics and accompanying amenities support the continued use as such. The site is zoned LR; Local Retail by the Town of Addison. Retail strip centers are allowed in this zoning district. The existing improvements have an effective age of approximately 8 years, with a remaining economic life estimated at 32 years. No other use of the improvements could provide a greater return in the current market. As improved, the property is improved with a retail strip center and is suitable for retail strip center use. Therefore, the continued use as a retail strip center represents the highest and best use of the land and improvements. The remainder property, as improved, is valued using the data and value approaches from the whole property condition.

Remainder After Value

The remainder land, comprised of 259,153 square feet including the portion within the permanent easement, is valued at \$20.00 per square foot, using the land sales in the whole property valuation. The value of the land in the remainder after the taking is \$4,961,465, including the permanent easement. In the remainder after, after the imposition of the easement, the area encumbered by the easement is valued at 25% of the fee simple value (25% of \$295,460) or \$73,865.

REMAINDER AFTER TAKING

Land Within Permanent Easement	14,773 SF x \$20.00 x 25% =	\$ 73,865
Unencumbered Land	<u>244,380 SF x \$20.00 x 100% =</u>	<u>\$ 4,887,600</u>
Total	259,153 SF	\$ 4,961,465
Improvements	45,428 SF	<u>\$ 2,507,790</u>
Total Value - Remainder After Taking		\$ 7,469,255

SUMMARY OF COMPENSATION

SUMMARY OF COMPENSATION

The proposed taking does not bisect the remainder. In the remainder after scenario, the highest and best use of the property is for continued use as a retail strip center. Access remains at proportionately the same locations as before the acquisition.

Cost To Cure

Within the easement area, the property is improved with concrete paving and curbing, irrigation, and landscaping. The permanent easement is meant to accommodate an above ground appurtenance. The concrete paving and curbing that is acquired as a result of the construction and installation of the appurtenance will be restored to an equal or better quality than in the whole property condition. Additionally, the installation of protective curbing surrounding the appurtenance will be accomplished by the contractor. The landscaped areas affected by the construction will remain; however, the landscaping within those spaces will necessarily be replaced. Therefore, the area will be returned to full functionality as in the whole property condition, including the areas served by automatic irrigation. Additionally, it was specifically stated that the project will work around the on-premise advertising sign that lies within the defined easement area. Therefore, it is assumed that no conditions will adversely affect the sign during the construction period of following completion of the project.

SUMMARY OF COMPENSATION

TOTAL COMPENSATION

The market value of the total compensation due to the landowner is \$280,745, as detailed in the table below.

Whole Property	\$	7,750,000	
Part To Be Acquired in Easement			\$ 280,745
Remainder - Before Taking	\$	7,469,255	
Remainder - After Taking	\$	7,469,255	
Damages	\$		0
Costs-to-Cure	\$		0
Total Compensation	\$		280,745

APPRAISER'S CERTIFICATE

The undersigned do hereby certify that, except as otherwise noted in this appraisal report:

We have no present or contemplated future interest in the real estate that is the subject of this appraisal report. We have no personal interest or bias with respect to the subject matter of this appraisal report or the parties involved. Our engagement in this assignment was not contingent upon developing or reporting predetermined results. Our compensation for completing this assignment is not contingent upon the development or reporting of a predetermined value or direction in value that favors the cause of the client, the amount of the value opinion, the attainment of a stipulated result, or the occurrence of a subsequent event directly related to the intended use of this appraisal.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, the statements of fact contained in this appraisal report, upon which analyses, opinions and conclusions expressed herein are based, are true and correct.

This appraisal report sets forth all of the assumptions and limiting conditions (imposed by the terms of our assignment or by the undersigned) affecting the analyses, opinions, and conclusions contained in this report. These are our personal, impartial, unbiased professional analyses, opinions, and conclusions.

This appraisal report has been made in conformity with the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice. We certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the reported analyses, opinions, and conclusions were developed, and this report has been prepared, in conformity with the requirements of the Code of Professional Ethics and the Standards of Professional Practice of the Appraisal Institute and in conformity with the rules of the Texas Real Estate Commission. The use of this report is subject to the requirements of the Appraisal Institute relating to review by its duly authorized representatives.

The Appraisal Institute conducts a program of continuing education for its designated members. As of the date of this appraisal, Wendell Pyles has completed the requirements of the continuing education program for Designated Members of the Appraisal Institute.

We have not appraised or provided a real estate service for this property within the last three years. Kreg Hodge provided real property appraisal assistance to the person signing this certification. We certify that we personally inspected the property appraised.

PYLES ★ WHATLEY CORPORATION

Wendell Pyles, MAI, SR/WA
State of Texas Certification #TX-1320453-G

Kreg Hodge
State of Texas Certification #TX-1337205-T

WENDELL PYLES, MAI, SR/WA

Real estate appraiser practicing as owner of *Pyles★Whatley Corporation*.

Appraisal assignments include office buildings, multi-family dwellings, commercial and industrial properties, condemnation work, automobile dealerships, land development, and specialized properties, as well as feasibility and market studies.

Experience

- Since 1983, owner of Wendell Pyles & Company, predecessor firm to *Pyles★Whatley Corporation*, conducting appraisal assignments throughout Texas and the Southwest
- Experience in commercial real estate sales and mortgage brokerage
- Financial Analyst with W. R. Grace & Company. Involved in capital expenditure analyses, financial reporting, and acquisition evaluation
- Qualified as expert witness in Texas District Courts and U.S. Bankruptcy courts.

Education

- Master of Business Administration, Oklahoma State University
- Bachelor of Science - Business Administration (Banking & Finance), Oklahoma State University
- Completed numerous appraisal courses and seminars conducted by the Appraisal Institute and various real estate and financial organizations

Professional

- Member - Appraisal Institute (MAI), Certificate No. 6698. The Appraisal Institute conducts a program of continuing education for its designated members. Members who meet the minimum standards of this program are awarded periodic educational certification, and I am currently certified under this program.
 - Certified by State of Texas as General Real Estate Appraiser, TX-1320453-G
 - Senior Member (SR/WA) – International Right-of-Way Association, Registration Number 4444
 - Right-of-Way Professional of the Year, 2004 - IRWA Chapter 36
 - North Texas Chapter Appraisal Institute - Board of Directors, 1989-1991; 1998-2000 Chairman, Candidate Guidance Committee, 1990; Regional Representative, 1993
 - International Right-of -Way Association Member, Chapter 36 – Secretary, 2001; Vice President, 2002; President, 2003; Board of Directors, 2004-2005
-

QUALIFICATIONS OF APPRAISER

ROBERT K. HODGE

Experience

- ◆ Appraiser trainee with Pyles Whatley Corporation since April 2006. Appraisal assignments include retail centers, office buildings, motels, both existing and proposed, various commercial and industrial properties. Additional consulting assignments include condemnation and right-of-way work, and other various consulting assignments.
- ◆ Over ten years experience in accounting, banking, lending, and real estate.

Education

- ◆ North Texas Chapter of the Appraisal Institute
Appraisal Principals, National USPAP Course
- ◆ Northern California Chapter of the Appraisal Institute
Appraisal Procedures
- ◆ Chapter 46 – International Right of Way Association
Basic Appraisal Principals
- ◆ Stephen F. Austin State University, 1992-1994
Philosophy, General Studies

Professional

- ◆ Texas Appraiser Licensing and Certification Board
Appraiser Trainee # 1337205-T
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ADDENDA

LEGAL DESCRIPTION/PARCEL SKETCH

PARCEL 43/44E
 0.3391 ACRE (14,773 S.F.)
 EASEMENT
 OUT OF LOT 3 AND LOT 3A, OF
 ADDISON WEST INDUSTRIAL PARK
 TOWN OF ADDISON, DALLAS COUNTY, TEXAS

BEING a 0.3391 acre tract of land situated in the W.H. WITT SURVEY, Abstract Number 1609, and the D. MYERS SURVEY Abstract Number 923, Town of Addison, Dallas County, Texas, being part of Lot 3 and Lot 3A, ADDISON WEST INDUSTRIAL PARK, an addition to the Town of Addison, Texas, as recorded in Volume 93212, Page 6350 of the Deed Records of Dallas County, Texas (D.R.D.C.T.), said tract also being part of that tract of land described in deed to TCI Beltline, Inc, as recorded in Volume 99130, Page 05133, D.R.D.C.T., and being part of that tract of land described in deed to Beltline Realty Partners, Ltd and Rutter and Wilbanks Corporation, as recorded in Volume 2004109, Page 1532, D.R.D.C.T., and being more particularly described as follows:

BEGINNING at a 3/4-inch found iron pipe for the southwest corner of said Lot 3 and the southeast corner of that tract of land described in deed to OVP Hospitality, Inc, as recorded in Instrument No. 201000218288 of the Official Public Records of Dallas County, Texas, said corner also being on the north right-of-way line of Belt Line Road (a variable width right-of-way);

THENCE North 00 degrees 20 minutes 12 seconds West, departing said north right-of-way line of Belt Line Road and with the west line of said Lot 3 and the east line of said OVP Hospitality tract, a distance of 23.96 feet to a 1/2-inch set iron rod with blue plastic cap stamped "HALFF ESMT" (hereinafter referred to as "with easement cap") for corner;

THENCE North 89 degrees 59 minutes 37 seconds East, departing said west line of Lot 3 and said east line of OVP Hospitality tract, a distance of 426.38 feet to a set "X" cut in concrete for corner;

THENCE North 00 degrees 11 minutes 36 seconds East, a distance of 19.76 feet to a set "X" cut in concrete for corner;

THENCE South 89 degrees 52 minutes 30 seconds East, a distance of 47.56 feet to a set "X" cut in concrete for corner;

THENCE South 00 degrees 02 minutes 48 seconds West, a distance of 19.70 feet to a 1/2-inch set iron rod with easement cap for corner;

THENCE South 89 degrees 57 minutes 12 seconds East, a distance of 251.72 feet to a 1/2-inch set iron rod with easement cap for corner;

THENCE North 00 degrees 00 minutes 00 seconds East, distance of 11.29 feet to a set crow's foot in concrete for corner;

PARCEL 43/44E
0.3391 ACRE (14,773 S.F.)
EASEMENT
OUT OF LOT 3 AND LOT 3A, OF
ADDISON WEST INDUSTRIAL PARK
TOWN OF ADDISON, DALLAS COUNTY, TEXAS

THENCE South 90 degrees 00 minutes 00 seconds East, a distance of 20.48 feet to a set "X" cut in concrete for corner on the common east line of said Lot 3A and the west line of Lot 2 of GOFF ADDITION, an addition to the Town of Addison, Texas, as recorded in Volume 80005, Page 3044, D.R.D.C.T.;

THENCE South 00 degrees 08 minutes 12 seconds East, with the common east line of said Lot 3A and the west line of said Lot 2, a distance of 33.28 feet to a found "X" cut in concrete for the southeast corner of said Lot 3A on said north right-of-way line of Belt Line Road;

THENCE South 89 degrees 52 minutes 03 seconds West, with said north right-of-way line of Belt Line Road and the south line of Lot 3A, a distance of 30.15 feet to a 1/2-inch found iron rod with "RPLS 4613" cap for corner;

THENCE North 83 degrees 51 minutes 41 seconds West, continuing with said north right-of-way line of said Belt Line Road and said south line of Lot 3A, a distance of 100.11 feet to a 1/2-inch set iron rod with easement cap for corner;

THENCE South 89 degrees 51 minutes 48 seconds West, continuing with said north right-of-way line of said Belt Line Road and said south line of Lot 3A, passing at a distance of 56.34 feet the south common corner of said Lot 3A and Lot 3, continuing with said south line of Lot 3 and said north right-of-way line of Belt Line Road, in all a total distance of 150.00 feet to a 1/2-inch set iron rod with yellow plastic cap stamped "HALFF" (hereinafter referred to as "with cap") for corner;

THENCE South 00 degrees 08 minutes 12 seconds East, continuing said the north right-of-way line of said Belt Line Road and said south line of Lot 3, a distance of 10.94 feet to a 1/2-inch set iron rod with cap for corner;

THENCE South 89 degrees 51 minutes 48 seconds West, continuing with said north right-of-way line of said Belt Line Road and said south line of Lot 3, a distance of 40.32 feet to a 1/2-inch set iron rod with easement cap for corner;

THENCE North 00 degrees 11 minutes 36 seconds East, departing said north right-of-way line of said Belt Line Road and said south line of Lot 3, a distance of 2.99 feet to a set "X" cut in concrete for corner;

THENCE North 89 degrees 59 minutes 19 seconds West, a distance of 401.75 feet to a set "X" cut in concrete for corner;

THENCE South 00 degrees 17 minutes 14 seconds East, a distance of 4.03 feet to a 1/2-inch set iron rod with easement cap for corner on said north right-of-way line of Belt Line Road and said south line of Lot 3;

PARCEL 43/44E
0.3391 ACRE (14,773 S.F.)
EASEMENT
OUT OF LOT 3 AND LOT 3A, OF
ADDISON WEST INDUSTRIAL PARK
TOWN OF ADDISON, DALLAS COUNTY, TEXAS

THENCE South 89 degrees 51 minutes 48 seconds West, continuing with said north right-of-way line of said Belt Line Road and said south line of Lot 3, a distance of 24.44 feet the POINT OF BEGINNING and containing 0.3391 of an acre (14,773 square feet) of land, more or less.

NOTES:

The basis of bearing is the Town of Addison Survey Control Network (December 2007 update) based on Monument Numbers COA-3, COA-4, COA-5, COA-10, & COA-11. All distance are surface distances using the TXDOT Dallas County Scale Factor 1.000136506.

A survey exhibit of even date accompanies this metes & bounds description.



TAX INFORMATION



[Home](#) | [Find Property](#) | [Contact Us](#)

Commercial Account #10000740000030000

[Location](#) [Owner](#) [Legal Desc](#) [Value](#) [Improvements](#) [Land](#) [Exemptions](#) [Estimated Taxes](#) [Building Footprint](#) [History](#)

Location (Current 2014)

Address: 4135 BELT LINE RD
Market Area: 0
Mapsco: 14-B (DALLAS)

Customer Service Survey

Enter PIN:

DCAD Property Map

View Photo

2013 Appraisal Notice

Electronic Documents (ENS)



Print Homestead Exemption Form

[YAHOO! Maps](#)

Owner (Current 2014)

RUTTER & WILLBANKS CORP
 PO BOX 2492
 MIDLAND, TEXAS 797022492

Multi-Owner (Current 2014)

Owner Name	Ownership %
RUTTER PAUL W	3%
RUTTER & WILLBANKS CORP	60%
BELTLINE REALTY PARTNERS	37%

Legal Desc (Current 2014)

- 1: SURVEYOR
 - 2: LOT 3 ACS 4.4819 CALC
 - 3: VOL99130/5133
 - 4: VOL2004109/15132 DD06042004 CO-DC
 - 5: 0007400000300 3CA00074000
- Deed Transfer Date:** 6/4/2004

Value

2013 Certified Values	
Improvement:	\$126,230
Land:	+ \$1,952,320
Market Value:	= \$2,078,550
Tax Agent: STRATEGIC PROPERTY TAX ADVISORS	
Revaluation Year:	2012
Previous Revaluation Year:	2011

TAX INFORMATION – Continued

Improvements (Current 2014)

#	Desc: RETAIL STRIP	Total Area: 26,865 sqft	Year Built: 2006	
1	Construction Construction: C-MASONRY, BLOCK, TILT-WALL Foundation (Area): CONCRETE SLAB (26,865 sqft) Net Lease Area : 26,865 sqft # Stories: 1 # Units: 0 Basement (Area): NONE Heat: CENTRAL HEAT A/C: CENTRAL A/C		Depreciation Physical: 5% Functional: + 0% External: + 0% Total: = 5% Quality: EXCELLENT Condition: EXCELLENT	Appraisal Method INCOME

Land (2013 Certified Values)

#	State Code	Zoning	Frontage (ft)	Depth (ft)	Area	Pricing Method	Unit Price	Market Adjustment	Adjusted Price	Ag Land
1	COMMERCIAL IMPROVEMENTS	LOCAL RETAIL	0	0	195,232.0000 SQUARE FEET	STANDARD	\$10.00	0%	\$1,952,320	N

* All Exemption information reflects 2013 Certified Values. *

Exemptions (2013 Certified Values)

No Exemptions

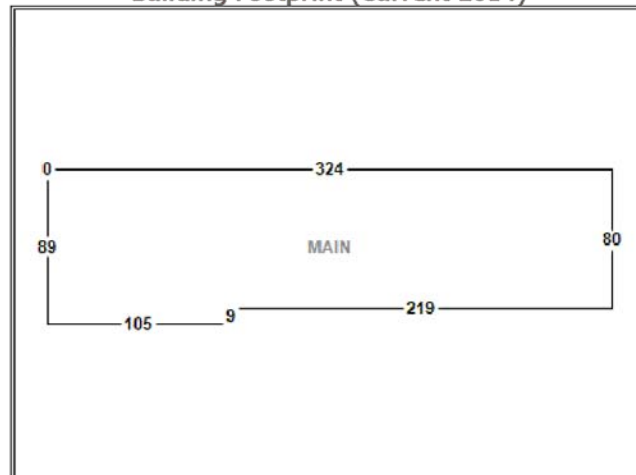
Estimated Taxes (2013 Certified Values)

	City	School	County and School Equalization	College	Hospital	Special District
Taxing Jurisdiction	ADDISON	DALLAS ISD	DALLAS COUNTY	DALLAS CO COMMUNITY COLLEGE	PARKLAND HOSPITAL	UNASSIGNED
Tax Rate per \$100	\$0.5718	\$1.282085	\$0.2531	\$0.1247	\$0.276	N/A
Taxable Value	\$2,078,550	\$2,078,550	\$2,078,550	\$2,078,550	\$2,078,550	\$0
Estimated Taxes	\$11,885.15	\$26,648.78	\$5,260.81	\$2,591.95	\$5,736.80	N/A
Tax Ceiling					N/A	N/A
Total Estimated Taxes:						\$52,123.49

DO NOT PAY TAXES BASED ON THESE ESTIMATED TAXES. You will receive an **official tax bill** from the appropriate agency when they are prepared. Taxes are collected by the agency sending you the **official** tax bill. To see a listing of agencies that collect taxes for your property. [Click Here](#)

The estimated taxes are provided as a courtesy and should not be relied upon in making financial or other decisions. The Dallas Central Appraisal District (DCAD) does not control the tax rate nor the amount of the taxes, as that is the responsibility of each Taxing Jurisdiction. Questions about your taxes should be directed to the appropriate taxing jurisdiction. We cannot assist you in these matters. These tax estimates are calculated by using the most current certified taxable value multiplied by the most current tax rate. **It does not take into account other special or unique tax scenarios.** If you wish to calculate taxes yourself, you may use the [TaxEstimator](#) to assist you.

Building Footprint (Current 2014)



TAX INFORMATION – Continued
[Home](#) | [Find Property](#) | [Contact Us](#)
Commercial Account #100007400003A0000
[Location](#) [Owner](#) [Legal Desc](#) [Value](#) [Improvements](#) [Land](#) [Exemptions](#) [Estimated Taxes](#) [Building Footprint](#) [History](#)
Location (Current 2014)

Address: 4145 BELT LINE RD
Market Area: 0
Mapsco: 14-B (DALLAS)

Customer Service Survey
 Enter PIN:
DCAD Property Map**View Photo****2013 Appraisal Notice****Electronic Documents (ENS)****Print Homestead Exemption Form****YAHOO! Maps****Owner (Current 2014)**

RUTTER & WILBANKS CORP
 PO BOX 2492
 MIDLAND, TEXAS 797022492

Multi-Owner (Current 2014)

Owner Name	Ownership %
TCI BELTLINE INC	3%
RUTTER & WILBANKS CORP	60%
BELTLINE REALTY PARTNERS	37%

Legal Desc (Current 2014)

- 1: SURVEYOR
- 2: LOT 3A ACS 1.4676 CALC
- 3: VOL99130/5166
- 4: VOL2004109/15132 DD06042004 CO-DC
- 5: 0007400003A00 3CA00074000

Deed Transfer Date: 6/7/2004**Value**

2013 Certified Values	
Improvement:	\$796,700
Land:	+ \$639,290
Market Value:	=\$1,435,990
Tax Agent: STRATEGIC PROPERTY TAX ADVISORS	
Revaluation Year:	2012
Previous Revaluation Year:	2011

TAX INFORMATION – Continued

Improvements (Current 2014)

#	Desc: RETAIL STRIP	Total Area: 18,560 sqft	Year Built: 2006
1	Construction		Depreciation
	Construction: C-MASONRY, BLOCK, TILT-WALL Foundation (Area): CONCRETE SLAB (18,560 sqft) Net Lease Area : 18,560 sqft # Stories: 1 # Units: 0 Basement (Area): NONE Heat: CENTRAL HEAT A/C: CENTRAL A/C		Physical: 5% Functional: + 0% External: + 0% Total: = 5% Quality: GOOD Condition: EXCELLENT
			Appraisal Method
			INCOME

Land (2013 Certified Values)

#	State Code	Zoning	Frontage (ft)	Depth (ft)	Area	Pricing Method	Unit Price	Market Adjustment	Adjusted Price	Ag Land
1	COMMERCIAL IMPROVEMENTS	LOCAL RETAIL	0	0	63,929.0000 SQUARE FEET	STANDARD	\$10.00	0%	\$639,290	N

* All Exemption information reflects 2013 Certified Values. *

Exemptions (2013 Certified Values)

No Exemptions

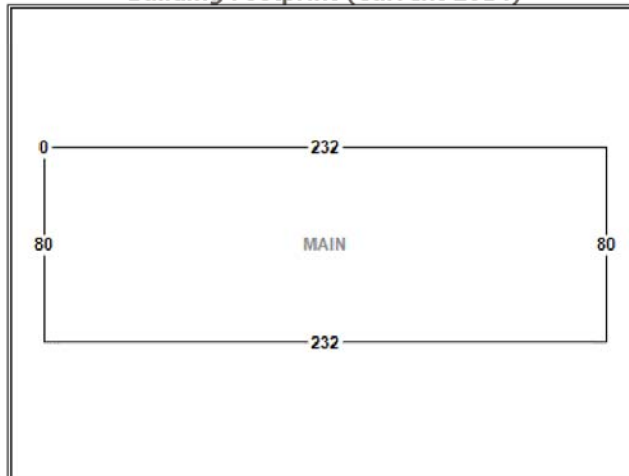
Estimated Taxes (2013 Certified Values)

	City	School	County and School Equalization	College	Hospital	Special District
Taxing Jurisdiction	ADDISON	DALLAS ISD	DALLAS COUNTY	DALLAS CO COMMUNITY COLLEGE	PARKLAND HOSPITAL	UNASSIGNED
Tax Rate per \$100	\$0.5718	\$1.282085	\$0.2531	\$0.1247	\$0.276	N/A
Taxable Value	\$1,435,990	\$1,435,990	\$1,435,990	\$1,435,990	\$1,435,990	\$0
Estimated Taxes	\$8,210.99	\$18,410.61	\$3,634.49	\$1,790.68	\$3,963.33	N/A
Tax Ceiling					N/A	N/A
Total Estimated Taxes:						\$36,010.11

DO NOT PAY TAXES BASED ON THESE ESTIMATED TAXES. You will receive an **official tax bill** from the appropriate agency when they are prepared. Taxes are collected by the agency sending you the **official** tax bill. To see a listing of agencies that collect taxes for your property. [Click Here](#)

The estimated taxes are provided as a courtesy and should not be relied upon in making financial or other decisions. The Dallas Central Appraisal District (DCAD) does not control the tax rate nor the amount of the taxes, as that is the responsibility of each Taxing Jurisdiction. Questions about your taxes should be directed to the appropriate taxing jurisdiction. We cannot assist you in these matters. These tax estimates are calculated by using the most current certified taxable value multiplied by the most current tax rate. **It does not take into account other special or unique tax scenarios.** If you wish to calculate taxes yourself, you may use the [TaxEstimator](#) to assist you.

Building Footprint (Current 2014)



ZONING INFORMATION

ARTICLE IX. LR LOCAL RETAIL DISTRICT REGULATIONS ^[2]

[Section 1. Use regulations.](#)

[Section 2. Height regulations.](#)

[Section 3. Area regulations.](#)

[Section 4. Miscellaneous provisions.](#)

[Section 5. Parking regulations.](#)

[Section 6. Type of construction.](#)

[Section 7. Loading and unloading facilities.](#)

[Section 8. Outside sales and/or commercial promotions.](#)

[Section 9. Outside storage.](#)

[Section 10. Mechanical equipment.](#)

[Section 11. Refuse facilities.](#)

[Section 12. Site landscaping.](#)

Section 1. Use regulations.

In the LR district, no land shall be used and no building shall be used, erected, or converted to any use other than:

Antique shop

Aquarium

Art gallery

Auto seat covers, covering

Baker, retail sales only

Bank, office, wholesale sales office or sample room

Barber and beauty shop

Bird and pet shops, retail

Book or stationery store

Camera shop

Candy, cigars and tobaccos, retail sales only

Caterer and wedding service, offices only

Cleaning, dyeing and laundry pick-up station for receiving and delivery of articles to be cleaned, dyed and laundered, but no actual work to be done on premises

Cleaning and pressing shops, having an area of not more than 6,000 square feet

Department store, novelty or variety shop, retail sales

Drug store, retail sales

Electrical goods, retail sales

Electrical repairing; domestic equipment and retail sales

Exterminating company, retail

ZONING INFORMATION – *Continued*

Municode

Page 2 of 5

Film developing and printing
 Fix-it shops, bicycle repairs, saw filing, lawn mower sharpening, retail only, but without outside storage
 Florist, retail sales only
 Furniture repairs and upholstering, retail sales only, and where all storage and display is within the building
 Frozen food lockers, retail
 Grocery store, retail sales only
 Hardware, sporting goods, toys, paints, wallpaper, clothing, retail sales only
 Household and office furniture, furnishings and appliances, retail
 Ice delivery station
 Job printing
 Jewelry, optical goods, photographic supplies, retail sales only
 Library, rental
 Meat market, retail sales only
 Mortuary
 Office building
 Parking lot without public garage or automobile facilities for the parking of passenger cars and trucks of less than one ton capacity only
 Photographers or artists studio
 Professional offices for architect, attorney, engineer and real estate
 Public garage, parking, no repairs
 Piano and musical instruments, retail sales only
 Plumbing shop, retail sales only, without warehouse facilities (to include storage for ordinary repairs, but not storage for materials for contracting work)
 Retail store or shop for custom work or the making of articles to be sold for retail on the premises
 Seamstress, dressmaker, or tailor
 Seed store
 Shoe repair shop, retail sales only
 Studio for the display and sale of glass, china, art objects, cloth and draperies
 Studios, dance, music, drama, health, and reducing
 Taxi stand
 Washateria, equipped with automatic washing machines of the type customarily found in a home and where the customers may personally supervise the washing and handling of their laundry
 Wearing apparel, including clothing, shoes, hats, millinery and accessories.

(Ord. No. 094-008, § 2(a), 1-11-1994)

Section 2. Height regulations.

No building or structure shall exceed 2½ standard stories in height (29 feet).

Section 3. Area regulations.

1. *Front yard:*
 - A.

ZONING INFORMATION – *Continued*

Municode

Page 3 of 5

There shall be a front yard having a minimum depth of not less than 25 feet except as hereinafter provided in the article on variances and exceptions.

- B. Where lots have double frontage, running through from one street to another, the required front yard shall be provided on both streets.
2. *Side yard:*
 - A. On a corner lot, a side yard of 25 feet shall be required on the side street.
 - B. Reserved.
 - C. On the side of the lot in an LR district adjoining a single-family or an apartment district, there shall be a side yard of ten feet. The building side yard setback should be 25 feet from the property line when adjacent to a street.
 3. *Rear yard.* There shall be no rear yard depth required unless the LR district adjoins a single-family or an apartment district. In this case, a ten-foot rear yard will be required.

Section 4. Miscellaneous provisions.

1. Wherever an LR district adjoins a more restricted district (R-1, R-2, R-3 or A) and is not separated by a street, a six-foot solid sight barring fence or better shall be constructed and maintained along or within one foot of the boundary or property line of said LR district to serve as permanent screening. All outside lighting features shall be placed and reflected in such a manner so as not to create annoyances, nuisances, or hazards.
2. All ice boxes, ice machines, and vending machines are to be placed inside the principal building or located behind a screening wall where such walls are permitted.

Section 5. Parking regulations.

Off-street parking space shall be provided for the appropriate building use classification according to the following ratio:

- A. *General retail.* (1/200 s.f.) One space per each 200 square feet of floor area.
- B. *Furniture store.* (1/1,000 s.f.) One space per each 1,000 square feet of floor area.
- C. *Medical or dental clinics.* (1/200 s.f.) One space per each 200 square feet of floor area.
- D. *Banks or savings and loans.* (1/300 s.f.) One space per each 300 square feet of floor area.
- E. *Office.* (1/300 s.f.) One space per each 300 square feet of floor area. An office complex of 50,000 square feet or more: (1/300 s.f.) square feet of net useable area.
- F. *Motion picture theater.* (1/4 seats) One space per each four seats based on maximum occupancy load.
- G.
 1. *Parking regulations/freestanding restaurants.*
 - a. Restaurants: (1/70 sq. ft.) One space for 70 square feet of floor area for all freestanding buildings unless it is part of a shopping center or mixed use development.
 2. *Parking regulations/restaurants in mixed use developments.*
 - a. If all buildings which are part of the development total less than 30,000 square feet in area, and the development has more than 40 percent of its floor area devoted to restaurant uses, the parking for the restaurant uses shall be provided at the ratio of one space for every 70 square feet of gross restaurant floor area.

ZONING INFORMATION – *Continued*

Municode

Page 4 of 5

- b. Freestanding restaurants which occur within the mixed use developments shall be required to provide parking at the ratio of one parking space for every 100 square feet of gross floor area if the property is deed restricted or if covenants exist which allow the restaurant the use of the entire on-site parking provided by the development. Such on-site parking must adjoin and/or be contiguous to the restaurant use. When there are no deed restrictions or covenants allowing restaurants the use of on-site parking, freestanding restaurants in mixed use developments shall be required to provide parking at the ratio of one parking space for every 70 square feet of gross floor area.
- c. In the case of a restaurant development occurring in an unfinished center, the center must provide enough parking so as to give the restaurant use a parking requirement of one space for every 70 square feet.
- H. *Health club or studio for dance, music, drama, health, and reducing.* (1/100 s.f.)
- I. *Hotel/motel.* One space per room. Banquet or meeting space in a hotel, one space per 300 square feet.

Section 6. Type of construction.

At least 80 percent of the exterior walls of all structures shall be of masonry construction.

Section 7. Loading and unloading facilities.

Retail and service buildings shall provide and maintain off-street facilities for the loading and unloading of merchandise and goods, within the building or on the lot adjacent to a private alley or private service drive to facilitate the movement of traffic on the public streets. All loading and unloading facilities shall be screened in accordance with the provisions of article XXI, landscaping regulations of this appendix.

Section 8. Outside sales and/or commercial promotions.

1. Any outside sales and/or commercial promotions shall be required to obtain a permit.
2. The above outside sales and/or commercial promotion may be permitted for a period of 14 days each calendar year with a maximum of two permits per business per year, providing such goods, products or merchandise is displayed on a sidewalk within ten feet of the business building.
3. The above outside sales and/or commercial promotion shall be construed to apply to merchandise dispensing units placed adjacent to and outside of a business building.
4. The above outside sales and/or commercial promotion shall not be construed to prohibit the display of merchandise normally placed on gasoline pumps and/or gasoline pump islands.
- 5a. Outside sales and/or commercial promotions related to existing businesses shall be allowed during special events, provided that the sponsors of such sales or promotions obtain a permit from the planning and zoning office at least ten days prior to the event. Such outside sales and commercial promotions may involve the use of tents and the provision of food, alcohol and entertainment if the sponsors comply with the terms of this appendix set forth in this section.
- 5b. In order to qualify for a permit, the applicant must:
 - 1.

ZONING INFORMATION – *Continued*

Municode

Page 5 of 5

- Provide the planning and zoning office with a flammability certificate for each tent to be used;
2. Provide a map, plan, or drawing to indicate adequate off-street parking for patrons, employees and delivery trucks; such map, plan or drawing should also indicate that no fire lanes, streets or other public rights-of-way will be blocked as a result of the sale or promotion;
 3. If the event chooses to serve food, provide food service facilities in accordance with the Addison food and food establishments ordinance;
 4. Provide for adequate trash and waste removal and clean-up of the area;
 5. Comply with all requirements of the Addison noise ordinances;
 6. Submit a check in the amount of \$50.00 to the planning and zoning office; and
 7. Comply with all other reasonable conditions imposed by the planning and zoning office.
- 5c. The duration of the outside sales and commercial promotions allowable under this section shall be limited to the actual days and times of the event, with a time period of 48 hours allowed before the event and 24 hours after the event for setting up, removing and cleaning the area, tents and other items used during the sale or promotions.

Section 9. Outside storage.

1. Except for the equipment and/or the materials stored on a construction site and used for a temporary construction project, the longterm outside storage of equipment, building and/or other materials, goods and products shall be prohibited within this district.

Section 10. Mechanical equipment.

Mechanical equipment shall be constructed, located, and screened so as not to interfere with the peace, comfort and repose of the occupants of any adjoining building or residence and shall not be visible from any public street.

Section 11. Refuse facilities.

All refuse and refuse containers shall be screened from all public right-of-way. Such containers shall be set on a designed reinforced concrete pad and approach. Screening walls must be of aesthetic material.

Section 12. Site landscaping.

All landscaping within the LR district shall conform to the standards contained in Article XXI, landscaping regulations of this appendix.

FOOTNOTE(S):

-- (2) --

Cross reference— *Businesses, ch. 22.* [\(Back\)](#)

LETTER OF NOTICE

PYLES★WHATLEY CORPORATION
Real Estate Consultants

Wendell Pyles, MAI, SR/WA

Jan Whatley (1953-2013)

January 02, 2014

Rutter & Willbanks Corp
P O Box 2492
Midland, Texas 79702-2492

Via first class, certified mail, return receipt requested, article no. 7012 3050 0001 4153 2330

Re: Parcel 43E - real estate property located at 4135 Belt Line Road, Addison, Texas

To Whom It May Concern:

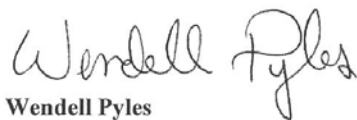
In connection with the Town of Addison, our firm has been engaged to perform a real estate appraisal of a proposed partial acquisition involving the property referenced above. In preparation for the Belt Line Road Project, real estate appraisals of the affected properties are required.

We would like to meet with you and inspect your property for appraisal purposes. Please contact **Kreg Hodge** at **214.340.5880** to arrange an appointment.

Enclosed are copies of the acquisition descriptions and drawings. We look forward to meeting you.

Sincerely,

PYLES WHATLEY CORPORATION


Wendell Pyles

11551 Forest Central Drive
Suite 220
Dallas, Texas 75243
Phone (214) 340-5880
Fax (214) 340-5422

www.PylesWhatley.com
Toll Free (800) 340-2166

777 Main Street
Suite 600
Fort Worth, Texas 76102
Phone (817) 887-8176
Fax (817) 887-8177

USPS CERTIFIED/RETURN RECEIPTS

7012 3050 0001 4153 2330

U.S. Postal Service™ CERTIFIED MAIL™ RECEIPT <i>(Domestic Mail Only; No Insurance Coverage Provided)</i>	
For delivery information visit our website at www.usps.com	
OFFICIAL USE	
Postage	\$.106
Certified Fee	3.10
Return Receipt Fee (Endorsement Required)	2.55
Restricted Delivery Fee (Endorsement Required)	
Total Postage & Fees	\$ 6.31
Sent Street or P.O. Box City, State, ZIP+4®	
Rutter & Wilbanks Corp. P O Box 2492 Midland, TX 79702-2492 13-668 / KH	
PS Form 3811, February 2004	Instructions

Postmark Here
JUN 2 2014

<p>SENDER: COMPLETE THIS SECTION</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Complete items 1, 2, and 3. Also complete item 4 if Restricted Delivery is desired. Print your name and address on the reverse so that we can return the card to you. Attach this card to the back of the mailpiece, or on the front if space permits. <p>1. Article Addressed to:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;"> Rutter & Wilbanks Corp. P O Box 2492 Midland, TX 79702-2492 13-668 / KH </div> <p>2. 7012 3050 0001 4153 2330</p>	<p>COMPLETE THIS SECTION ON DELIVERY</p> <p>A. Signature <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <i>Wm Sepa</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Agent <input type="checkbox"/> Addressee</p> <p>B. Received by (Printed Name) <i>Dena Sipax</i></p> <p>C. Date of Delivery <i>1-6-14</i></p> <p>D. Is delivery address different from item 1? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes If YES, enter delivery address below: <input type="checkbox"/> No</p> <p>3. Service Type <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Certified Mail <input type="checkbox"/> Express Mail <input type="checkbox"/> Registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Return Receipt for Merchandise <input type="checkbox"/> Insured Mail <input type="checkbox"/> C.O.D.</p> <p>4. Restricted Delivery? (Extra Fee) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes</p>
PS Form 3811, February 2004 Domestic Return Receipt 102595-02-M-1540	